

November 11, 2020

Application Support New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Division of Land Resource Protection Mail Code 501-02A P.O. Box 420 Trenton, New Jersey 08625

CERTIFIED MAIL

Re: Application for a Letter of Interpretation: Line Verification Block 346.07, Lots 24 and 25 West Deptford Township Gloucester County, New Jersey

To Whom It May Concern:

In accordance with the Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:7A-1 et. seq.), the applicant, Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Company, LLC (Transco), is requesting a Letter of Interpretation (LOI) to verify the delineated wetland/water boundaries within the above-referenced site. The approximately 31-acre site is bordered to the west by agricultural land, to east by commercial development, and Mantua Grove Road to the south. The site is bordered by the Little Mantua Creek and a forested riparian corridor to the north. An unnamed tributary of Little Matua Creek traverses the northern portion of the site, which consist of upland and wetland forested habitat. The southern portion of the site is characterized by agricultural land.

As required by Section 7:7A-16.2 and 16.3 of the Rules, enclosed please find the following information:

- 1. A completed Freshwater Wetlands Letter of Interpretation-Line Verification Application Checklist.
- 2. A completed Application Form with State Plane coordinates.
- 3. A copy of the letter to the West Deptford Township Clerk transmitting a complete copy of the request for a Letter of Interpretation and verification of the certified notice.
- 4. A copy of the legal notification that has been forwarded to the West Deptford Township Clerk, Planning Board, Environmental Commission and Construction Official, the Gloucester County Planning Board, and property owners within 200 feet of the legal boundary line. Verification of the certified notices and a certified list of property owners are attached.

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- 5. A check in the amount of \$4,200.00 (\$1,000.00 + \$100.00 x 32 acres) made payable to "Treasurer, State of New Jersey" for the application fee.
- 6. A Wetland Investigation Report dated August 3, 2020 containing soils, vegetation and hydrology information, as well as original annotated color photographs and Wetland Data Sheets. The Wetland Report also contains a copy of the appropriate portion of the USGS WOODBURRO NJ, New Jersey quadrangle, a copy of a portion of the local road map on which the subject site location is noted, NRCS Custom Soil Resource Report and the qualifications of the preparers of the report.
- 7. A copy of the current municipal tax map with the site clearly indicated can be found in the Wetland Investigation Report dated August 3, 2020.
- 8. Five (5) copies of a topographical plan showing existing site conditions and wetland/water flag locations at a scale of no more than one inch equals 50 feet. The location of soil borings and photographs are also shown on the map and Figure 3 of the Wetland Investigation Report. The line segments between the wetlands/water flags are numbered. The soil borings are flagged in the field. Flags are numbered as shown on the map and marked in the field.
- 9. A request to the Natural Heritage Program regarding threatened and endangered species has been submitted. Upon receipt, the response document will be forwarded to the Department to aid in the review of this application.
- 10. A computer disk containing a complete copy of the application

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions regarding this application.

Very truly yours,

EcolSciences, Inc.

Jein

Michael Levinson, PWS Senior Project Manager

enclosures

cc: Clerk, West Deptford Township Karen Olson Jennifer Broush David Moskowitz, PhD



State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection

Revised: January 2019

Website: www.nj.gov/dep/landuse



FRESHWATER WETLANDS PROTECTION ACT RULES

APPLICATION CHECKLIST

Letter of Interpretation: Line Verification

CALL NJDEP AT (609) 777-0454 IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS

To apply for a letter of interpretation, please submit the information below to:

Postal Mailing Address

Street Address (Courier & Hand Carry Only)

NJ Department of Environmental Protection Division of Land Use Regulation P.O. Box 420, Code 501-02A Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420 Attn: Application Support

NJ Department of Environmental Protection Division of Land Use Regulation 501 East State Street Station Plaza 5, 2nd Floor Trenton, New Jersey, 08609 Attn: Application Support

Please note: If you apply for a letter of interpretation and a permit, authorization, or waiver at the same time, the application requirements may be combined.

- 1. Completed application form; \checkmark
- 2. Documentation that notice of the application has been provided in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7A-17, as follows:

Notice to municipal clerk (N.J.A.C. 7:7A-17.3(a))

A copy of the entire application, as submitted to the Department, must be provided to the municipal clerk in each municipality in which the site is located.

i. Documentation of compliance with this requirement shall consist of a copy of the certified United States Postal Service white mailing receipt, or other written receipt, for each copy of the application sent.

Notice to governmental entities and property owners (N.J.A.C. 7:7A-17.3(b) and (c))

A brief description of the proposed project, a legible copy of the site plan, and the form notice letter described at N.J.A.C. 7:7A-17.3(e)1iii must be sent to the following recipients:

- A. The construction official of each municipality in which the site is located;
- B. The environmental commission, or other government agency with similar responsibilities, of each municipality in which the site is located;
- C. The planning board of each municipality in which the site is located;
- D. The planning board of each county in which the site is located;
- E. The local Soil Conservation District if the regulated activity or project will disturb 5,000 square feet or more of land; and
- F. Adjacent property owners:

Unless the LOI is submitted with an application for a project listed at N.J.A.C. 7:7A-17.3(c)1-5 (which require different notice to property owners as described in the rules), notice shall be sent to all owners

of real property, including easements, located within 200 feet of the site of the proposed regulated activity.

The owners of real property, including easements, shall be those on a list that was certified by the municipality, with a date of certification no more than one year prior to the date the application is submitted.

- ii. Documentation of compliance with this requirement shall consist of:
 - A. A copy of the certified United States Postal Service white mailing receipt for each public notice that was mailed, or other written receipt; and
 - B. A certified list of all owners of real property, including easements, located within 200 feet of the property boundary of the site (including name, mailing address, lot, and block) prepared by the municipality for each municipality in which the project is located. The date of certification of the list shall be no earlier than one year prior to the date the application is submitted to the Department.
- iii. The form notice letter required under N.J.A.C. 7:7A-17.3(e)1iii shall read as follows:

"This letter is to provide you with legal notification that an application for letter of interpretation <<hr/><<hr/>has been/will be>> submitted to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Land Use Regulation for the site shown on the enclosed plan(s). A brief description of the proposed project follows: <<INSERT DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE AND ANY PROPOSED PROJECT>>

The complete permit application package can be reviewed at either the municipal clerk's office in the municipality in which the site subject to the application is located, or by appointment at the Department's Trenton Office. The Department of Environmental Protection welcomes comments and any information that you may provide concerning the proposed development and site. Please submit your written comments within 15 calendar days of receiving this letter to:

> New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Division of Land Use Regulation P.O. Box 420, Code 501-02A Trenton, New Jersey 08625 Attn: (Municipality in which the property is located) Supervisor"

Newspaper Notice (N.J.A.C. 7:7A-17.4)

Please refer to this portion of the rules for guidance on providing newspaper notice for certain large scale linear, public, or commercial projects.

- 3. The appropriate application fee, as specified in N.J.A.C. 7:7A-18.1, in the form of a check (personal, bank, certified, or attorney), money order, or government purchase order:
 - i. If not located in the Pinelands Area, made payable to "Treasurer State of New Jersey"
 - ii. If located in the Pinelands Area, made payable to "NJDEP-Pinelands Wetlands Program."
- 4. State plane coordinates in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7A-16.7(a)

i. If submitted with an application for a linear project of one-half mile or longer, include State plane coordinates at the endpoints of the project and State plane coordinates for points located at 1,000-foot intervals along the entire length of the project;

ii. If submitted with an application for a linear project of less than one-half mile in length, include State plane coordinates at the endpoints of the project;

iii. If submitting an application for only an LOI, or an LOI and any other project, State plane coordinates at the approximate center of the site (within 50 feet of the actual center).

- 5. One set of color photographs showing a representative sample of the vegetation on the site or portion(s) of the site affected by the LOI application. Photographs must be mounted on $8\frac{1}{2}$ -inch by 11-inch paper and accompanied by a map showing the location and direction from which each photograph was taken. Copies of photographs are acceptable provided they are color copies. Black and white copies of photographs are not acceptable.
- 6. Color copies of the following maps: \checkmark
 - i. The tax map for the property;
 - ii. A copy of the portion of the county road map showing the property location;
 - iii. A copy of the county soil survey map with the site clearly outlined; and
 - iv. A copy of the USGS quad map(s) that include the site, with the site clearly outlined to scale.

7. Documentation of the name(s) and qualification(s) of the person(s) who prepared the application. For a Line Verification LOI, this includes the person who performed the delineation. \checkmark

8. Data sheets for sample locations including: \checkmark

- i. Soil borings: Soil logs describing the soil characteristics at the location of each soil boring, including a description of the field indicators, or lack thereof, for hydrology as outlined in the 1989 Federal manual;
- ii. Vegetation: A description of the vegetative species on the site recorded at each soil boring location classified using the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) categories listed under "R/IND" and "NAT-IND" (Regional and National Indicators) columns in the "National Wetlands Plant List" and amendments thereto, compiled by the USFWS, United States Army Corps of Engineers, USEPA and the USDA's Natural Resources Conservation Service;

9. Survey: Five (5) folded copies of a topographical survey of the site; drawn at a scale of no more than 1 inch to 50 feet, certified in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7A-16.2(j), signed and sealed by a licensed surveyor pursuant to N.J.A.C. 13:40-7.2 through 7.4 and N.J.A.C. 7:7A-16.2(h) and 16.3(a)4, which:

- i. Includes the site boundaries (If applying for a line verification for an entire site) or identifies the portion of the site (which meets the requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:7A-4.5(b)2-3) subject to the verification
- ii. Proposed boundaries of all on-site wetlands, and/or State Open Waters plus all transition areas (boundary of transition area can be added prior to application or during review);
 - A. When delineating a State open water one to five feet in width measured from top of bank, with no wetland boundary, the delineation shall indicate the centerline of the State open water with several data points numbered and shown on the plans. When delineating a State open water that is greater than five feet in width, the delineation shall include two survey lines, with numbered points, depicting the top of bank on both sides of the State open water;
- iii. Depicts the flags or stakes identifying the boundaries in the field, sequentially numbered, and sequentially numbered line segments between each flag or stake;

iv. Identifies the location and identifying number of each sample location described in item A above;

- v. Topographic contours as follows:
 - A. If the site is located in Middlesex County or Mercer County or anywhere north of these counties, the survey must show topographic contours at intervals of no more than five feet;
 - B. If the site is located south of Middlesex and Mercer Counties, the survey must show topographic contours at intervals of no more than two feet

vi. A digital copy, georeferenced in NAD 83, of any survey can also be provided in addition to the paper.

10. Site requirements: \checkmark

i.

- Boundary Markers: The property boundaries and the proposed boundaries of all wetlands and/or open waters must be flagged and/or staked on the site as follows:
 - A. All flags and/or stakes must be present on the site prior to submission of the application to the Department;
 - B. The flags and/or stakes must be no more than 75 feet apart, must be set in relation to identifiable points and landmarks if possible and from each flag and/or stake you should be able to see the adjacent ones;
 - C. Each flag and/or stake must be uniquely (sequentially if possible) numbered and identified on the survey;
 - D. Flag and/or stakes shall be positioned so that they can be clearly visible at any time and any weather condition during the year, i.e. care should be taken so that flags and/or stakes are not positioned in a location likely to be covered by snow in the winter or overgrown in the summer.
 - E. Flags should not be tied to dead or annual vegetation.
- ii. Sample locations: All sample locations referenced in the data sheets must be clearly marked in the field.

11. Isolated wetland: If the applicant would like the Department to verify that a wetland is an isolated wetland, a request for that determination, and supporting documentation demonstrating that the wetland is isolated. For example, if inlets or pipes are present in the vicinity of the subject wetland, a map of the storm sewer system depicting the endpoint and invert elevations of the inlet or pipe. N/A



State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Division of Land Use Regulation <u>Application Form for Permit(s)/Authorization(s)</u> 501 E. State Street Mail Code 501-02A P.O. Box 420 Trenton, NJ 08625-0420 Phone #: (609) 777-0454 Web: www.nj.gov/dep/landuse



Please print legibly or type the following: Complete all sections and pages unless otherwise noted. Is this project a NJDOT Priority 1 Repair Project? Yes D No Z

Initial App			air Project? Yes 🗆 No 🗹
1. Applicant N	lame: Mr./Ms./Mrs_Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line,LLC Attn: Joe De	ean E-Mail:	
Address:	2800 Post Oak Blvd Suite 900	Daytime Phone: 713-215-3427	Ext.
City/State:	Houston, TX	Zip Code 77056 Cell Phone:	
2. Agent Nam	e: Mr./Ms./Mrs.Michael Levinson		
Firm Name:	EcolSciences, Inc.	E-Mail: mlevinson@ecolsciences.com	1
Address:	75 Fleetwood Drive, Suite 250	Daytime Phone:	
City/State:	Rockaway	Zip Code_07866Cell Phone:_97	
3. Property Ov	wner: Mr./Ms./Mrs_South Shore Properties, LLC	E-mail:	
Address:	75 Crown Point Road	Daytime Phone:	
City/State:	West Deptford, NJ	00000	
4. Project Nan	CS 201 - Letter of Interpretation	Address/Location: 691 MANTUA GROV	/E RD
Municipality	West Deptford	County:	Zip Code 08086
Block(s):	346.07	Lot(s): 24 & 25	
	State Plane Coordinates (feet) E(x): 296,221' N(y): 360,508		
Watershed:	Woodbury / Big Timber / Newton Creeks		e
Nearest Wat	erway: Little Mantua CreekPleasant Run UNT		
5. Project Des	cription: Applicant seeks verification of the presence and extent of	egulated features pursuant to the Feshwate	er Wetland Protection Act
	on the above referenced site.		
Provide if a	pplicable: Previous LUR File # (s):	Waiver request ID # (s):	
	E OF APPLICANT (required):		
my inquiry of th aware that the	penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the info nose individuals immediately responsible for obtaining and preparing the information, are significant penalties for knowingly submitting false information, of as a corporation, municipal entity, home-owners assocition etc., the party	ormation, I believe that the information is true, ncluding the possibility of fine and imprison	accurate, and complete. I am ment. If the applicant is an

Signature of Applicant	Signature of Applicant
Date	Date
Joseph Dean	A CONTRACT OF A
Print Name	Print Name

B. PROPERTY OWNER'S CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the undersigned is the owner of the property upon which the proposed work is to be done. This endorsement is certification that the owner/easement holder grants permission for the conduct of the proposed activity. In addition, written consent is hereby giver to allow access to the site by representatives or agents of the Department for the purpose of conducting a site inspection(s) or survey(s) of the property in question.

In addition, the undersigned property owner hereby certifies:

1.	Whether any work is to be done within an easement?	Yes 🗆	No 🗹
	(If answer is "Yes" - Signature/title of resonsible party is required below)		
2.	Whether any part of the entire project will be located within property belonging to the State of New Jersey?	Yes 🗆	No 🗹
3.	Whether any work is to be done on any property owned by any public agency that would be encumbered by Green Acres?	Yes 🗆	No 🗹
4.	Whether this project requires a Section 106 (National Register of Historic Places) Determination as part of a federal approval?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

see attached agreement	
Signature of Owner	Signature of Owner/Easement Holder
Date	Date
Print Name	Print Name/Title
APPLICANT'S AGENT	
Joseph Dean , the Applica	ant/Owner and, co-Applicant/Owner authorize to act as
my agent/representative in all matters pertaining to my applicati Michael Levinson	on the following person:
Name of Agent	Signature of Applicant/Owner
Senior Project Manager/ EcolSciences, Inc.	
Occupation/Profession of Agent	Signature of co-Applicant/Owner
AGENT'S CERTIFICATION:	
I agree to serve as agent for the above-referenced applicant:	
Man Lain-	EcolSciences,Inc.
Signature of Agent	Name of Firm

D. STATEMENT OF PREPARER OF PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS,

SURVEYOR'S OR ENGINEER'S REPORT

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining and preparing the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for knowingly submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

Signature		
Print Name		
Position & Name of Firm		
Professional License #	Date	

E. STATEMENT OF PREPARER OF APPLICATION, REPORTS AND/OR SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS (other than engineering)

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining and preparing the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for knowingly submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

Signature Michael Levinson, PWS

Print Name

Senior Project Manager/ EcolSciences, Inc.

Professional License # (If Applicable)

Position & Name of Firm

11/10/2020

Date

B. PROPERTY OWNER'S CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the undersigned is the **owner of the property** upon which the proposed work is to be done. This endorsement is certification that the owner/easement holder grants permission for the conduct of the proposed activity. In addition, written consent is hereby giver to allow access to the site by representatives or agents of the Department for the purpose of conducting a site inspection(s) or survey(s) of the property in question.

In addition, the undersigned property owner hereby certifies:

1.	Whether any work is to be done within an easement?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
	(If answer is "Yes" - Signature/title of resonsible party is required below)		
2.	Whether any part of the entire project will be located within property belonging to the State of New Jersey?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
3.	Whether any work is to be done on any property owned by any public agency that would be encumbered by Green Acres?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
4.	Whether this project requires a Section 106 (National Register of Historic Places) Determination as part of a federal approval?	Yes 🗆	No 🗆

Signature of Owner		Signature of Owner/Easement Holder
Date		Date
Print Name		Print Name/Title
APPLICANT'S AGENT		
k	, the Applicant/Owner and	, co-Applicant/Owner authorize to act a
k	tters pertaining to my application the following perso	
k		
I my agent/representative in all ma		on:
l my agent/representative in all ma Name of Agent		Signature of Applicant/Owner

Name of Firm

D. STATEMENT OF PREPARER OF PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS,

SURVEYOR'S OR ENGINEER'S REPORT

Signature of Agent

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining and preparing the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for knowingly submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

Thank	ps.
Signature	1
Thomas J. Murphy, PLS	S
Print Name Principal of DW Smith /	Associates, LLC
Position & Name of Firm 24GS03720700	
Professional License #	Date

E. STATEMENT OF PREPARER OF APPLICATION, REPORTS AND/OR SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS (other than engineering)

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining and preparing the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for knowingly submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

Signature	
Print Name	
Position & Name of Firm	
Professional License #	Date

FEE CALCULATION TIPS:

- Whenever the calcuation requires an acreage figure (including the Stormwater calculations), you will need to round UP to the nearest whole number, for example: 0.25 acres gets rounded up to one (1) acre or 2.61 acres gets rounded up to three (3) acres.
- The maximum fee for a CAFRA Individual permit, an Upland Waterfront Development permit, or an In-Water Waterfront Development permit is \$30,000 per permit type. For example: if you are applying for both an upland and an in-water Waterfront Development the maximum fee is applied to each permit for a maximum total of \$60,000 plus any applicable stromwater review fee.
- The stormwater review fee is applied only one time per project, maximum of \$20,000, regardless of multiple applications.

APPLICATION(S) FOR: Please check each permit/authorization that you are applying for and fill in the calculated fee (for each) in the "Fee Paid" column

	Coastal General Permits	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
	CZMGP1 Amusement Pier Expansion	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP2 Beach/Dune Activities	\$1,000.00	
٥	CZMGP3 Voluntary Reconstruction Certain Residential/Commercial Dev.	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP4 Development of one or two SFH or Duplexes	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP5 Expansion or Reconstruction SFH/Duplex	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP6 New Bulkhead/Fill Lagoon	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP7 Revelment at SFH/Duplex	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP8 Gabions at SFH/Duplex	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP9 Support Facilities at a Marina	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP10 Reconstruction of Existing Bulkhead	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP11 Hazard Waste Clean-up	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP12 Landfall of Utilities	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP13 Recreation Facility at Public Park	\$1,000.00	
٥	CZMGP14 Bulkhead Construction & Fill Placement	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP15 Construction of Piers/Docks/Ramps in Lagoons	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP16 Minor Maintenance Dredging in Lagoons	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP17 Eroded Shoreline Stabilization	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP18 Avian Nesting Structures	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP19 Modification of Electrical Substations	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP20 Legalization of the Filling of Tidelands	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP21 Construction of Telecommunication Towers	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP22 Construction of Tourism Structures	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP23 Geotechnical Survey Borings	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP24 Habitat Creation, Restoration, Enhancement, Living Shorelines	No Fee	No Fee
	CZMGP25 1 to 3 Turbines < 200 Feet	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP26 Wind Turbines < 250 Feet	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP27 Dredge Lagoon (post storm event)	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP28 Dredge post Bulkhead Failure	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP29 Dredge Marina (post storm event)	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP30 Aquaculture Activities	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP31 Placement of Shell (shell/ish areas)	\$1,000.00	
	CZMGP32 Application of Herbicide in Coastal Wetlands	\$1,000.00	
	CZM Permit-by-Certification (On-line application ONLY)	\$1000.00	

	Coastal Individual Permits	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
	CAFRA iP SFH or Duplex	\$2,000	
٥	CAFRA iP Residential not SFH/duplex	\$3,000 x# of units	
	CAFRA IP Commercial, Industrial or Public	\$3,000 xacres of the site	
٥	WFD - IP SFH or Duplex (Upland/Landward of MHWL)	\$2,000	
	WFD – IP Residential not SFH/duplex (Upland/Landward of MHWL)	\$3,000 x# of units	
٥	WFD – IP Commercial, Industrial or Public Development (Upland/Landward of MHWL)	\$3,000 xacres of the site	
	WFD - IP SFH or Duplex (Waterward of MHWL)	\$2,000	
٥	WFD – IP Residential not SFH/duplex (Waterward of MHWL)	\$3,000 xacres of water area impacted	
0	WFD – IP Commercial, Industrial or Public Development (Waterward of MHWL)	\$3,000 xacres of water area impacted	
	CSW ~ IP SFH or Duplex	\$2,000	
	CSW – IP All Development not SFH/duplex	\$3,000 xacres of wetlands disturbed	

	Additional Coastal Authorizations	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
	Modification of a Coastal GP	\$500	
0	Minor Technical Modification of a Coastal Wetland Permit	\$500 x# of items to be revised	
	Minor Technical Modification of a CAFRA	\$500 x# of items to be revised	
	Minor Technical Modification of a Waterfront IP	\$500 x# of items to be revised	
	Major Technical Modification of a Coastal Wetland Permit	0.30 xoriginal fee = Fee (Minimum \$500)	
	Major Technical Modification of a CAFRA	0.30 xoriginal fee = Fee (Minimum \$500)	
	Major Technical Modification of a Waterfront IP	0.30 xoriginal fee = Fee (Minimum \$500)	
	Zane Letter (Waterfront Development Exemption)	\$500	
	CAFRA Exemption Request	\$500	
	CZM General Permit Extension	\$240 x# of GPs to be extended	
	Waterfront Development Individual Permit - Extension (Waterward of MHWL)	0.25 xoriginal fee = Fee (Maximum \$3,000)	
	Meadowlands District Water Quality Certificate	\$5,000 + (\$2,500 x # acres regulated area disturbed)	
٥	Individual Permit Equivalency/CERCLA	No Fee	No Fee
	Consistency Determination	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
	Water Quality Certificate (NOTE: No fee required under the coastal program)	\$5,000 + (\$2,500 x # acres regulated area disturbed)	
	Federal Consistency	No Fee	No Fee

	Freshwater Wetlands	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
	General Permits	r ee Amount	ree raŧu
	FWGP1 Main. & Repair Exist Feature	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP2 Underground Utility Lines	\$1,000.00	
	· ·		
	FWGP3 Discharge of Return Water	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP4 Hazard Site Invest/Cleanup	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP5 Landfill Closures	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP6 Filling of Non-Tributary Wetlands	\$1,000.00	_
	FWGP6A TA Adj. to Non-Tributary Wetlands	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP7 Human-made Ditches/Swales in Headwaters	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP8 House Additions	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP9 Airport Sight-line Clearing	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP10A Very Minor Road Crossings	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP10B Minor Road Crossings	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP11 Outfalls / Intakes Structures	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP12 Surveying and Investigating	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP13 Lake Dredging	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP14 Water Monitoring Devices	\$1,000.00	vi
	FWGP15 Mosquito Control Activities	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP16 Creation/Restoration/Enhancement Habitat	No Fee	No Fee
	FWGP17 Trails / Boardwalks	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP17A Non-Motorized Multi-Use Paths	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP18 Dam Repairs		
		\$1,000.00	
	FWGP19 Docks and Piers	\$1.000.00	
		+ .,	
	FWGP20 Bank Stabilization	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP21 Above Ground Utility Lines	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP22 Expansion Cranberry Growing	No Fee	No Fee
-	(Pinelands)	NO LEG	1401-66
	FWGP23 Spring Developments	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP24 Malfunctioning Individual Septic	No Fee	No Fee
	Systems FWGP25 Minor Channel / Stream Cleaning	\$1,000.00	
	FWGP26 Redevelop Previously Disturbed	\$1,000.00	
	Site FWGP27 Application of herbicide in wetlands		
	I	\$1,000.00	

Highlands	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
Pre-application Meeting	\$500.00	
Resource Area Determination Boundary Delineation < one acre	\$500.00	
Resource Area Footprint of Disturbance	\$500 + (\$50 x# of acres of the site	
Resource Area Determination Verification (> one acre)	\$750 + (\$100 x # of acres of the site)	
Resource Area Determination Extension	0.25 xoriginal fee (Minimum \$250)	
HPAAGP 1/ Habitat Creation/Enhance	No Fee	No Fee
HPAAGP 2 Bank Stabilization	\$500.00	
Preservation Area Approval (PAA)		
PAA with Waiver (Specify type below)		
Waiver Type:		
HPAA Extension	\$1,000	

	Freshwater Individual Permits	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
ū	FWW IP-SFH/Duplex-Wetlands	\$2,000	
	FWW IP-Wetlands (not SFH/Duplex)	\$5,000 + (\$2,500 x # acres FWW disturbed)	
	FWW IP-SFH/Duplex-Open Water	\$2,000	
	FWW IP-Open Water (not SFH/Duplex)	\$5,000 + (\$2,500 x # acres FWW disturbed)	

Freshwater Wetlands Transition Area Walvers	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
TAW Averaging Plan	<u>With valid LO</u> / \$1,000 + (\$100 x	
TAW Hardship Reduction	# acres TA disturbed)	
TAW Reduction per N.J.A.C. 7:7A-8.1(d)	violarbouy	
TAW Special Activity Individual Permit		
TAW Special Activity Linear Development	<u>Without valid LO</u> / \$1000 + (\$100 x	
TAW Special Activity Redevelopment	acres TA	
TAW Special Activity Stormwater	disturbed) + LOI Fee	

	Letter of Interpretation	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
۵	LOI Presence Absence	\$1,000.00	
	LOI Footprint of Disturbance (3 Maximum)	\$1,000.00 each	
	LOI Delineation < 1.00 Acres	\$1,000.00	
Ø	LOI Verification	\$1,000 + (\$100 x 32 # of acres of the site)	\$4,200.00
	LOI Partial Site Verification	\$1,000 + (\$100 x# of acres of the site subject to LOI)	
	LOI Extension Presence/Absence, Footprint, Delineation < 1 acre (Re- Issuance)	\$500	
	LOI Extension Line Verification (Re- Issuance)	0.50 xoriginal fee (Minimum \$500)	

	Additional Freshwater	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
	Wetlands Authorizations		
	FWGP Administrative Modification	No fee	No Fee
	FWGP Minor technical modification	\$500.00	
	FWGP Major technical modification	\$500.00	
	Individual Permit Administrative Modification	No Fee	No Fee
	Individual Permit Minor Technical Modification	\$500.00	
	Individual Permit Major Technical Modification	0.30 xoriginal fee (Minimum \$500)	
	TAW Administrative Modification	No Fee	No Fee
	TAW Minor Technical Modification	\$500.00	
	TAW Major Technical Modification	0.30 x original fee (Minimum \$500)	
	FWGP Extension	\$500 x# of items to be extended	
	individual Permit/Open Water Permit Extension	0.30 xoriginal fee (Minimum \$500)	
Π.	TAW Extension	\$500 x# of items to be extended	
	Freshwater Wetlands Exemption	\$500.00	
	TAW Exemption	\$500.00	
	Permit Equivalency/CERCLA	No Fee	No Fee

APPLICATION(S) FOR: Please check each pennutauthorization that you are applying for and fit in the calculated fee (for each) in the "Fee Paid" column

	Flood Hazard Area General	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
	Permits		
	FHAGP1 Channel Clean w/o Sediment Removal	No Fee	
	FHAGP1 Channel Clean w/Sediment Removal	No Fee	
Π	FHAGP2 Mosquito Control	\$1,000.00	
	FHAGP3 Scour Protection Bridges/Culverts	\$1,000.00	
	FHAGP4 Creation/Restoration/Enhancement of Habitat and Water Quality Values and Functions	No Fee	
٥	FHAGP5 Reconstruction and/or Elevation of Building in a Floodway	No Fee	
	FHAGP6 Construction of One SFH/Duplex and Driveway	\$1,000.00	
	FHAGP7 Relocation of Manmade Roadside Ditches for Public Roadway Improvements	\$1,000.00	
	FHAGP8 Placement of Storage Tanks	\$1,000.00	
	FHAGP9 Construction/Reconstruction of Bride/Culvert Across Water < 50 Acres	\$1,000.00	
	FHAGP10 Construction/Reconstruction of Bride/Culvert Across Water > 50 Acres	\$1,000.00	
	FHAGP11 Stormwater Outfall Along Regulated Water <50 Acres	\$1,000.00	
	FHAGP12 Construction of Footbridges	\$1,000.00	
	FHAGP13 Construction of Trails and Boardwalks	\$1,000.00	
۵	FHAGP14 Application of herbicide in riparian zone	\$1,000.00	****

Flood Hazard Area Individual Permits	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
FHA - IP SFH and/or Accessory Structures	\$2,000	
ndividual Permit (Fee is calculated by adding base fee to the specific elements below)	\$3,000 Base Fee	
FHA – IP Utility*	+ (\$1,000 x# of water crossings)	
FHA - IP Bank/Channel (No Calculation Review) *	+\$1,000	
FHA - IP Bank/Channel (With Calculation Review) *	+ (\$4,000 + (\$400 xper 100 linear ft.)}	
FHA - IP Bridge/Culvert/Footbridge/Low Dam (No Calculation Review)*	+ (\$1,000 x# of structures)	
FHA - IP Bridge/Culvert/Footbridge/Low Dam (With Calculation Review) *	+ (\$4,000 x# of structures)	
FHA – Review of Flood Storage Displacement (net fill) Calculations*	+\$4,000	
Total	IP Review Fee	

Flood Hazard Area Verifications	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
Verification-Delineation of Riparian Zone Only	\$1,000	
Venification-Method 1 (DEP Delineation) *	\$1,000	
Verification-Method 2 (FEMA Tidal Method) *	\$1,000	
Verification-Method 3 (FEMA Fluvial Method) *	\$1,000	
Verification-Method 4 (FEMA Hydraulic Method)	\$4,000 + (\$400 x per 100 linear feet)	
Verification-Method 5 (Approximation Method)	\$1,000	
Venification-Method 6 (Calculation Method)	\$4,000+(\$400 x per 100 linear feet)	

Fee Paid Additional Flood Hazard Area Fee Amount Authorizations \$4,000 FHA Hardship Exception Request FHA GP Administrative Modification No Fee No Fee FHA GP Minor technical modification \$500 x_ _# of proejct elements to be revised FHA GP Major technical modification 0.30 x __original fee (Minimum \$500) FHA Individual Permit Administrative No Fee No Fee Modification FHA Individual Permit Minor Technical \$500 x_ ____# of Modification proejct elements to be revised FHA Individual Permit Major Technical 0.30 x _original fee Modification (Minimum \$500) FHA Verification Administrative No Fee No Fee Modification FHA Verification Minor Technical \$500 x #of Modification proejct elements to be revised FHA Verification Major Technical 0.30 x_ _original fee Modification (Minimum \$500) FHA GP Extension \$240 FHA Individual Permit Extension 0.25 x___ _original fee FHA Verification Extension of Methods 1, \$240 2, 3, 5, or Riparian Zone Only FHA Verification Extension of Methods 4 0.25 x_ _original fee or 6 FHA Individual Permit No Fee No Fee Equivalency/CERCLA FHA GP Administrative Modification No Fee No Fee

Stormwater Review Fee (Maximum Fee = \$20,000)	Fee Amount (Round UP to the nearest whole number)	Fee Paid
Stormwater Review (Fee is calculated by adding the base fee to the specific elements below)	\$3,000 Base Fee	
Review of Groundwater Calculations	+ \$250 x# acres disturbed	
Review of Runoff Quantity Calculations	+ \$250 x# acres disturbed	
Review of Water Quality Calculations	+ \$250 x# acres impervious surface	
Total	Stormwater Review Fee	

	Applicability Determination	Fee Amount	Fee Paid
	Coastal Applicability Determination	No Fee	No Fee
	Flood Hazard Applicability Determination	No Fee	No Fee
۵	Highlands Jurisdictional Determination	No Fee	No Fee
	Executive Order 215	No Fee	No Fee

TOTAL FEE:	\$4,200.00
CHECK NUMBER:	ana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang

*Fee not applicable to (1) SFH

*Fee not applicable to (1) SFH

APPLICANT NAME:

FILE # (if known):

APPLICATION FORM - APPENDIX I

Section 1: Please provide the following information for the overall project site. All area measurements shall be recorded in acres to the nearest thousandth (0.001 acres).

<u>Proposed:</u>	<u>Preserved</u>	<u>UNDISTURBED</u>	<u>DISTURBED</u>
RIPARIAN ZONE			
CZMRA FORESTED (CZMRA IP Only) E & THABITAT Endangered and/or Threatened			
FRESHWATER WETLANDS			

Section 2: Please provide the following information for each permit/authorization requested pursuant to the Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act. All area measurements shall be recorded in acres to the nearest thousandth (0.001 acres). Use additional sheets if necessary

Permit Type	WETLAND TYPE Emergent, Forest, Shrub, Etc.	CL Ore	SOURCE ASSIFICATIO dinary, Interm ceptional, EP,	ediate.	
PROPOSED DISTURBANCE:	<u>WETLANDS</u>	TRANSITION AR	REA	<u>SOW</u>	
FILLED					
Excavated				MA	
CLEARED					
TEMPORARY DISTURBANCE					-
 Permit Type	WETLAND TYPE Emergent, Forest, Shrub, Etc.	CL Ore	SOURCE ASSIFICATIO dinary, Interm ceptional, EP,	ediate,	
PROPOSED DISTURBANCE:	<u>Wetlands</u>	TRANSITION AR	<u>REA</u>	SOW	
FILLED					
EXCAVATED					
CLEARED				Mi, f , f and f	
TEMPORARY DISTURBANCE					

PURCHASE AGREEMENT

THIS PURCHASE AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is made and entered into as of the day of May, 2020, by and between SOUTH SHORE PROPERTIES, L.L.C., having an address at 75 Crown Point Road, West Deptford, New Jersey 08066 ("Seller"), and TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC, having an office at 2800 Post Oak Boulevard, Houston, Texas 77056-6106 ("Buyer"). Seller and Buyer may hereinafter individually be referred to as a "Party" and collectively referred to as the "Parties." The date of this Agreement for all purposes hereof (the "Effective Date"), and the date to be inserted in the first space provided above, shall be the date upon which the last of the Parties hereto executes this Agreement.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Seller is the owner of the Property (as defined below) located in the Township of West Deptford, Gloucester County, New Jersey; and

WHEREAS, Buyer desires to purchase the Property, and Seller desires to sell the Property to Buyer in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises, representations, covenants, and agreements hereinafter contained, the Parties agree as follows:

1. Agreement to Sell and Purchase. Seller shall sell and convey to Buyer, and Buyer shall purchase from Seller, upon the terms and conditions hereinafter contained, the following:

All those lots, pieces or parcels of land located in the Township of West Deptford, Gloucester County, New Jersey, legal descriptions of which are set forth in <u>Exhibit</u> <u>A</u>, together with any and all improvements and structures thereon, shown as Lots 24 and 25 in Block 346.07 on the official Township of West Deptford Tax Maps, and being described in the deeds recorded in the Gloucester County Clerk's Office in Deed Book 6038, Page 47 and Deed Book 6171, Page 330, respectively (together with any and all improvements, dwellings and structures, the "Property").

REDACTED

16. **Permitting Consent**. Seller consents for Buyer to apply for any necessary environmental permits from local, state and federal agencies, and to conduct project activities across the Property.

23. **Multiple Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts by some or all of the Parties hereto, and: (a) each such counterpart shall be considered an original, and all of which together, when so executed and delivered, shall constitute a single Agreement; (b) the exchange of executed copies of this Agreement by facsimile or Portable Document Format (FDF) transmission shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Agreement as to the Parties for all purposes; and (c) signatures of the Parties transmitted by facsimile or PDF shall be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes.

1.1

1.1

1

(The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank)

Witness:

Andrew Timm 5-21-2020

BUYER

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE COMPANY, LLC

mis Wale By:

By: <u>June</u> James Wallace Title: Manager of Land

Dated: 5-21-2020

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have duly executed this Agreement as of the day and year set forth immediately beneath its signature.

Witness:

Sind

SELLER

SOUTH SHORE PROPERTIES, L.L.C.

By: Name: Row Dawp Title: Dated: 5/23/20



November 11, 2020

Township Clerk West Deptford Township 400 Crown Point Road West Deptford, NJ 08086

CERTIFIED MAIL

Re: Application for a Letter of Interpretation: Line Verification Block 346.07, Lots 24 and 25 West Deptford Township Gloucester County, New Jersey

Dear Township Clerk:

This letter is to inform you that Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line, LLC (Transco) is applying to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Land Resource Protection for a Letter of Interpretation to verify the delineated limits of wetlands within the above-referenced site. The approximately 31-acre site is bordered to the west by agricultural land, to east by commercial development, and Mantua Grove Road to the south. The site is bordered by the Little Mantua Creek and a forested riparian corridor to the north. An unnamed tributary of Little Matua Creek traverses the northern portion of the site, which consist of upland and wetland forested habitat. The southern portion of the site is characterized by agricultural land. Please find enclosed a complete copy of the application. Below please find the legal notice.

This letter is to provide you with legal notification that an application for a letter of interpretation has been submitted to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Land Resource Protection for the site shown on the enclosed survey.

The complete permit application package can be reviewed at the municipal clerk's office in the municipality in which the site subject to the application is located or by appointment at the Department's Trenton Office. In addition, an electronic copy of the initial application can be provided via an OPRA request by contacting <u>https://www.nj.gov/dep/opra/opraform.html</u> from the Department's Trenton Office. The Department of Environmental Protection welcomes comments and any information that you may provide concerning the proposed development and site. Please submit your written comments within 15 calendar days of receiving this letter to:

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Division of Land Resource Protection P.O. Box 420, Code 501-02A Trenton, New Jersey 08625 Attention: "West Deptford Township Supervisor" Township Clerk November 11, 2020 Page 2

If you have any questions regarding this notice, please feel free to contact me.

Very truly yours,

EcolSciences, Inc.

Michael Levinson, PWS Senior Project Manager

enclosures

cc: NJDEP Application Support Section West Deptford Township Environmental Commission Chairperson w/ Survey West Deptford Township Planning Board Chairperson w/ Survey West Deptford Township Construction Official w/ Survey Gloucester County Planning Board Chairperson w/ Survey Karen Olson Jennifer Broush

Gloucester County - Office of Taxation



Certified Adjoining Property List

This table is a listing of adjoining properties within 200' of the subject property.

3 Carl

Prepared by: Craig Black, CTA

Selected Parcel(s)

Municipality	Block	Lot	Qualifier	Address	Owner Name	Owner Address	Owner CSZ	Additional Lots
West Deptford Township	346.07	24		691 MANTUA GROVE RD	SOUTH SHORE PROPERTIES	75 CROWN POINT ROAD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	

Adjoining Properties (21)

Municipality	Block	Lot	Qualifier	Address	Owner Name	Owner Address	Owner CSZ	Additional Lots
West Deptford Township	346.07	21		623 MANTUA GROVE RD	SPENCE, TROY R & GAIL S	623 MANTUA GROVE RD	PAULSBORO, NJ 08066	
West Deptford Township	346.07	21.01		619 MANTUA GROVE RD	LUKA, GAYED M & NORA N	619 MANTUA GROVE RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	
West Deptford Township	346.07	21.03		631 MANTUA GROVE RD	TIGHE, CINDY & MICHAEL	631 MANTUA GROVE RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08086	
West Deptford Township	346.07	21.04		627 MANTUA GROVE RD	BLAIR, CURTIS S	627 MANTUA GROVE RD	PAULSBORO, NJ 08066	
West Deptford Township	346.07	22	1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	663 MANTUA GROVE RD	PRESS, SUZANNE M & HENRY W JR	663 MANTUA GROVE RD	PAULSBORO, NJ 08066	
Vest Deptford Township	346.07	24.01		685 MANTUA GROVE RD	URBAN, WILLIAM C JR	681 MANTUA GROVE RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	
West Deptford Township	346.07	24.02		681 MANTUA GROVE RD	URBAN, WILLIAM C JR	681 MANTUA GROVE ROAD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	
West Deptford Iownship	346.07	25	QFARM	OFF MANTUA GROVE RD	SOUTH SHORE PROPERTIES LLC	75 CROWN POINT RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	
West Deptford Township	346.07	26.01		757 MANTUA GROVE RD	AUTO SHINE EXPRESS LLC	300 NORTH BLACK HORSE PIK	MT EPHRAIM, NJ 08059	
West Deptford Township	346.07	26,03		944 GROVE RD	GROVE REALTY ASSOC C/O SLACK INC	944 GROVE RD	THOROFARE, NJ 08086	
West Deptford Fownship	346.07	26.07		777 MANTUA GROVE RD	SH 729-744 LLC	6467 MAIN ST	BUFFALO, NY 14221	
West Deptford Township	350.02	4		1912 NOLTE DR	REYNOLDS ALCOA C/O PROP TAX DEPT	201 ISABELLA ST	PITTSBURGH, PA 15212	

Municipality	Block	Lot	Qualifier	Address	Owner Name	Owner Address	Owner CSZ	Addition Lots
Vest Deptford Township	350.02	6		684 MANTUA GROVE RD	SOUTH SHORE PROP C/O RONALD DANA	PO BOX 75	TENNENT, NJ 07763	Patin47A52patra-spectre
Vest Deptford ownship	350.02	9	T01	690 MANTUA GROVE RD	WEST DEPTFORD TOWNSHIP	400 CROWN POINT RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08086	
Vest eptford ownship	350.02	9		690 MANTUA GROVE RD	WEST DEPTFORD TOWNSHIP	400 CROWN POINT RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08086	in and the second second second second
/est eptford ownship	350.02	10		1915 NOLTE DR	PUBLIC SERVICE E & G CO % N FIERRO	80 PARK PLAZA FLR 6	NEWARK, NJ 07102	
vest eptford ownship	350.02	42.01		674 MANTUA GROVE RD	HARBULA, CAROL & KUSCH, RACHEL	674 MANTUA GROVE RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	esternario de la constructione de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la
Vest Peptford ownship	350.02	42.02		664 MANTUA GROVE RD	GARRETT, KAREN S	664 MANTUA GROVE RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	
Vest Deptford ownship	350.02	43		654 MANTUA GROVE RD	EMICK, DAREN S & JENNIFER A	654 MANTUA GROVE RD	PAULSBORO, NJ 08066	a production statements
Vest Peptford ownship	350.03	42.04		696 MANTUA GROVE RD	COLONIAL PIPELINE CO C/O JOHN SAPP	PO BOX 1624	ALPHARETTA, GA 30009	44
/est eptford ownship	350.03	45.01		700 MANTUA GROVE RD	COLONIAL PIPELINE CO	1185 SANCTUARY PKWY	ALPHARETTA, GA 30009	4 eninetines-Visiobalizzaria
vest eptford ownship	350,03	45,02		KINGS HWY & MANTUA GROVE	COLONIAL PIPELINE CO C/O TAX DEPT	PO BOX 1624	ALPHARETTA, GA 30009	

G Blue

Gloucester County - Office of Taxation



Certified Adjoining Property List

This table is a listing of adjoining properties within 200' of the subject property.

Bland

Prepared by: Craig Black, CTA

Selected Parcel(s)

Municipality	Block	Lot	Qualifier	Address	Owner Name	Owner Address	Owner CSZ	Additional Lots
West Deptford Township	346.07	25	QFARM	OFF MANTUA GROVE RD	South Shore Properties LLC	75 CROWN POINT RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	

Adjoining Properties (11)

Municipality	Block	Lot	Qualifier	Address	Owner Name	Owner Address	Owner CSZ	Additiona Lots
West Deptford Township	346.07	22		663 MANTUA GROVE RD	PRESS, SUZANNE M & HENRY W JR	663 MANTUA GROVE RD	PAULSBORO, NJ 08066	
West Deptford Iownship	346.07	22,01		653 MANTUA GROVE RD	SOLVAY SPECIALTY POLYMERS USA LLC	4500 MCGINNIS FERRY RD	ALPHARETTA, GA 30005	
Vest Deptford Township	346.07	23		800 GROVE RD	FLAVOR FRESH INC C/O FARM CTR BLDG	315 E NEW MARKET RD	IMMOKALEE, FL 34143	
Vest Deptford Township	346.07	24		691 MANTUA GROVE RD	SOUTH SHORE PROPERTIES	75 CROWN POINT ROAD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	
Vest Deptford Jownship	346.07	24.01		685 MANTUA GROVE RD	URBAN, WILLIAM C JR	681 MANTUA GROVE RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08066	
Vest Deptford Jownship	346.07	24.02		681 MANTUA GROVE RD	URBAN, WILLIAM C JR	681 MANTUA GROVE ROAD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ D8066	
Vest Deptford Township	346.07	26.01		757 MANTUA GROVE RD	AUTO SHINE EXPRESS	300 NORTH BLACK HORSE PIK	MT EPHRAIM, NJ 08059	
Vest Deptford ownship	346.07	26,03		944 GROVE RD	GROVE REALTY ASSOC C/O SLACK INC	944 GROVE RD	THOROFARE, NJ 08086	
Vest Deptford Township	346.07	26.05		850 GROVE RD	Howe, V etal L/E Warren H Lentz	850 grove RD	THOROFARE, NJ 08086	
Vest Deptford ownship	346.07	26.07		777 MANTUA GROVE RD	SH 729-744 LLC	6467 MAIN ST	BUFFALO, NY 14221	
West Deptford Township	351.15	1		LENTZ RD	WEST DEPTFORD TOWNSHIP	400 CROWN POINT RD	WEST DEPTFORD, NJ 08086	



WEST DEPTFORD TOWNSHIP

Municipal Building 400 Crown Point Road West Deptford, New Jersey 08086-0089 Phone (856) 845-4004

UTILITIES LISTING

PSE&G 80 Park Plaza Newark, NJ 07101

South Jersey Gas Company 1 South Jersey Plaza Folsom, NJ 08037

Comcast Communications 1500 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19102

West Deptford Township Water & Sewer Department 400 Crown Point Road West Deptford, NJ 08086

Gloucester County Utilities P.O. Box 340 Thorofare, NJ 08086

Verizon 10 Tansboro Road Berlin, NJ 008009

Atlantic City Electric P.O. Box 231 Wilmington, DE 19899



November 11, 2020

Property Owner within 200 Feet

CERTIFIED MAIL

Re: Application for a Letter of Interpretation: Line Verification Block 346.07, Lots 24 and 25 West Deptford Township Gloucester County, New Jersey

Dear Property Owner:

This letter is to inform you that Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line, LLC (Transco) is submitting a Freshwater Wetlands application to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP), Division of Land Resource Protection (DLUR) for a Letter of Interpretation (LOI): Line Verification to verify the delineated limits of wetlands and width of the transition area (also known as wetlands buffer) within the above-referenced site. All LOI applications require that property owners within 200 feet of the site be notified via certified mail. A certified list of property owners within 200 feet of the above-referenced site was obtained from the West Deptford Township. The LOI application does not authorize a proposed project. If a proposed project requires any other approvals from the NJDEP DLUR, another notice will be sent via certified mail. No action is required on your part unless you wish to comment on this application.

The approximately 31-acre site is bordered to the west by agricultural land, to east by commercial development, and Mantua Grove Road to the south. The site is bordered by the Little Mantua Creek and a forested riparian corridor to the north. An unnamed tributary of Little Matua Creek traverses the northern portion of the site, which consist of upland and wetland forested habitat. The southern portion of the site is characterized by agricultural land. Please find enclosed the survey. Below please find the legal notice.

This letter is to provide you with legal notification that an application for a letter of interpretation has been submitted to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Land Resource Protection for the site shown on the enclosed survey.

The complete permit application package can be reviewed at the municipal clerk's office in the municipality in which the site subject to the application is located or by appointment at the Department's Trenton Office. In addition, an electronic copy of the initial application can be provided via an OPRA request by contacting <u>https://www.nj.gov/dep/opra/opraform.html</u> from the Department's Trenton Office. The Department of Environmental Protection welcomes comments and any information that you may provide concerning the proposed development and site. Please submit your written comments within 15 calendar days of receiving this letter to:

Property Owner November 11, 2020 Page 2

> New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Division of Land Resource Protection P.O. Box 420, Code 501-02A Trenton, New Jersey 08625 Attention: "West Deptford Township Supervisor"

If you have any questions regarding this application, please feel free to contact me.

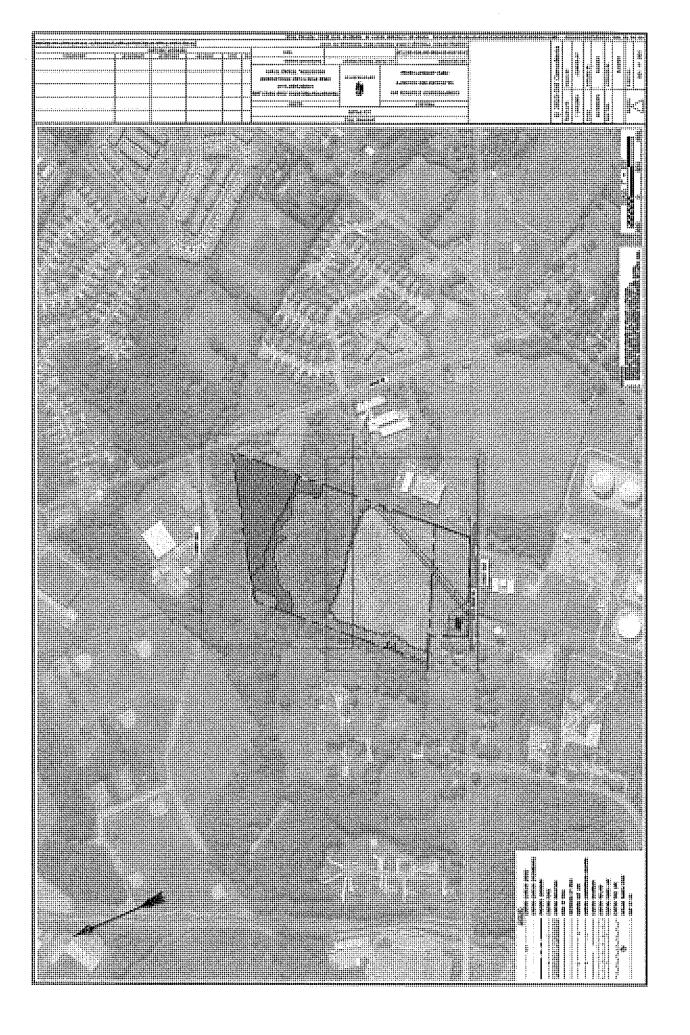
Very truly yours,

EcolSciences, Inc.

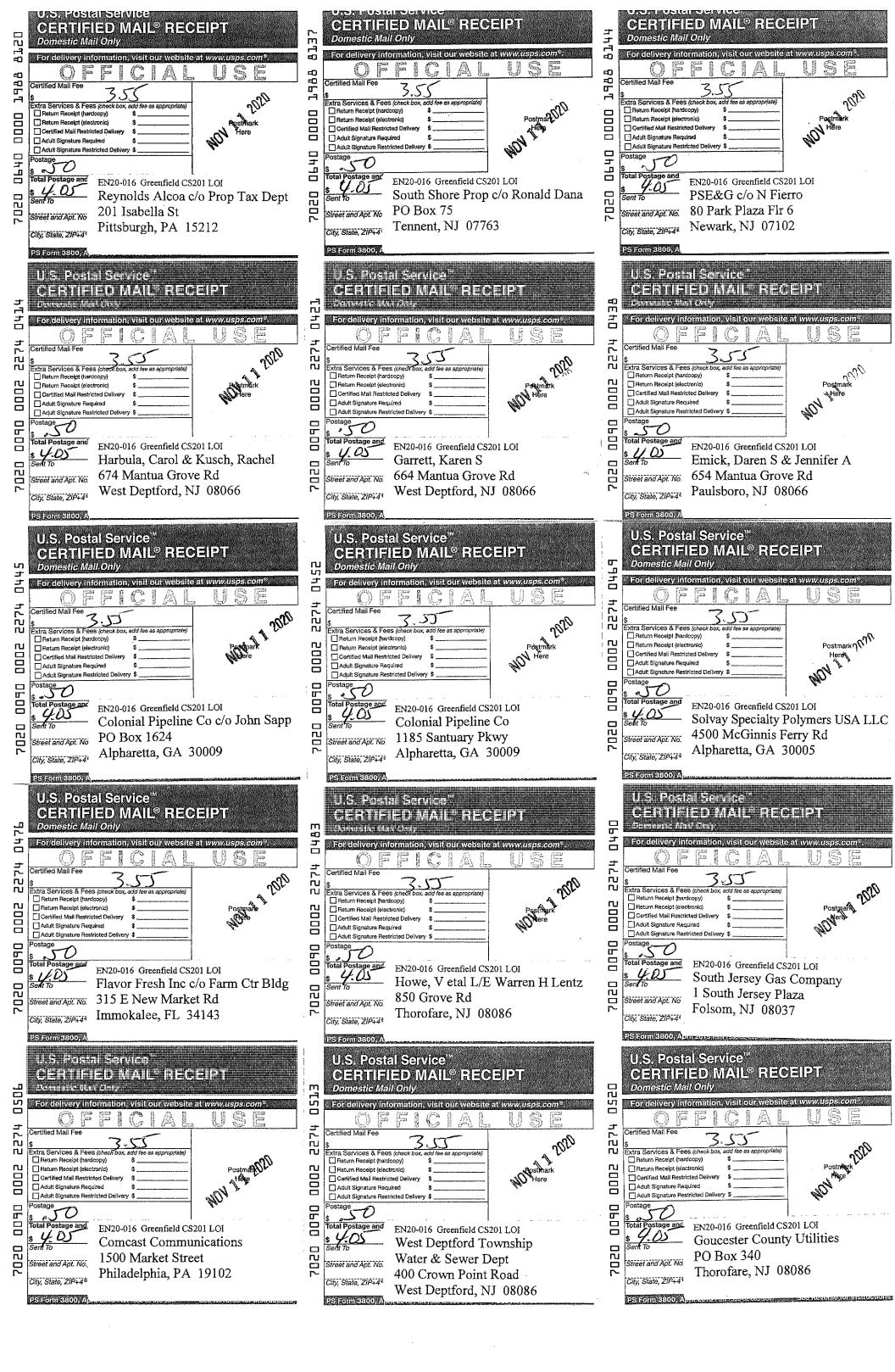
Michael Levinson, PWS Senior Project Manager

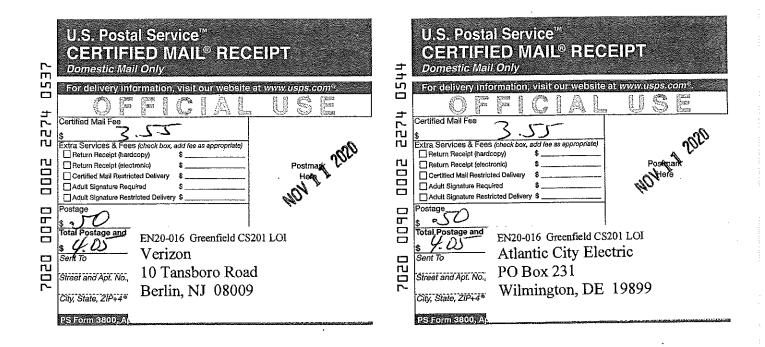
enclosures

cc: NJDEP Application Support Karen Olson Jennifer Broush









WETLAND INVESTIGATION REPORT FOR CS 201 BLOCK 346.07, LOT 25 AND LOT 24 WEST DEPTFORD TOWNSHIP GLOUCESTER COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

Prepared for:

GAI Consultants 385 E. Waterfront Drive Homestead, Pennsylvania 15120-5005

Attention: Jennifer Broush

Prepared by:

EcolSciences, Inc. 75 Fleetwood Drive, Suite 250 Rockaway, New Jersey 07866 (973) 366-9500

August 3, 2020

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ATTACHMENT A - FIGURES

Figure 1: USGS Site Location Figure 2: Local Road Map Figure 3: Field Observation Map Tax Map

ATTACHMENT B - Wetland Data Sheets

ATTACHMENT C - Annotated Color Photographs

ATTACHMENT D – Custom Soil Resource Report

ATTACHMENT E – Vegetative Species List

ATTACHMENT F – Qualifications of Preparers

A. INTRODUCTION

The site is a 31.03±-acre combination of parcels known as Block 346.07, Lot 25 and Lot 24 within the Township of West Deptford, Gloucester County, New Jersey (Figures 1 and 2 in Attachment A). The site is bordered to the west by agricultural land, to east by commercial development, and Mantua Grove Road to the south. The site is bordered by the Little Mantua Creek and a forested riparian corridor to the north. An unnamed tributary of Little Matua Creek traverses the northern portion of the site, which consist of upland and wetland forested habitat. The southern portion of the site is characterized by agricultural land. The site is within the Little Mantua Creek watershed of the Delaware River Drainage Basin.

According to the Wetlands (from Land Use/Land Cover 2012 Update), Edition 20150217 GIS mapping for the site as prepared by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP), the site contains deciduous wooded wetlands. EcolSciences, Inc. of Rockaway, New Jersey was retained to delineate and characterize any on-site wetlands regulated by the NJDEP in accordance with the Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act (N.J.S.A. 13:9B-1 et. seq.). This Act also gives the NJDEP jurisdiction over State open waters. Based upon EcolSciences' site investigation, wetlands and State open waters were identified on the site. The following sections describe the study methodology and results of the field investigation.

B. METHODOLOGY AND RATIONALE

As defined by the Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act (N.J.S.A. 13:9B-3), freshwater wetland means "an area that is inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted to life in saturated soil conditions, commonly known as hydrophytic vegetation".

Wetland investigations were conducted on the site on March 26, 2020. The presence and limits of wetlands on the site were determined utilizing the "unified wetland delineation approach" as detailed within the <u>Federal Manual for Identifying and Delineating Jurisdictional Wetlands</u> (Federal Interagency Committee for Wetland Delineation, 1989) as mandated within the New Jersey Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act rules (N.J.A.C. 7:7A). This approach generally requires a coincidence of hydric soils, positive hydrological indicators and a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation for a determination that an area is a wetland.

Soil samples were obtained utilizing a hand soil auger. Soil coloration to a depth of approximately 24 inches was determined by comparison to Munsell soil color charts and recorded along with soil texture. Mineral hydric soils usually exhibit one of the following color features in the horizon immediately below the A-horizon or 10 inches (whichever is shallower); matrix chroma of 2 or less in mottled soils, or matrix chroma of 1 or less in unmottled soils. Organic soils are typically hydric.

Plant species occurring onsite were identified and compared to the United States Army Corps of Engineers 2016 National Wetland Plant List (Lichvar, R.W., D.L. Banks, W.N. Kirchner, and N.C. Melvin., 2016). This list rates plant species according to their preference for hydric conditions based upon the following classification system:

OBL – Obligate Wetland	Almost always occur in wetlands
FACW – Facultative Wetland	Usually occur in wetlands, but may occur in non-wetlands
FAC – Facultative	Occur in wetlands and non-wetlands
FACU – Facultative Upland	Usually occur in non-wetlands, but may occur in wetlands
UPL – Obligate Upland	Almost never occur in wetlands

Additionally, if a species does not occur in wetlands, it is not on the list. At each soil boring location, the vegetation was recorded by species within the field of view. Ocular estimates of relative basal area for trees and cover for shrubs and herbs were made by species. If greater than 50 percent of the dominant species from all strata are classified as FAC, FACW or OBL then the vegetation is hydrophytic. Communities dominated by FACU or UPL species are hydrophytic if hydric soil and indicators of wetland hydrology are present. In other words, if the hydric soil and wetland hydrology criteria are met then the vegetation is considered hydrophytic.

An evaluation of on-site hydrology was made by noting the depth to free water in the auger hole and evidence of surface ponding or flooding. Depth to the seasonal high water table was based on the depth to soil mottling as is the procedure utilized by the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (formerly the Soil Conservation Service).

The vegetation, soil, and hydrology information described above was recorded on Wetland Data Sheets at each soil boring location. The wetland perimeter was flagged for subsequent survey where the parameters as set forth in the manual were met. In addition to freshwater wetlands, a regulated State open water was identified during the field investigation. The banks of the State open water were identified and shown on Figure 3 in Attachment A.

C. RESULTS

Based upon a field analysis of the on-site soils, apparent hydrology, and vegetation conducted in accordance with the federal wetland delineation methodology, EcolSciences has determined that wetlands and State open waters occur on the site. The field delineated limits of the wetlands and State open waters are shown on Figure 3 in Attachment A. Wetland Data Sheets documenting the delineation are included in Attachment B. Color photographs showing existing conditions and vegetative communities are included in Attachment C. The location of Wetland Data Sheets/sampling points and photographs are noted on Figure 3 in Attachment A. The following sections describe appropriate background information and the findings of the field investigation.

1. <u>Soils</u>

According to U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), eight soil map units are mapped on the property: Fallsington sandy loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes, northern coastal plain (FamA), Fallsington loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes, northern coastal plain (FapA), Freehold loamy sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes (FrfB), Freehold loamy sand, 5 to 10 percent slopes (FrfC), Freehold sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes (FrkB), Keyport sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes (KemB), Keyport sandy loam, 5 to 10 percent slopes, eroded (KemC2), and Woodsown-Glassboro complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes (WokA). A detailed soils map and description of each soil unit is provided within the Custom Soil Resource Report provided in Attachment D.

Ten representative soil borings were taken on the site. A description of the soil profiles noted at each boring is found on Wetland Data Sheets in Attachment B. The location of soil borings is shown on Figure 3 in Attachment A.

2. <u>Hydrology</u>

The undeveloped northern portion of the site ranges in the elevation from 64 feet to 154 feet draining to an unmapped tributary to the Little Mantua Creek, which traverse this portion of the site. The agricultural land ranges in elevation from 47 feet along the western periphery of the site to 68 feet in the southeast. This portion of the site drains in a north-northwesterly direction offsite. Little Mantua Creek and its tributaries have been classified by the NJDEP as FW2-NT/SE2 (freshwater non-trout/estuarine) waters (NJDEP, 2020).

There are two forested wetlands on site. The first wetland (Wetland 1) is in the northern portion of the site, delineated by flag numbers W1-1 through W1-35 and W2-1 through W2-7. The second wetland (Wetland 2) is found along the western periphery of the site, delineated by flag

numbers W3-1 through W3-22. Wetland 1 drains to the tributary of Little Mantua Creek that traverses the northern portion of the site. Wetland 2 drains westward off site. An LOI for the property west of the site (File No.: 0820-17-0006.1) identifies these offsite wetlands (shown on Figure 3).

Within the identified wetland areas, positive hydrologic indicators include saturated soils, ponding, and silt and debris lines. Specific hydrologic indicators, if any, observed at each soil boring location are recorded on the Wetland Data Sheets included in Attachment B.

A State open water was identified in the northern portion of the site, delineated by flag numbers S1-1 through S1-41 and S2-1 through S2-34 which drains off site to the east (Figure 3).

3. <u>Vegetation</u>

Based upon species composition, soils, and apparent hydrology noted during the field investigation, five vegetative communities were identified within the site: upland farm field, upland wooded field edge, upland woods, and palustrine deciduous forested (PFO1) wetlands. Species identified within the site and their corresponding U.S. Army Corps of Engineers wetland classification are presented in Attachment E. Photographs documenting the existing vegetative communities are included in Attachment C. Each community is briefly described below:

<u>Upland Woods</u> - This community is along the western periphery of the site and the northern portion of the site. Canopy vegetation is dominated by red maple, sweetgum, and black cherry. The woody understory commonly includes southern arrowwood, Japanese honeysuckle, black cherry saplings, and northern spicebush, American holly saplings. Herbaceous vegetation is sparse. However, the common herbs of this layer include a violet species, Japanese honeysuckle, and northern spicebush seedlings.

Upland Farm Field - This community is comprised of a soybean field and vacant soil.

<u>Upland Wooded Field Edge</u> - This community is restricted to the western periphery of the site. The canopy vegetation is dominated by black cherry, and black walnut. The woody understory commonly includes sassafras, southern arrow-wood, Japanese honeysuckle, catbrier, and a grape species. Common herbs include garlic-mustard, Japanese honeysuckle, and white avens.

<u>Palustrine forested deciduous wetland (PFO1)</u> - This community is found along the western periphery of the site and the northern portion of the site. Dominant canopy vegetation consists of red maple, sweet-gum, and tuliptree. The woody understory commonly includes American beech saplings, northern spicebush, southern arrowwood, and a rubus species. Common herbs include skunk-cabbage, Japanese honeysuckle, elderberry seedlings, partridge-berry jewelweed, and a sedge species.

D. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- Based upon a field investigation utilizing the "unified wetland delineation approach" as described in the <u>Federal Interagency Manual for Identifying and Delineating</u> <u>Jurisdictional Wetlands</u>, EcolSciences, Inc. has determined that wetlands and State open waters occur within the site as shown on Figure 3 in Attachment A.
- The wetland delineated by flag numbers W1-1 through W1-35 and W2-1 through W2-7 drains to an unmapped tributary of Little Mantua Creek. The wetland delineated by flag numbers W3-1 through W3-22 drains westward off site.
- One State open water is present in the northern portion of the site, identified as S1-1 through S1-41 and S2-1 through S2-34.
- On-site wetlands and State open waters come under the jurisdiction of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection in accordance with the Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act.
- Wetlands within the property are subject to transition areas. The width of the transition areas will be based upon a determination of resource value by the NJDEP.
- Certain General Permit-by-Certification, General Permits, Transition Area Waivers, and Individual Permits, as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:7A Subchapters 5 to 10, may apply to activities proposed for this property.

REFERENCES

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Munsell Soil Color Chart, 1994.

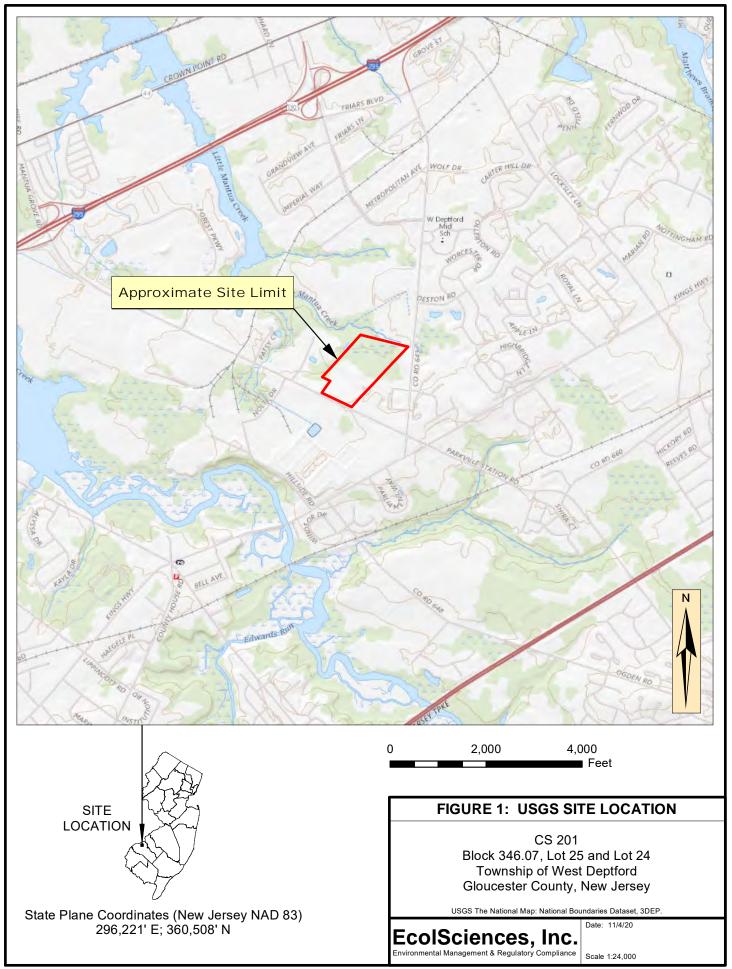
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- United States Soil Conservation Service National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils, October, 1992. Hydric Soils of New Jersey.

ATTACHMENT A

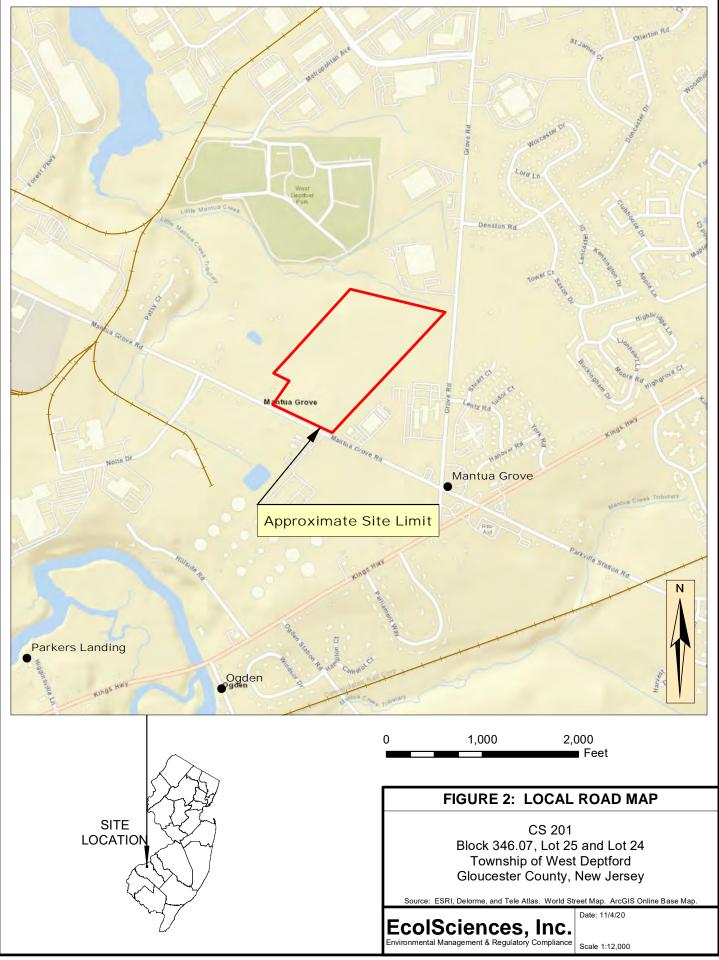
Figure 1: USGS Site Location Figure 2: Local Road Map Figure 3: Field Observation Map Tax Map

EcolSciences, Inc.

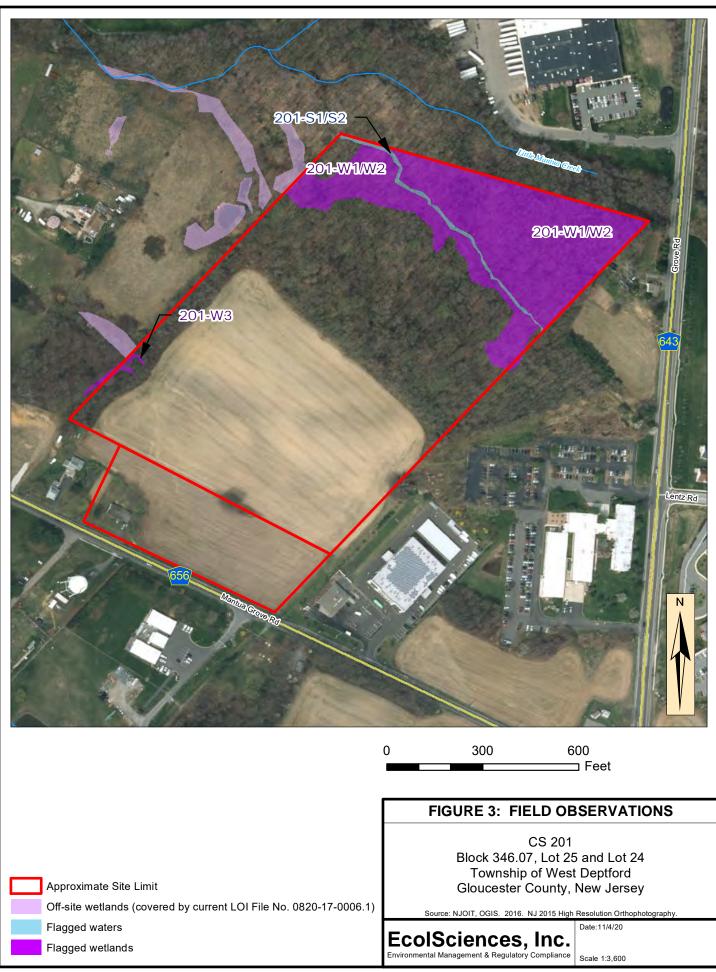
Environmental Management & Regulatory Compliance



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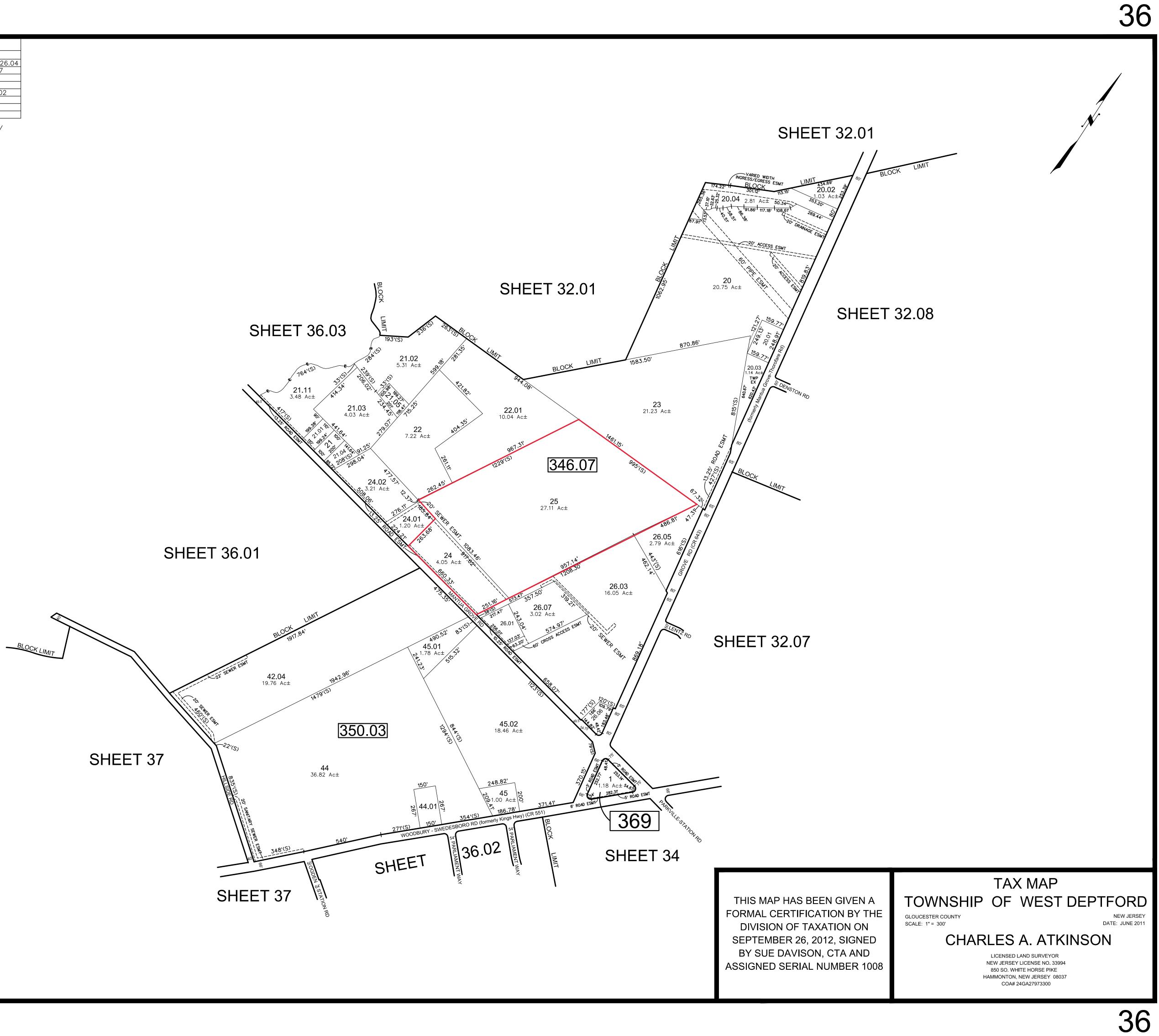


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	REVISIONS								
DATE	BY	LIC.NO	BLOCK	LOT					
01/2013	CHARLES A. ATKINSON-PLS	33994	346.07	26,26.02-26.04					
01/2013	CHARLES A. ATKINSON-PLS	33994	346.07	26.06,27					
05/2015	CHARLES A. ATKINSON-PLS	33994	346.07	24					
07/2015	CHARLES A. ATKINSON-PLS	33994	346.07	24					
08/2019	CHARLES E. ADAMSON	42627	346.07	24-24.02					

* THIS SHEET HAS BEEN DRAWN USING COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING/ DESIGN (CAD/D) AND COORDINATE GEOMETRY (COGO).



ATTACHMENT B

Wetland Data Sheets

EcolSciences, Inc.

Environmental Management & Regulatory Compliance

LOCATION: B1				Site:	Williams
	-			one.	Greenfield CS 201
				Date:	3/26/2020
WETLAND:	NO	NWETLAND	: X	Team:	ML
	_			Photo #:	
				Flag #:	
				C	
VEGETATION:	Hydrophytic:	Yes	-	Inconclus	sive:
	Community:	Upland Fa	rm Field		
		-	Relative		Regional
	Spec	ies	Basal Area	<u> </u>	Indicator Status
Canopy	N/A				
Canopy	N/A				
			Percent		
			Cover		
Understory/	N/A				
Vines					
Ground	Soy		100		-
Cover					
0011.0					
SOILS:	Hydric:	Yes:	No: X	Inconclusive:	
Depth (inches)	Munsell Not	ation		Description	n
0-3	10 YR 3/3	ation	Sandy loam	Description	
3-8	10 YR 5/4		Sandy loam		
8-20	7.5 YR 5/6		Sandy loam		
Hydrology: Positive	Indicators:	Yes:	No: X	Inconclusive:	
Depth to Seasonal High Wa	ater Table:	>20"	Basis: No	one encountere	ed
Depth to Saturated Soil:			None Encounte		Х
Depth to Free Water:			None Encounte	ered:	Х
Other Indicators:					

COMMENTS: Road side area in soy field.

WETLAND DATA SHEET

	W	ETLAND	DATA SHEET		
LOCATION: <u>B2</u>	-	NWETLAND	: X	Site: Date: Team:	Williams Greenfield CS 201 3/26/2020 DM
			· <u> </u>	Photo #: Flag #:	
VEGETATION:	Hydrophytic: Community:	Yes Upland Fa		Inconclus	sive:
	Spec	ies	Relative Basal Area		Regional Indicator Status
Canopy	N/A				
			Percent Cover	_	
Understory/ Vines	N/A				
Ground Cover	<u>N/A</u>				
SOILS:	Hydric:	Yes:	No: X In	conclusive:	
Depth (inches)	Munsell Not			Description	n
0-12 12-16 16-24	10 YR 4/3 10 YR 4/4 10 YR 5/3		Sandy loam Sandy loam Sandy loam		
Hydrology:PositiveDepth to Seasonal High WaDepth to Saturated Soil:Depth to Free Water:Other Indicators:	Indicators: ater Table:	Yes: >24"	-		ed X X

COMMENTS: Recently tilled.

LOCATION:	B3	_			Site:	Williams Greenfield CS 201
					Date:	3/26/2020
WETLAND:	Х	NO	NWETLAND:		Team: Photo #:	DM
					Flag #:	Between W3- 3/4
VEGETATION:		Hydrophytic: Community:	Yes X PFO1	No:	Inconclu	sive:
		Spec	ies	Relative Basal Area		Regional Indicator Status
_						
Canopy		Red Maple		100		FAC
				Percent Cover		
lindenete m/			\\/eed	05		540
Understory/ Vines		Southern Arrow- Northern Spiceb		<u>25</u> 5		FAC FACW
		Catbrier		10		FAC
Ground						
Cover						
SOILS:		Hydric:	Yes: X	No: II	nconclusive:	
Depth (inches)		Munsell Nota			Descriptio	n
0-8		10 YR 3/1		organic loam	no main a mét a bu	un el e un t
8-20		10 YR 4/2	5	andy clay loam w/ p 7.5 YR 4/4 redo		แนลแ
	Dealth	Indianterio	Vee	No. 1		
Hydrology: I Depth to Seasonal		Indicators: ater Table:	Yes: X 8"		nconclusive: dox	
Depth to Saturated			Surface	None Encounter		
Depth to Free Wate			14"	None Encounter		
Other Indicators:		Buttressed roots	B.			

LOCATION:	B4	_			Site:	Williams
_		_				Greenfield CS 201
					Date:	3/26/2020
WETLAND:		NC	ONWETLAND	x <u> </u>	Team:	DM
					Photo #:	
					Flag #:	
VEGETATION:		Hydrophytic:	Yes	No: X	Inconclus	sivo:
VEGETATION.		Community:		oded field edge	inconclus	SIVE
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	j-		
				Relative		Regional
		Spec	cies	Basal Area		Indicator Status
Canony		Block Charny		95		FACU
Canopy		Black Cherry Black Walnut		<u> </u>		UPL
		DIACK WAITIUL		10		UFL
				Percent		
				Cover		
Understory/		Sassafras		1		FACU
Vines		Southern Arrow	v-Wood	5		FAC
		Japanese Hone		15		FACU
		Grape sp.		15		-
		Catbrier		5		FAC
Ground		Garlic-Mustard		10		FACU
Cover		White Avens		20		FAC
		Japanese Hone	eysuckle	60		FACU
SOILS:		Hydric:	Yes:	No: X In	conclusive:	
301L3.		riyunc.	163.		iconclusive.	
Depth (inches)		Munsell Not	tation		Description	n
0-10		10 YR 4/3		Sandy loam	•	
10-14		10 YR 4/4		Sandy loam		
14-20		10 YR 5/6		Sandy loam		
, ,,		Indicators:	Yes:	No: X In	conclusive:	
Depth to Seasonal	High Wa	ter Table:	>20"	Basis: Nor	ne encounter	ed
Depth to Saturated				None Encounter		Х
Depth to Free Wate	er:			None Encounter	ed:	Х
Other Indicators:						

LOCATION:	B5	_					Site:	Williams
								Greenfield CS 201
							Date:	3/26/2020
WETLAND:	Х	NO	NWETLAND	· -			Team:	DM
							Photo #:	
							Flag #:	W1- 27
VEGETATION:		Hydrophytic: Community:	Yes X PFO1	-	No:		Inconclus	Sive:
					Rela	ative		Regional
		Speci	ies			l Area		Indicator Status
				_				
Canopy		Red Maple				25		FAC
		Sweet-Gum				75	_	FAC
						cent		
				_	Co	ver	_	
Understory/		American Beech				5		FACU
Vines		Northern Spiceb	oush			20		FACW
		Rubus sp.				1		-
		Southern Arrow-	-Wood			10		FAC
0						05		FAOL
Ground		Japanese Hone				25		FACU
Cover		Skunk-Cabbage				5 1		OBL FACW
		Elderberry Partridge-Berry				1		FACU
		Jewelweed				10		FACU
		Jeweiweeu				10		FACW
SOILS:		Hydric:	Yes: X	1	No:	Inco	onclusive:	
				-		_		
Depth (inches)		Munsell Nota	ation				Descriptio	n
0-3		10 YR 2/2		Silt loa	am			
3-7		10 YR 4/1		Sandy				
7-20		2.5 Y 5/2		Sandy	/ loam w/	some pr	ominent 10	YR 4/4 redox
, .,		Indicators:	Yes: X	-	No:		onclusive:	
Depth to Seasonal	-	iter Table:	7"	-	Basis:	Redo		
Depth to Saturated			12"	-	None End			
Depth to Free Wate	er:			_ '	None End	countered	d:	X
Other Indicators:		Some buttressin	ig roots.					

LOCATION:	B6	_			Site:	Williams
						Greenfield CS 201
					Date:	3/26/2020
WETLAND:		- NO	NWETLAND:	<u> </u>	Team:	DM
					Photo #:	
					Flag #:	
VEGETATION:		Hydrophytic:	Yes	No: X	Inconclus	sive:
		Community:	Upland Woo			
			•			
				Relative		Regional
		Speci	ies	Basal Area		Indicator Status
Comony		Sure at Curre		00		FAC
Canopy		Sweet-Gum Red Maple		<u> </u>		FAC FAC
				10		TAC
		·				
				Percent		
				Cover	-	
Understernd		Northarn Chicab	web	65		
Understory/ Vines		Northern Spiceb Southern Arrow-		10		FACW FAC
VIIIeo		Japanese Hone		25		FACU
		Black Cherry	jouonio	5		FACU
		1				
					_	
Ground		Japanese Hone	ysuckle	10		FACU
Cover						
SOILS:		Hydric:	Yes:	No: X Inc	onclusive:	
Depth (inches)		Munsell Nota			Description	1
0-2		10 YR 3/2		Silt Ioam		
2-6		10 YR 3/3		Sandy loam		
6-10 10-20		10 YR 4/3 10 YR 5/4		Sandy loam Sandy loam		
20-24		10 YR 5/4		Sandy loam		
		10 110 010	,	canay loan		
Hydrology: F	Positive	Indicators:	Yes:	No: X Inc	onclusive:	
Depth to Seasonal			>24"		encountere	ed
Depth to Saturated				None Encountered	d:	Х
Depth to Free Wate	er:			None Encountered	1:	Х
Other Indicators:						

LOCATION: B7				Site:	Williams
					Greenfield CS 201
				Date:	3/26/2020
WETLAND:	NO	NWETLAND:	<u> </u>	Team:	DM
				Photo #:	W1-17
				Flag #:	VV1-17
VEGETATION:	Hydrophytic: Community:	Yes Upland Woo	No: X ods	Inconclus	sive:
			Relative		Regional
	Spec	ies	Basal Area		Indicator Status
Canopy	Sweet-Gum		90		FAC
	Red Maple		10		FAC
			Percent Cover		
Understory/	Northern Spice	bush	90		FACW
Vines	American Holly	\A/l	2		FAC
	Southern Arrow	-000	10		FAC
				_	
Ground	Violet sp.		2		-
Cover	Japanese Hone	ysuckle	2		FACU
SOILS:	Hydric:	Yes:	No: X Inc	conclusive:	
00120.	Tryano.	103.			
Depth (inches)	Munsell Not	ation		Description	n
0-3	10 YR 3/3		Silt loam		
3-12	10 YR 4/3		Silt loam		
12-20	7.5 YR 4/6- 5/6	ł	Heavy silt loam		
Ukudasta mu 🛛 🔊 🗥		Maaa			
, ,,	e Indicators:	Yes:		conclusive:	
Depth to Seasonal High W	atel l'able.	>20"	Basis: <u>None</u> None Encountere	e encountere	
Depth to Saturated Soil: Depth to Free Water:			None Encountere		x
Other Indicators:				·u.	<u></u>

LOCATION:	B8	_				Site:	Williams		
							Greenfield CS 201		
						Date:	3/26/2020		
WETLAND:	Х	NO	NWETLAND	·:		Team:	DM		
						Photo #:			
						Flag #:			
VEGETATION:		Hydrophytic: Community:	Yes X PFO1	N	lo:	Inconclu	sive:		
							.		
		Species			Relative		Regional		
		Spec	les		Basal Area		Indicator Status		
Canopy		Red Maple			10		FAC		
Callopy		Sweet-Gum Tuliptree			10 85 5		FAC		
							FACU		
		Tanpace			0		17,00		
					Percent				
					Cover				
Understory/		Southern Arrow	-Wood		40		FAC		
Vines		Northern Spice			10		FACW		
		· ·							
Ground		Jewelweed			5		FACW		
Cover		Japanese Hone	vsuckle		10		FACU		
		Sedge		2		-			
					_				
SOILS:		Hydric:	Yes: X	N	o. Ir	nconclusive:			
Depth (inches)		Munsell Not	ation			Descriptio	n		
02		10 YR 2/2		Silt loar	n		<u> </u>		
2-12		10 YR 4/2				ant prominen	t 7.5 YR4/4 redox		
12-20		10 YR 4/2		w/ redo					
				, 1000	-				
Hydrology:	Positive	Indicators:	Yes: X	N	o: Ir	nconclusive:			
Depth to Seasonal		2"	-		dox				
Depth to Saturated	-		6"	-	None Encountered:				
Depth to Free Wate			6"	-	one Encounter				
Other Indicators:		Shallow buttress							

LOCATION:	B9	_			Site:	Williams	
						Greenfield CS 201	
					Date:	3/26/2020	
WETLAND:		NO	NWETLAND:	<u> </u>	Team: Photo #:	DM	
					Flag #:	Between W1-7/8	
VEGETATION:		Hydrophytic: Community:	Yes <u>X</u> Upland Wo	No: ods	Inconclusive:		
				Relative		Regional	
		Spec	ies	Basal Area		Indicator Status	
_							
Canopy		Red Maple		15		FAC	
		Sweet-Gum		80		FAC	
		Black Cherry		5		FACU	
					_		
					_		
					_		
				Percent Cover			
					_		
Understory/		Southern Arrow	-Wood	40		FAC	
Vines		Black Cherry		10		FACU	
		Northern Spiceb	ush	20		FACW	
		Northern Opleed	Jush			17.60	
Ground		Japanese Hone	vsuckle	35		FACU	
Cover		Violets		5		-	
		Northern Spiceb	oush	20		FACW	
						171011	
SOILS:		Hydric:	Yes:	No: X Inc	onclusive:		
00120.		nyune.	103.		onclusive.		
Depth (inches)		Munsell Nota	ation		Descriptio	n	
0-8		10 YR 4/4		Sandy loam			
8-12		7.5 YR 4/4		Sandy loam			
12-20		7.5 YR 5/6		Silt loam			
-							
Hydrology:	Positive	Indicators:	Yes:	No: X Inc	onclusive:		
Depth to Seasonal			>20"		e encounter	ed	
Depth to Saturated	-			None Encountere		X	
Depth to Free Wate				None Encountere		X	
Other Indicators:					u.	~	

LOCATION:	B10	_				Site:	Williams		
							Greenfield CS 201		
						Date:	3/26/2020		
WETLAND:	Х	NO	NWETLAND	-		Team:	DM		
						Photo #: Flag #:			
						Flag #:			
VEGETATION:		Hydrophytic: Community:	Yes X PFO1	_	No:	Inconclu	sive:		
					Relative		Regional		
		Speci		Basal Area		Indicator Status			
				-	Buourraou		indicator otatuo		
Canopy		Sweet-Gum			60		FAC		
		Red Maple			40		FAC		
				_					
				_					
				-					
				-					
				-					
				-					
					Percent Cover				
Understory/		Southern Arrow-	Wood	_	25		FAC		
Vines				-					
				-					
				-					
				-					
				-					
Ground		N/A		_					
Cover				_					
				_					
				_					
				-					
SOILS:		Hydric:	Yes: X		No:	Inconclusive:			
				-					
Depth (inches)		Munsell Nota	ation			Descriptio	n		
0-4		10 YR 3/2		Silt lo					
4-8		10 YR 4/2			ly loam w/ few p				
8-20		2.5 Y 5/2		Sanc	ly clay loam w/ a	abundant pron	ninent 7.5 YR 4/4 redox		
Hydrology:	Positivo	Indicators:	Yes: X		No:	Inconclusive:			
Depth to Seasonal			4"	-		edox			
Depth to Saturated			_	-	None Encounte		X		
Depth to Free Wat				-	None Encounte		X		
Other Indicators:							<u></u>		
			,						

ATTACHMENT C

Annotated Color Photographs

EcolSciences, Inc.

Environmental Management & Regulatory Compliance



Photograph facing northeast of Boring 1 showing the upland agricultural field in the southern portion of the site.



Photograph facing south of the agricultural field on the northern portion of the upland agricultural field.





1

2



Photograph of Boring 3 facing southwest of the Palustrine Forest Wetland (PFO1).



Photograph facing southwest showing the edge of PFO1 wetland and upland woods near B-4.



EcolSciences, Inc.

3

4

Environmental Management and Regulatory Compliance



Photograph of the PFO1 wetland along the western boundary of the site facing southeast.



Photograph of Boring 4 facing south showing the upland woodland edge.





 $F:\label{eq:solution} F:\label{eq:solution} F:\label{eq:solution} I-Greenfield\ CS\ 201\LOI\Photo\ Shell.pptx$

5

6

Environmental Management and Regulatory Compliance



Photograph of Boring 8 facing northeast showing of the PFO1 in the northern portion of the site along the State open water.



Photograph of Boring 7 facing southwest facing the upland woods in the northern portion of the site .





7

8



Photograph of Boring 6 facing south showing the upland woods in the northern portion of the site.



Photograph of Boring 5 facing northeast showing the PFO1 in the northern portion of the site along the State open water. **EcolSciences**, Inc.



Environmental Management and Regulatory Compliance

10

ATTACHMENT D

Custom Soil Resource Report

EcolSciences, Inc.

Environmental Management & Regulatory Compliance



United States Department of Agriculture



Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Gloucester County, New Jersey

West Deptford Township



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



	MAP LEGEND)	MAP INFORMATION	
Area of In	terest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)	000	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.	
	Area of Interest (AOI)	۵	Stony Spot		
Soils	Soil Map Unit Polygons	0	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.	
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	\$	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause	
	Soil Map Unit Points	\triangle	Other	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil	
_	Point Features	, • • · ·	Special Line Features	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed	
అ	•		atures	scale.	
X	Borrow Pit	\sim	Streams and Canals		
 X	Clay Spot	Transport	tation Rails	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.	
0	Closed Depression		Interstate Highways		
X	Gravel Pit	2	US Routes	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:	
0 0 0	Gravelly Spot	~	Coordinate System: Web Mer	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)	
0	Landfill	~	Local Roads	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
A.	Lava Flow	Backgrou	Ind	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts	
علله	Marsh or swamp	Aerial Photography Albers equ		distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more	
Ŕ	Mine or Quarry			accurate calculations of distance or area are required.	
0	Miscellaneous Water			This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as	
0	Perennial Water			of the version date(s) listed below.	
\vee	Rock Outcrop			Soil Survey Area: Gloucester County, New Jersey	
+	Saline Spot	Survey Area Data: Version 18, J		Survey Area Data: Version 18, Jun 1, 2020	
0 0 0 0	Sandy Spot			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales	
-	Severely Eroded Spot			1:50,000 or larger.	
0	Sinkhole			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 15, 2014—Jun	
≫	Slide or Slip			24, 2014	
ø	Sodic Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.	

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
FamA	Fallsington sandy loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes, northern coastal plain	6.9	22.5%
FapA	Fallsington loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Northern Coastal Plain	0.3	1.1%
FrfB	Freehold loamy sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	11.2	36.4%
FrfC	Freehold loamy sand, 5 to 10 percent slopes	5.8	18.7%
FrkB	Freehold sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	5.5	18.0%
KemB	Keyport sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	0.1	0.2%
KemC2	Keyport sandy loam, 5 to 10 percent slopes, eroded	0.1	0.2%
WokA	Woodstown-Glassboro complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.9	2.9%
Totals for Area of Interest		30.8	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They

generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Gloucester County, New Jersey

FamA—Fallsington sandy loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes, northern coastal plain

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2s96w Elevation: 0 to 100 feet Mean annual precipitation: 42 to 48 inches Mean annual air temperature: 52 to 58 degrees F Frost-free period: 180 to 220 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance, if drained

Map Unit Composition

Fallsington, undrained, and similar soils: 48 percent *Fallsington, drained, and similar soils:* 27 percent *Minor components:* 25 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Fallsington, Undrained

Setting

Landform: Swales, flats, drainageways, depressions Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip, talf Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Parent material: Loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 2 inches: mucky peat *A - 2 to 10 inches:* sandy loam *Btg - 10 to 32 inches:* sandy clay loam *BCg - 32 to 39 inches:* loamy sand *Cg1 - 39 to 46 inches:* sandy clay loam *Cg2 - 46 to 80 inches:* sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.01 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 to 10 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: Occasional
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.3 mmhos/cm)
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D Hydric soil rating: Yes

Description of Fallsington, Drained

Setting

Landform: Flats, swales, depressions Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf, dip Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Parent material: Loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 10 inches: sandy loam Btg - 10 to 32 inches: sandy clay loam BCg - 32 to 39 inches: loamy sand Cg1 - 39 to 46 inches: sandy clay loam Cg2 - 46 to 80 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.01 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 10 to 20 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: Rare
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.3 mmhos/cm)
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Woodstown

Percent of map unit: 9 percent Landform: Depressions, broad interstream divides, flats, fluviomarine terraces Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, dip, talf Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Concave, linear Hydric soil rating: No

Hambrook

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Fluviomarine terraces, flats, depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, talf, dip Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: No

Hammonton

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Drainageways, flats

Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip, talf Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

FapA—Fallsington loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Northern Coastal Plain

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2s96v Elevation: 80 to 100 feet Mean annual precipitation: 42 to 48 inches Mean annual air temperature: 52 to 58 degrees F Frost-free period: 180 to 220 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance, if drained

Map Unit Composition

Fallsington, undrained, and similar soils: 38 percent Fallsington, drained, and similar soils: 37 percent Minor components: 25 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Fallsington, Undrained

Setting

Landform: Swales, flats, drainageways, depressions Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip, talf Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Parent material: Loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 2 inches: mucky peat *A - 2 to 10 inches:* loam *Btg - 10 to 32 inches:* sandy clay loam *BCg - 32 to 39 inches:* loamy sand *Cg1 - 39 to 46 inches:* sandy clay loam *Cg2 - 46 to 80 inches:* sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.01 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 to 10 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: Occasional
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.3 mmhos/cm)
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D Hydric soil rating: Yes

Description of Fallsington, Drained

Setting

Landform: Swales, depressions, flats Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip, talf Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Parent material: Loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 10 inches: loam Btg - 10 to 32 inches: sandy clay loam BCg - 32 to 39 inches: loamy sand Cg1 - 39 to 46 inches: sandy clay loam Cg2 - 46 to 80 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.01 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 10 to 20 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: Rare
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.3 mmhos/cm)
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Woodstown

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Flats, fluviomarine terraces, depressions, broad interstream divides Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, rise, dip, talf Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: No

Hammonton

Percent of map unit: 7 percent Landform: Flats, drainageways Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise, dip Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Othello

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Swales, flats, drainageways, depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip, talf Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Mullica, undrained

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Drainageways, swales, flats, depressions Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

FrfB—Freehold loamy sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 15knk Elevation: 20 to 160 feet Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 59 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 161 to 231 days Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Freehold and similar soils: 80 percent *Minor components:* 20 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Freehold

Setting

Landform: Low hills, knolls Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear, convex Parent material: Glauconite bearing loamy eolian deposits and/or glauconite bearing loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 10 inches: loamy sand Bt1 - 10 to 14 inches: sandy loam Bt2 - 14 to 21 inches: sandy clay loam Bt3 - 21 to 35 inches: sandy loam C - 35 to 80 inches: loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.20 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2s Hydrologic Soil Group: B Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Shrewsbury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Flats, depressions Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Colts neck

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Knolls, low hills Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Collington

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Knolls, low hills Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Tinton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Knolls Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

FrfC—Freehold loamy sand, 5 to 10 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 15knl Elevation: 20 to 160 feet Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 59 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 161 to 231 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Freehold and similar soils: 85 percent *Minor components:* 15 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Freehold

Setting

Landform: Low hills, knolls Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Linear, convex Parent material: Glauconite bearing loamy eolian deposits and/or glauconite bearing loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 10 inches: loamy sand Bt1 - 10 to 14 inches: sandy loam Bt2 - 14 to 21 inches: sandy clay loam Bt3 - 21 to 35 inches: sandy loam C - 35 to 80 inches: loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 10 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.20 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Colts neck

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Knolls, low hills Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Collington

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Low hills, knolls Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Tinton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Knolls Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

FrkB—Freehold sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 15knp Elevation: 40 to 110 feet Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 59 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 161 to 231 days Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Freehold and similar soils: 85 percent *Minor components:* 15 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Freehold

Setting

Landform: Low hills, knolls Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Linear, convex Parent material: Glauconite bearing loamy eolian deposits and/or glauconite bearing loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 10 inches: sandy loam

Bt1 - 10 to 14 inches: sandy loam *Bt2 - 14 to 21 inches:* sandy clay loam *Bt3 - 21 to 35 inches:* sandy loam *C - 35 to 80 inches:* loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.20 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Collington

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Low hills, knolls Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Colts neck

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Knolls, low hills Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Shrewsbury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Flats, depressions Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

KemB—Keyport sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 15kpn *Elevation:* 0 to 200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 59 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 161 to 231 days Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Keyport and similar soils: 85 percent *Minor components:* 15 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Keyport

Setting

Landform: Flats, depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Parent material: Silty and clayey eolian deposits and/or silty and clayey fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 12 inches: sandy loam Bt1 - 12 to 18 inches: clay Bt2 - 18 to 24 inches: clay Bt3 - 24 to 32 inches: clay Bt4 - 32 to 41 inches: clay Cg1 - 41 to 55 inches: silty clay loam Cg2 - 55 to 80 inches: silty clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 18 to 42 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: High (about 9.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Sassafras

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Low hills, knolls Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Lenni

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Flats, depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Linear, concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Elkton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

KemC2—Keyport sandy loam, 5 to 10 percent slopes, eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 15kpq Elevation: 10 to 140 feet Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 59 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 161 to 231 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Keyport, eroded, and similar soils: 95 percent *Minor components:* 5 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Keyport, Eroded

Setting

Landform: Flats Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Silty and clayey eolian deposits and/or silty and clayey fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: sandy loam Bt1 - 9 to 15 inches: clay Bt2 - 15 to 21 inches: clay Bt3 - 21 to 32 inches: clay Bt4 - 32 to 41 inches: clay Cg1 - 41 to 55 inches: silty clay loam Cg2 - 55 to 80 inches: silty clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 10 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 18 to 42 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: High (about 10.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Sassafras

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Knolls Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

WokA—Woodstown-Glassboro complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 15kv0 Elevation: 0 to 150 feet Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 59 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 79 degrees F Frost-free period: 161 to 231 days Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Woodstown and similar soils: 70 percent Glassboro and similar soils: 15 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Woodstown

Setting

Landform: Flats

Down-slope shape: Linear *Across-slope shape:* Linear *Parent material:* Old alluvium and/or sandy marine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: sandy loam Bt1 - 8 to 26 inches: sandy loam Bt2 - 26 to 30 inches: sandy clay loam Bt3 - 30 to 36 inches: sandy loam C - 36 to 80 inches: loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.20 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 18 to 42 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Low (about 5.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w Hydrologic Soil Group: B Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Glassboro

Setting

Landform: Drainageways Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Loamy fluviomarine deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 11 inches: sandy loam Bt1 - 11 to 16 inches: sandy loam Bt2 - 16 to 21 inches: coarse sandy loam Btg - 21 to 26 inches: coarse sandy loam Cg - 26 to 40 inches: loamy coarse sand C1 - 40 to 56 inches: coarse sand C2 - 56 to 80 inches: gravelly coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 6.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 12 to 18 inches
Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None *Available water capacity:* Low (about 5.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w Hydrologic Soil Group: A/D Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Mullica

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Drainageways, flood plains, depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Linear, concave Across-slope shape: Concave, linear Hydric soil rating: Yes

Fallsington

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Downer

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Low hills Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

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ATTACHMENT E

Vegetative Species List

EcolSciences, Inc.

Environmental Management & Regulatory Compliance

Vegetation Identified Within Block 346.07, Lots 24 & 25 Township of West Deptford Gloucester County, New Jersey

		USACE V Classifie			
SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	AGCP	EMP	<u>NCNE</u>	
TREES					
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	FAC	FAC	FAC	
Fagus grandifolia	American Beech	FACU	FACU	FACU	
Juglans nigra	Black Walnut	UPL	FACU	FACU	
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet-Gum	FAC	FAC	FAC	
Liriodendron tulipifera	Tuliptree	FACU	FACU	FACU	
Prunus serotina	Black Cherry	FACU	FACU	FACU	
Sassafras albidum	Sassafras	FACU	FACU	FACU	
SHRUBS/VINES					
Ilex opaca	American Holly	FAC	FACU	FACU	
Lindera benzoin	Northern Spicebush	FACW	FAC	FACW	
Lonicera japonica	Japanese Honeysuckle	FACU	FACU	FACU	
Sambucus nigra	Elderberry	FACW	FAC	FACW	
Smilax glauca	Catbrier	FAC	FACU	FACU	
Viburnum dentatum	Southern Arrow-Wood	FAC	FAC	FAC	
HERBS					
Alliaria petiolata	Garlic-Mustard	FACU	FACU	FACU	
Geum canadense	White Avens	FAC	FACU	FAC	
Impatiens capensis	Jewelweed	FACW	FACW	FACW	
Mitchella repens	Partridge-Berry	FACU	FACU	FACU	
Symplocarpus foetidus	Skunk-Cabbage	OBL	OBL	OBL	

*Classification Key

NCNE =

OBL - Obligate WetlandAlmost always occur in wetlandsFACW - Facultative WetlandUsually occur in wetlands, but may occur in non-wetlandsFAC - FacultativeOccur in wetlands and non-wetlandsFACU - Facultative UplandUsually occur in non-wetlands, but may occur in wetlandsUPL - Obligate UplandAlmost never occur in wetlands-= Not listedAdmost never occur in wetlandsAGCP =Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain RegionEMP =Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Northcentral and Northeast Region

ATTACHMENT F

Qualifications of Preparers

EcolSciences, Inc.

Environmental Management & Regulatory Compliance

DAVID P. MOSKOWITZ, Ph.D., PWS

EDUCATION:	Ph.D. 2016 - Entomology Rutgers University, New Brunswick, N.J.
	M.S. 2000 - Environmental Policy Studies New Jersey Institute of Technology, Newark, N.J.
	B.A. 1984 - Environmental Studies George Washington University, Washington, D.C.
PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS:	Society of Wetland Scientists Entomological Society of America American Entomological Society Lepidopterists' Society
PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS:	Professional Wetland Scientist - SWS Certified Wetland Delineator - Corps of Engineers USEPA Wetland Delineation - WTI Qualified Ornithologist - NJDEP Qualified Bog Turtle Surveyor – USFWS (NJ, NY, PA, DE, MD)
OTHER:	East Brunswick Environmental Commission, Chair Co-Founder – National Moth Week; Global Citizen Science Founder – Bug Addiction Confessions of a Bug Addict (Facebook) Administrator: Rutgers Entomology Facebook Page Administrator: National Moth Week Facebook Page Administrator: National Moth Week – Caterpillars Facebook Page Wetland Journal Technical Review Board (2000-2002) SWS Certification Review Panel (1998-2001) USFWS N.J. Breeding Bird Survey Coordinator (1995-1997) Roadside and Forage Pollinator Taskforce – North American Pollinator Protection Campaign

EXPERIENCE:

Dr. Moskowitz is a Senior Vice President with EcolSciences, Inc. During the past 34 years, Dr. Moskowitz has conducted more than 7,500 environmental studies for a wide range of clients including government agencies, and the development, legal, engineering and financial professions. These studies have focused on wetland and wildlife issues including delineations, field surveys, mitigation and regulatory compliance as well as Phase I, Phase II and Brownfields Redevelopment. Dr. Moskowitz has also provided expert testimony before numerous municipal boards and the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission and has been qualified as an expert in Superior Court of New Jersey, New Jersey Office of Administrative Law, New Jersey Condemnation Commission, and the Morris County Board of Taxation. Dr. Moskowitz has published widely on wildlife and wetland related topics in both peer-reviewed and popular forums. His insect photographs have also been published both in articles and on the cover of magazines and journals. Dr. Moskowitz has a PhD in Entomology from Rutgers University and his



Dissertation focused on the Life History of the Tiger Spiketail Dragonfly (Cordulegaster erronea). Dr. Moskowitz will be teaching Special Topics in Entomology in Fall, 2018 on "Communicating Entomology via Social Media" at Rutgers University.

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Moskowitz, D. 2016. Life History, Behavior and Conservation of the Tiger Spiketail Dragonfly (*Cordulegaster erronea* Hagen) in New Jersey. Ph.D. Dissertation. Rutgers University.

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Moskowitz, D. and G. Paulson. 2018. First Report of the Hyperparasite *Taeniogonalos gundlachi* (Hymenoptera) from the Cecropia Moth (*Hyalophora cecropia*: Lepidoptera). Entomological News. 127(5): 502-504.

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Tartaglia, E. and D. Moskowitz. 2019. First Record of and Habitat Notes for *Cyzicus mexicanus* Claus (Branchiopoda: Spinicaudata) in New Jersey. Northeastern Naturalist. 26(1): N1-N8.

Moskowitz, D. and M. L. May. Larval Ecology, Habitat, and Emergence Site Selection of the Tiger Spiketail Dragonfly (*Cordulegaster erronea* Hagen) in New Jersey with Implications for Conservation. 2019. Northeastern Naturalist. 26(1): 141-154.

Moskowitz, D. 2019. A second Alaska record for Polix coloradella (Walsingham, 1888) (Lepidoptera: Gelechioidea: Oecophoridae), the "Skunk Moth". Newsletter of the Alaska Entomologists Society. 12(1): 5-8.

Moskowitz, D. 2019. The History of the Rutgers Insect Collection – A New Jersey Treasure Saved Twice (1888-2019). New Jersey Studies. 5(2): 185-245.



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Moskowitz, D. and M. L. May. Mate Recognition and Mating in the Tiger Spiketail Dragonfly (*Cordulegaster erronea* Hagen) (Odonata; Anisoptera).

Moskowitz, Levinson and McMenamin. Historical Pesticide Purchases for A New Jersey Apple Orchard from 1931-1936 and 1943-1945 With Notes on Remnant Pesticide Concentrations in Soil. In Review: Submitted to New Jersey Studies.

Photographic Credits

Monarch Butterfly Cover - Northeastern Naturalist 2001.

Dolichoderus mariae (Ant Colony) – Cover American Entomologist – Fall 2012 (58:3)

Hemaris thysbe (Hummingbird Clearwing Moth) - Cover American Entomologist - Fall 2011 (57:3)

Paranthrene simulans (Hornet Clearwing Moth) - Cover American Entomologist – Fall 2016 (62:3)

Isa textula (Crowned Slug Moth) - Cover American Entomologist - Winter 2016

Wavy-lined Emerald Moth Caterpillar (*Synchlora aerata*) – Plate 7: Moths, Myths, and Mosquitoes: The Eccentric Life of Harrison G. Dyar, Jr. By Marc Epstein. Oxford University Press: 2016.

Cicindela tranquebarica (Oblique-lined Tiger Beetle photographed on snow) – Cover Cicindela – March-June 2016 (48:1-2).

Overwintering Monarchs at El Rosario Monarch Sanctuary, Mexico. Minding Our Monarchs. Wisconsin Natural Resources Magazine. August 2017.

Recent Presentations

Fostering public participation in entomology through social media; Lessons from "Bug Addiction – Confessions of a Bug Addict". 103rd Annual New Jersey Mosquito Control Association Meeting: March 2016, Atlantic City, New Jersey.

The life history, behavior and conservation of the tiger spiketail dragonfly (*Cordulegaster erronea* Hagen) in New Jersey with notes on radiotelemetry studies Session: Contributed Papers: Ecology and Population Dynamics: Sampling. 2016 XXV International Congress of Entomology, Orlando, Florida.

Moths of New Jersey. Mercer County Master Gardeners.

Additional Advanced Training

Identification of Sedges and Rushes - Rutgers University Field Identification of Raptors - University of Maine/Eagle Hill – Humboldt Field Research Station Field Identification of Raptors – New Jersey Audubon Society/CMBO Identification of Adult Dragonflies - University of Maine/Eagle Hill – Humboldt Field Research Station Identification of Larval Dragonflies - University of Maine/Eagle Hill – Humboldt Field Research Station



Systematics & Conservation of Lepidoptera - University of Maine/Eagle Hill – Humboldt Field Research Station

Identification of Microlepidoptera – University of Maine/Eagle Hill – Humboldt Field Research Station



DANIEL BRILL

EDUCATION:	B.A., 1996 – Environmental Studies Richard Stockton College Galloway, New Jersey
EMPLOYMENT:	EcolSciences, Inc. (2001-present)
AREAS OF EXPERTISE:	Threatened & Endangered Species Habitat Assessments and Surveys Geographic Information Systems
PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS:	Rutgers Cook College Office of Continuing Professional Education - Professional Certificate Program in Geomatics Birder Certification Online – Certification Level 3, Bird Conservation Regions 28, 29 & 30 (www.birdercertification.org/)

EXPERIENCE:

Mr. Brill is presently a Senior Environmental Scientist with EcolSciences, Inc. with over 17 years of experience with the company. His particular specialties are in threatened and endangered species studies and the use of Geographic Information Systems (GIS) software as an instrument of environmental analysis.

Mr. Brill has been a birder for over 25 years with 360 bird species observed in New Jersey. He is knowledgeable in their habitats, distribution, and seasonal occurrence. With regards to GIS, Mr. Brill is well-versed in the methodology and species models used to assemble the NJDEP Landscape Project critical habitat map from Versions 1.0 through 3.3.

Prior to his employment with EcolSciences, Mr. Brill was an educator at the Cattus Island Cooper Environmental Center with Ocean County Parks and Recreation and has volunteered with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and New Jersey Audubon Society.

Selected Bird Studies

Contribute to the design, implementation, documentation, and analysis of habitat evaluations and surveys of endangered, threatened, special concern, and other birds. Such studies include:

- Lead Bald Eagle monitor 2012-2014 on a multi-year Public Service Electric & Gas (PSE&G) overhead transmission line right-of-way (ROW) construction project in northern New Jersey in accordance with United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) permit conditions. Three eagle territories in Morris County were in close proximity to construction activities that included intense helicopter use.
- Bald Eagle monitor 2014-2015 at Lake Tappan in Rockland County, New York. A proposed helicopter pad at a corporate facility would be located 1,200 feet from an active nest. EcolSciences prepared a Habitat Assessment Report concluding that measures such as minimizing flights for emergency purposes only and maintaining a 1,000-foot flight buffer from the nest at all times would likely not result in a "take" of Bald Eagle. Therefore, no permit was required from the New York Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) pursuant to the New York State Endangered Species Act.



- Bald Eagle monitor 2014-2019 of a pair that nested on the site of a previously approved residential development at Lake Hopatcong. A take permit was obtained from USFWS. There was no lost productivity from this eagle pair as a result of the development, with young successfully fledged each year from both the on-site nest (even during land clearing and construction activities) and later a second nest less than one half mile away.
- Investigated a suspected alternate Bald Eagle nest located immediately adjacent to the site of a proposed residential development in Schuylkill Township, Pennsylvania. The nest was likely attributable to an eagle pair with an active nest located on the opposite side of a reservoir and in close proximity to an occupied office building. EcolSciences successfully convinced USFWS that the local eagle pair are acclimated to nearby human activity and that the proposed development would not negatively impact the potential future usage of the alternate nest nor the reservoir as foraging habitat. As such, the proposed development did not require an eagle take permit.
- Avian monitor April July 2014 at a ROW construction project on the Raritan Estuary in Middlesex County as required in a NJDEP Waterfront Development Permit. Work activities approached multiple Osprey nests. Several other State-listed birds were observed in the work area including Black-crowned Night-heron, American Bittern, Bald Eagle, Northern Harrier, Least Tern, and Black Skimmer.
- Breeding bird survey of two dredge disposal areas totaling approximately 500 acres along the Delaware River. The survey was conducted to address a special condition of a NJ Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) issued Waterfront Development Permit limiting activities including the placement of dredged material inside the disposal areas March 15 through July 31 to avoid and minimize impacts to nesting birds and prevent impacts to nesting Bald Eagles. A small fraction of the 94 bird species identified during the survey likely nested within the disposal areas. Based on the survey results and site conditions within the disposal areas, EcolSciences determined a plan could be developed to eliminate the timing restrictions.
- Helped conduct a bird/radio tower collision study at five 300 to 400-foot high towers in the New Jersey Meadowlands during the spring and fall migrations in 2004. A total of 108 bird species were observed and feathers or other parts of twelve bird species were located beneath the towers or guy wires.
- Conducted a grassland bird survey on over 500 acres of hayfields surrounding a corporate facility in Hunterdon County. Three obligate grassland birds (Savannah Sparrow, Grasshopper Sparrow, and Bobolink) were found nesting here.
- Other avian studies of raptors such as Red-shouldered Hawk, Cooper's hawk, and Barred Owl; grassland species including Upland Sandpiper, Horned Lark, and Vesper Sparrow; wading birds like Black-crowned Night-heron, Yellow-crowned Night-heron, and Great Blue Heron; secretive marsh birds such as Pied-billed Grebe, Virginia Rail, Sora, Common Gallinule, Least Bittern, and American Bittern; and other birds such as Red-headed Woodpecker and Golden-winged Warbler.

Geographic Information Systems

Almost all projects have a geographic component that can be expressed via maps. Geographic Information Systems software has been used to:

• Quickly determine and effectively communicate potential environmental constraints on a given site including critical wildlife habitat.



- Plot results of wildlife species surveys, establish and quantify critical nesting and foraging habitat according to peer-reviewed models, and develop species management strategies.
- Analyze land use/land cover change over time in areas with records of threatened and endangered birds such as Bald Eagle, Black-crowned Night-heron, Barred Owl, and Red-headed Woodpecker.

Other Applicable Experience

- Co-authored an Avian Survey Protocol for the PSE&G overhead transmission ROWs. The objective of the protocols is to provide a consistent framework in which to survey and evaluate habitat for birds addressed in the Utility ROW No Harm Best Management Practices (BMPs) developed by the NJ Endangered and Nongame Species Program (ENSP) ahead of scheduled vegetation maintenance activities. Data collected will be reviewed by PSE&G environmental managers, who will authorize relief from seasonal restrictions listed in the BMPs where warranted.
- Participated in a panel assembled by ENSP to assess or reassess the status of over 170 bird species occurring in New Jersey. This was accomplished via the Delphi Technique that entailed five rounds of voting and considered materials provided by ENSP and comments and expert opinions of panel members.
- Presented at the Endangered and Nongame Species Advisory Committee meeting September 21, 2010 as part of a gathering of various users of the NJDEP Landscape Project critical wildlife habitat map to discuss its application, strengths, limitations, and suggested improvements.
- Assisted the annual Sandy Hook Hawk Watch for New Jersey Audubon Society in spring of 2000 and 2001. Fifteen or more species of diurnal raptors can be expected at this location.
- Project assistance for Neotropical Passerine Critical Areas: Pinelands Survey (Landscape Project for Protection of Rare Species). The objective of this 1999 NJDEP-sponsored study was to determine the distribution, abundance, and habitat characteristics of neotropical birds and other observed species.
- Participation in the New Jersey Breeding Bird Atlas with data contributed towards *Birds of New Jersey* (Walsh, Elia, Kane, and Halliwell, 1999) published by the New Jersey Audubon Society. Work involved identifying and recording all breeding bird species and observed behaviors in predetermined survey blocks.
- Present volunteer monitor of a nesting pair of State-endangered Peregrine Falcons in New Brunswick.
- Submitted multiple ENSP Rare Wildlife Sighting Report forms documenting observations of endangered, threatened, and special concern birds.
- Frequent contributor to eBird, submitting multiple rare and unusual local records.
- Present coordinator of the Assunpink Christmas Bird Count (CBC). Participant in other CBCs.



MICHAEL J. LEVINSON, PWS

EDUCATION:	M.S., 2018– Biology: Ecology and Evolution Montclair State University, Montclair, N.J. Thesis: Impacts of Drainage Basin Characteristics on Macroinvertebrate Communities in the Upper Passaic River B.S., 2008 – Environmental Science, Concentration in Pollution Science
	Cook College, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, N.J.
AREAS OF EXPERTISE:	Regulatory Assessments and Constraints Analysis Wetland Delineations & Regulatory Review Threatened & Endangered Species Survey & Studies Environmental Impact Assessment Construction Monitoring & Management Geographic Information System Software Projects
PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS:	Professional Wetland Scientist – Society of Wetland Scientists Wetland Delineation Certificate – Rutgers University OCPE OSHA 40 Hour HAZWOPER
PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS:	Member of the Society of Wetland Scientists

EXPERIENCE:

Mr. Levinson is a Senior Project Manager with EcolSciences, Inc. and has more than ten years of environmental experience. Mr. Levinson has managed and participated in a wide variety of projects related to: wetland delineation, wetland mitigation, land use permitting, environmental impact assessment & statement preparation and threatened & endangered species surveys. Additionally, Mr. Levinson is experienced in conducting site investigation (phase I and phase II), sampling of hazardous materials and the remedial investigation of contaminated sites. He has worked on a variety of projects and is familiar with local, state and federal regulations throughout the country and has used his skills in GIS mapping, regulatory compliance, and permit application preparation in order to assure that clients comply with all applicable regulations.



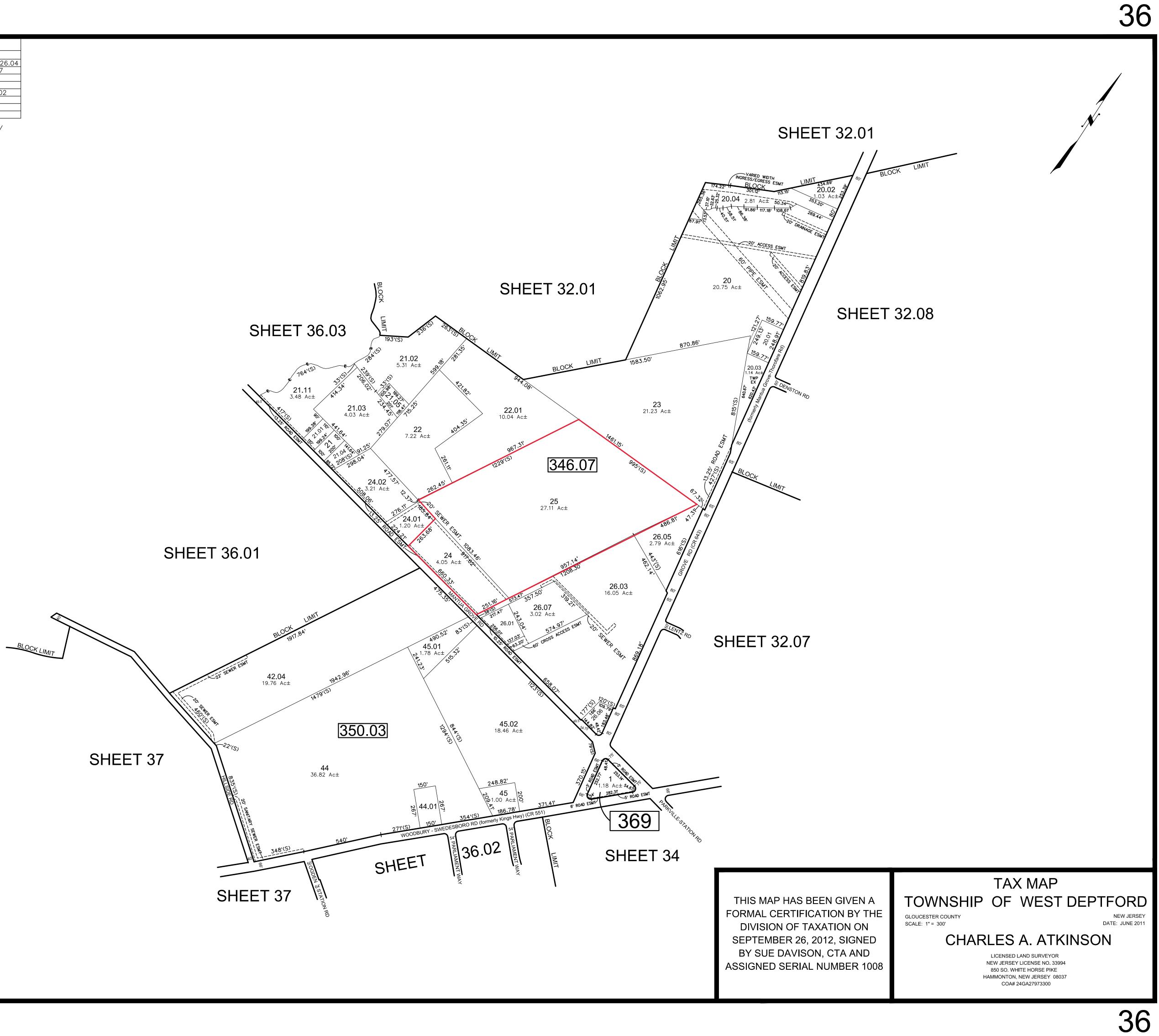
A summary of Mr. Levinson's relevant experience includes:

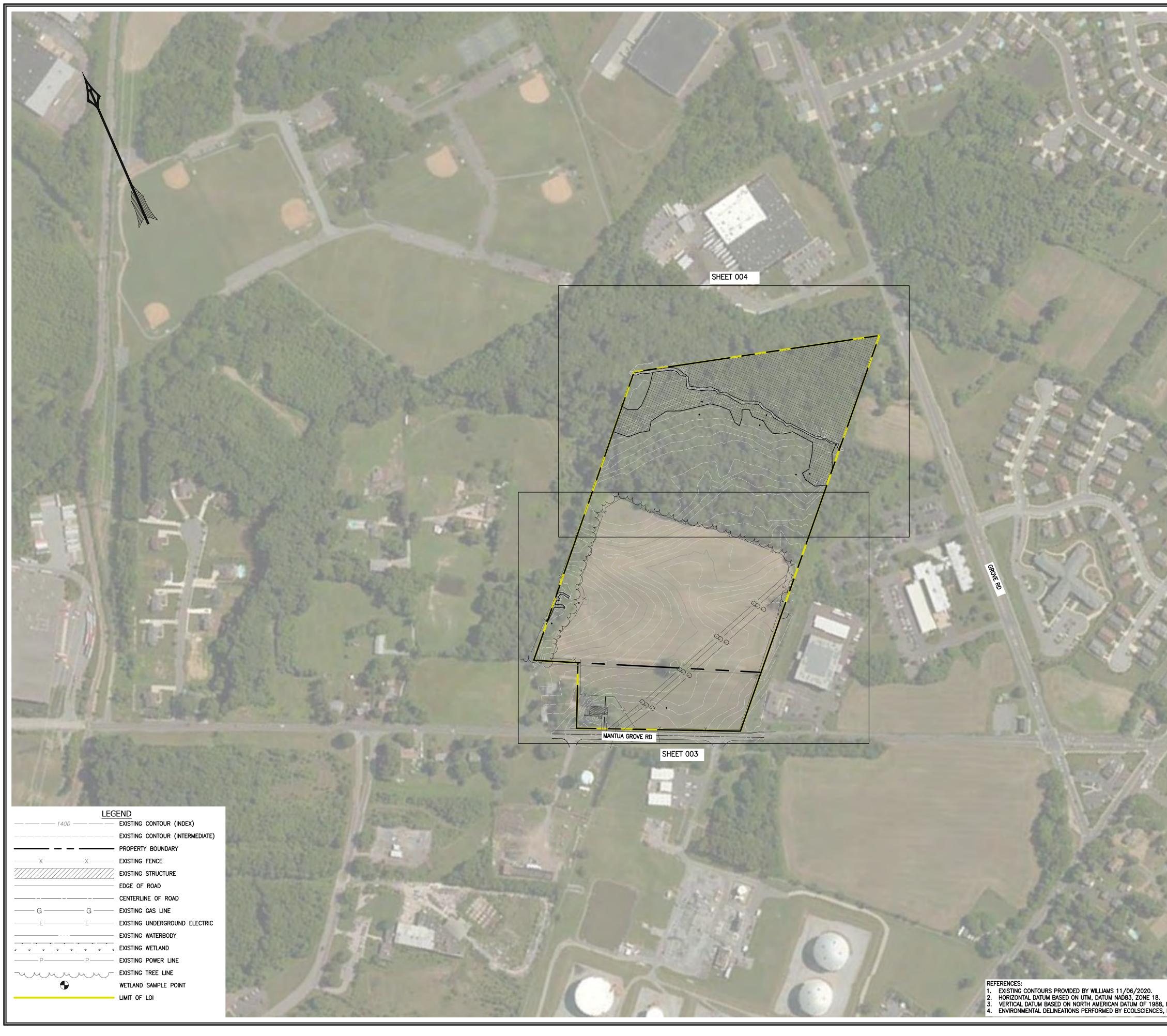
- Wetland delineations based on the Federal Manual three-parameter approach using indicators of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology.
- Preparation of Environmental Impact Statements, Letters of Interpretation, Transition Area Waivers, General / Individual Permits, CAFRA / Waterfront Development Permits and U.S. Army Corps permits for numerous development projects throughout NJ.
- Preliminary environmental studies, permitting, construction monitoring and site inspections for major electric and gas utility maintenance, upgrade and construction projects.
- Phase I, II and III habitat evaluations and surveys for the Federally-threatened and Stateendangered bog turtle (Glyptemys muhlenbergii) in NJ, NY and PA.
- Coordinate and assist with field surveys for the State-endangered blue-spotted salamander (Ambystoma laterale), northern goshawk (Accipiter gentiles), red-shouldered hawk (Buteo lineatus), timber rattlesnake (Crotalus horridus) and southern gray treefrog (Hyla chrysoscelis), and the State-threatened red-headed woodpecker (Melanerpes erythrocephalus), barred owl (Strix varia), wood turtle (Glyptemys insculpta), northern pine snake (Pituophis melanoleucus melanoleucus) and pine barrens treefrog (Hyla andersonii) on proposed development properties throughout New Jersey.
- Coordinate and assist with field surveys for rare plants including, among many others, the Federally-endangered northeastern bulrush (Scirpus ancistrochaetus), the Federally-threatened small whorled pogonia (Isotria medeoloides) and swamp pink (Helonias bullata) and the NJ Pinelands Commission listed little ladies' tresses (Spiranthes tuberosa).
- Vernal habitat surveys in accordance with survey protocols developed by the NJDEP and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC).



	REVIS	SIONS		
DATE	BY	LIC.NO	BLOCK	LOT
01/2013	CHARLES A. ATKINSON-PLS	33994	346.07	26,26.02-26.04
01/2013	CHARLES A. ATKINSON-PLS	33994	346.07	26.06,27
05/2015	CHARLES A. ATKINSON-PLS	33994	346.07	24
07/2015	CHARLES A. ATKINSON-PLS	33994	346.07	24
08/2019	CHARLES E. ADAMSON	42627	346.07	24-24.02

* THIS SHEET HAS BEEN DRAWN USING COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING/ DESIGN (CAD/D) AND COORDINATE GEOMETRY (COGO).





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	201-W	1
LINE #	BEARING	DISTANCE
W1-L1	S46•15'11"W	38.58'
W1-L2	S23•27'46"W	50.19'
W1-L3	S17•53'08"W	12.31'
W1-L4	N70 ° 47'40"W	48.89'
W1-L5	N30°51'59"W	45.65'
W1-L6	N00°28'37"W	29.24'
W1-L7	N82•14'38"E	30.93'
W1-L8	N35°14'22"E	63.34'
W1-L9	N28•53'16"E	44.61'
W1-L10	N37•50'24"W	47.28'
W1-L11	N37•58'24"W	45.52'
W1-L12	N79 ° 38'51 " W	38.85'
W1-L13	N62°04'38"W	42.94'
W1-L14	N19°09'28"W	31.13'
W1-L15	N06°25'29"W	31.75'
W1-L16	N44•32'26"W	48.03'
W1-L17	N00°45'25"E	31.60'
W1-L18	N70°02'10"W	28.88'
W1-L19	S24•09'56"W	32.19'
W1-L20	S41°50'29"W	34.03'
W1-L21	N29°51'29"W	22.70'
W1-L22	N01°09'34"E	54.54'
W1-L23	N44•38'25"W	45.45'
W1-L24	N52 ° 29'35"W	37.27'
W1-L25	N79 • 59'23"W	46.03'
W1-L26	N79 • 14'59"W	75.09'
W1-L27	N66•59'05"W	58.02'
W1-L28	S81•17'21"W	73.67'
W1-L29	S34•57'33"W	40.19'
W1-L30	N75 ° 40'12"W	38.18'
W1-L31	N86°47'09"W	50.83'
W1-L32	N46°39'35"W	63.57 '

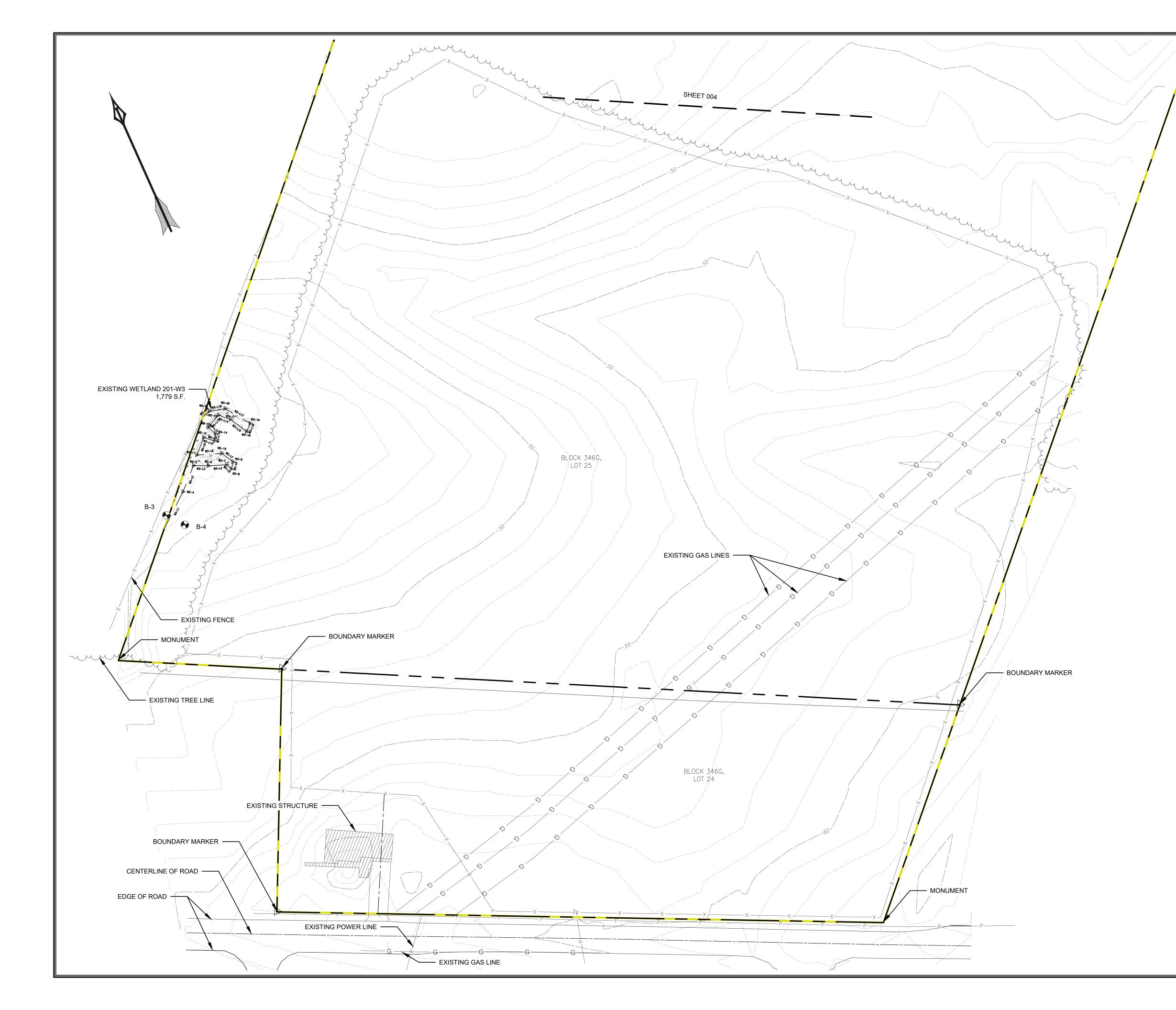
201-W2							
LINE #	LINE # BEARING						
W2-L1	N36•54'44"E	48.12 '					
W2-L2	N44 * 55'17"E	47.33'					
W2-L3	N48°38'27"E	43.77'					
W2-L4	N70°32'32"E	22.38'					
W2-L5	S66°43'24"E	36.58'					
W2-L6	S37°22'28"E	28.06'					

201-W	'3
BEARING	DISTANCE
S50*58'23"W	45.32'
S45*46'21"W	30.82'
N64°21'13"W	16.47'
N69 * 41'21"W	19.78'
N23°07'57"W	7.14'
S36•14'53"W	7.93'
S28•33'58"E	15.39'
S69*50'01"E	27.22'
S45*05'51"W	20.63'
N47°15'42"W	12.53'
S31*01'24"W	7.99'
S25*00'38"E	10.87'
S65*05'16"W	17.52'
N46°19'20"W	13.70'
N28*53'56"W	22.27'
S46*56'20"W	9.85'
S36°00'32"E	31.84'
S75•19'57"E	17.30'
N74°30'40"E	8.32'
	BEARING S50°58'23"W S45°46'21"W N64°21'13"W N69°41'21"W N23°07'57"W S36°14'53"W S28°33'58"E S69°50'01"E S45°05'51"W N47°15'42"W S31°01'24"W S25°00'38"E S65°05'16"W N46°19'20"W N28°53'56"W S46°56'20"W S36°00'32"E S75°19'57"E

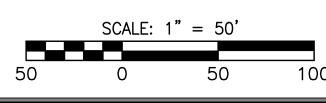
	201–S ²	1
LINE #	BEARING	DISTANCE
S1-L1	N10 ° 44'19"W	9.06'
S1-L2	N04°33'51"E	13.44'
S1-L3	N43°46'14"W	12.57'
S1-L4	N87*20'37"W	7.62'
S1-L5	N32°20'45"W	30.80'
S1-L6	N62•57'35"W	18.10'
S1-L7	N50°02'31"W	30.83'
S1-L8	N36°20'19"W	37.02'
S1-L9	N38°45'34"W	31.47'
S1-L10	N48°00'28"W	18.19'
S1-L11	N31°49'04"W	17.91'
S1-L12	N77°00'36"W	18.15'
S1-L13	N17 ° 44'33 " W	20.51'
S1-L14	N42°30'27"W	15.42'
S1-L15	N34 • 36'38"W	29.28'
S1-L16	N06*53'36"W	20.19'
S1-L17	N39°29'52"W	34.11'
S1-L18	N18•36'25"W	25.96'
S1-L19	N61°36'37"W	43.78'
S1-L20	N71°10'59 " W	26.68'
S1-L21	N33°53'03"W	25.81'
S1-L22	N37 * 38'57"W	16.80'
S1-L23	N32•24'12"W	18.38'
S1-L24	N45°20'26"W	24.67'
S1-L25	N62•50'53"W	18.85'
S1-L26	N10°08'48"W	15.63'
S1-L27	N57 * 40'27"W	13.15'
S1-L28	N62*19'37"W	21.54'
S1-L29	N73 ° 54'59"W	20.41'
S1-L30	N59°12'01"W	58.90'
S1–L31	N00*50'25"W	9.41'
S1-L32	N19 * 45'59"E	40.96'
S1-L33	N50°47'53"W	25.47'
S1-L34	N20°15'18"W	20.78'
S1-L35	N52•57'42"W	22.97'
S1-L36	N72 * 45'37 " W	55.02'
S1-L37	N77 ° 02 ' 37 " W	40.76'
S1-L38	N61°00'15"W	22.30'
S1-L39	N86'07'06"W	25.01'
S1-L40	N54 ° 38'15"W	11.87'

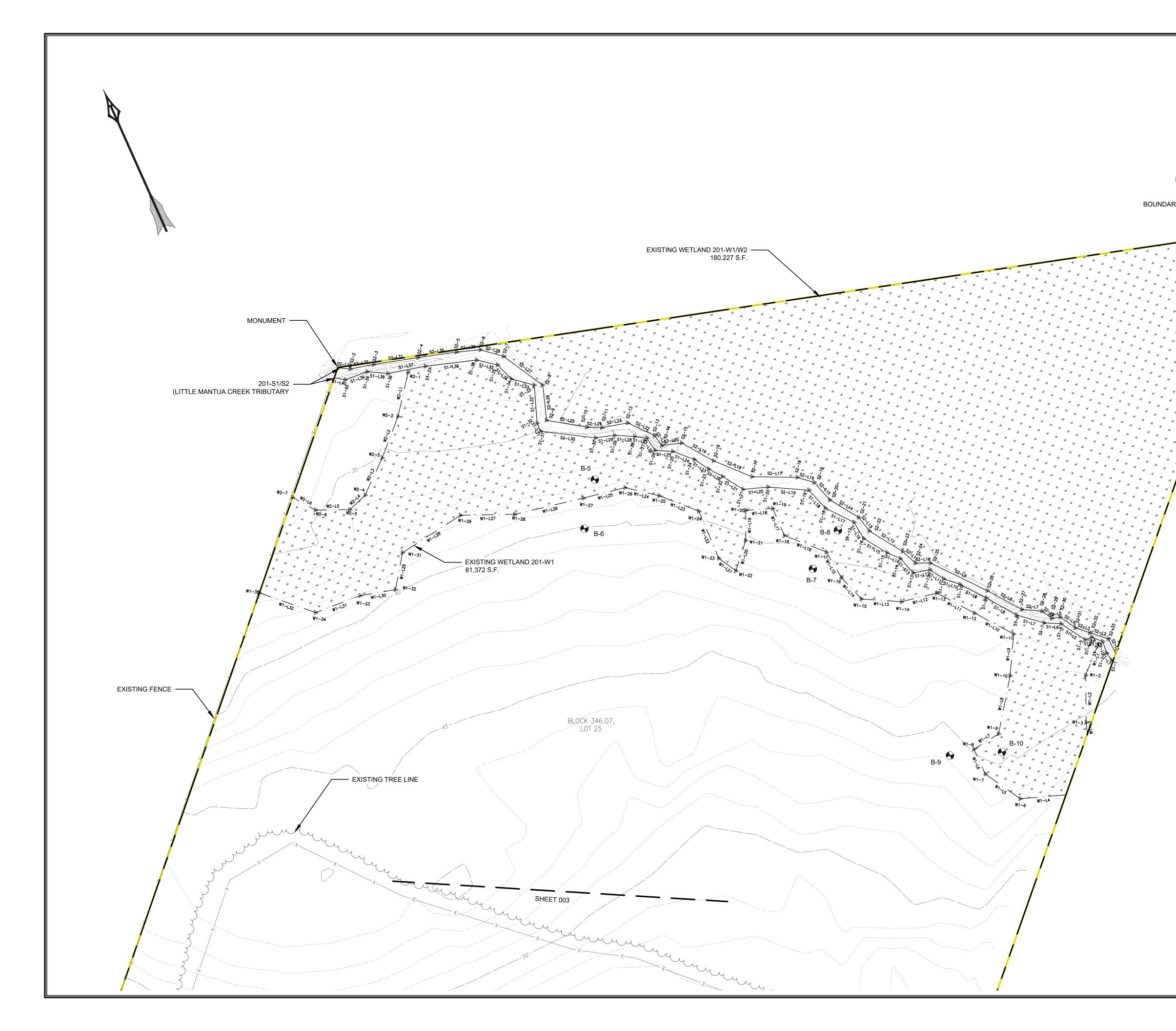
	201–S	2
LINE #	BEARING	DISTANCE
S2-L1	S02 * 43'42"E	17.37'
S2-L2	S47°37'07"E	20.71'
S2-L3	S47°01'49"E	16.31'
S2-L4	S30°42'44"E	19.79'
S2–L5	S74°29'59"E	9.28'
S2-L6	S28°49'12"E	12.74'
S2-L7	S61°03'11"E	21.57'
S2–L8	S37°35'40"E	41.98'
S2-L9	S39°54'52"E	67.57'
S2-L10	S65*59'13"E	16.18'
S2-L11	S23°49'27"E	18.30'
S2-L12	S34°23'18"E	41.70 '
S2-L13	S13°54'11"E	18.40'
S2-L14	S34•40'09"E	36.12'
S2-L15	S17 ° 47'04"E	24.95'
S2-L16	S49 ° 27'28"E	18.75'
S2-L17	S65°10'06"E	48.31'
S2-L18	S43°28'27"E	44.60'
S2-L19	S36°46'13"E	39.00'
S2-L20	S73°08'17"E	21.21'
S2-L21	S12•16'07"E	13.13'
S2-L22	S40°54'29"E	31.74'
S2-L23	S76•16'06"E	27.95'
S2-L24	S64•19'57"E	16.00'
S2-L25	S56°11'33"E	43.75'
S2-L26	S17 ° 55'45"W	37.43'
S2-L27	S29'29'57"E	52.10'
S2-L28	S50°03'10"E	25.67'
S2-L29	S71°27'56"E	25.64'
S2-L30	S74•04'58"E	41.32'
S2-L31	S74•44'10"E	48.01'
S2-L32	S77 ° 04'51"E	25.61'
S2-L33	S59 ° 38'17"E	13.34'

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