

**Appendix K
Flood Hazard Area Engineering Reports**

BL England Flood Hazard Area Engineering Report

ENGINEERING REPORT for FLOOD HAZARD AREA VERIFICATION

For:

BL ENGLAND ONSHORE SUBSTATION AND ONSHORE CABLE ROUTE

**BLOCK 479, LOT 76
UPPER TOWNSHIP AND OCEAN CITY
CAPE MAY COUNTY
NEW JERSEY**

Ocean Wind 1

An Ørsted & PSEG project

Applicant/Owner:

Ocean Wind 1

Prepared By:



E2 Project Management

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July 2022

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining and preparing the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for knowingly submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

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1.0 Executive Summary

This Flood Hazard Area Verification Engineering Report is being submitted as the material required to fulfill the regulatory requirements for the Flood Hazard Control Act (FHACA) Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:13-1.1 et seq.) for determining the flood hazard area design flood elevation (FHADFE) and limits of the flood hazard area (FHA) for the proposed BL England onshore electrical substation in Upper Township, and the onshore electrical cable route that will run from the BL England Substation, through Upper Township and Ocean City in Cape May County, to the Atlantic Ocean. This report serves as the Engineering Report for the application and has been prepared in accordance with the following:

- NJDEP Flood Hazard Area Control Act (FHACA) Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:13), last amended October 5, 2021; and
- NJDEP Flood Hazard Technical Manual (2018).

FHA verification is required because flood hazard areas are shown on FEMA's Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) in the vicinity of the project area. All elevations within this report refer to the NAVD 88 vertical datum unless otherwise noted.

The proposed improvements are part of the Ocean Wind 1 project, which is a 1.1 GW offshore wind farm being proposed approximately 15 miles off the coast of Atlantic City, New Jersey. An offshore substation will be constructed to collect wind turbine partial outputs from the offshore wind farm. As part of this project, one (1) circuit of offshore 275 kV sub-sea cables, also known as export cables, will make landfall in Ocean City, New Jersey and terminate at the proposed BL England Substation (see Figures 1 and 2). The BL England Substation and the export cable route through Ocean City and Upper Township are the primary points of discussion within this report.

1.1 Site and Project Description

The BL England Substation is planned to be a 275/138kV high voltage AC substation and is proposed to be located near the decommissioned BL England Generating Station (also known as the Beesleys Point Generating Station) on Block 479, Lot 76 in Upper Township in the northern part of Cape May County. In general, the purpose of the substation is to transform the voltage from the 275kV connection from the wind farm to the 138kV voltage commonly used in New Jersey and used at nearby utility substations, as well as to provide sufficient harmonic filtration and reactive compensation for power stability. The export cables will enter the proposed B. L. England Substation property off Clay Avenue to the east. The cable route runs south/southwest down New Jersey State Highway Route 9 then runs southeast down Roosevelt Boulevard where it eventually enters the Atlantic Ocean off 35th Street in Ocean City, New Jersey (see Figures 1 and 2).

B. L. England Substation

The former Beesleys Point Generating Station property is located adjacent to the Great Egg Harbor Bay and the Tuckahoe River. The BL England Substation will be located on a 10.5-acre parcel that will be subdivided off the east side of the overall 298.6-acre Beesleys Point Generating Station property. The BL England Substation will front on Clay Street to the northeast and generally be bound by the former generating station to the north, south, east and west. Residential properties are located further away to the southeast (see Figure 1 and 2) of the proposed substation parcel. The 10.5-acre parcel of land proposed for

development for the substation is the former BL England Golf Course with existing grades being generally flat varying from elevation 4 (NAVD 88) to elevation 7.

Onshore Export Cable Route

The underground onshore export cable will be installed between the BL England Substation and the Atlantic Ocean within municipal street rights-of-way running through residential neighborhoods in Upper Township and Ocean City, New Jersey. Part of the cable route will be installed via horizontal directional drilling (HDD) under the Peck Bay/Crook Horn Creek, as shown on Figures 1 and 2.

2.0 Regulatory Requirements

2.1 Flood Hazard Area Verification

This application requests FHA Verification under Method 2 (N.J.A.C. 7:13-3.4(d)), FEMA delineation of tidally-influenced water bodies. Table 2-1 lists the effective FEMA FIRMs that cover the BL England Substation and export cable route and were referenced to determine the location of floodways and flood hazard areas that will be impacted by this project. It should be noted that the project area has not been studied or delineated by the NJDEP. For regulated waters for which a NJDEP delineation does not exist, the flood hazard area and floodway can be determined using Method 2 for tidally influenced surface waters mapped on FEMA FIRMs. If both a NJDEP delineated study (Method 1) and a FEMA flood insurance study (Method 2) are available for a regulated water, the flood hazard area and/or floodway are determined based on whichever method results in a higher flood hazard area design flood elevation (FHADFE) and wider floodway limit.

Table 2-1 – FEMA FIRM Maps

Location	Map			NJDEP Delineated Map
	Type	Number	Map Date	
Upper Township, Cape May County, NJ Starting at Block 479, Lot 76 to NJ Route 9 intersection with Staples Court	Effective Map	34009C0067F	10/5/2017	None
Upper Township, Cape May County, NJ Starting at NJ Route 9 intersection with Staples Court to intersection with Roosevelt Blvd ending at bridge over Great Egg Harbor Bay	Effective Map	34009C0069F	10/5/2017	None
Ocean City, Cape May County, NJ Starting at bridge over Great Egg Harbor Bay ending at 35 th Street and Asbury Ave	Effective Map	34009C0088F	10/5/2017	None
Ocean City, Cape May County, NJ Starting at 35 th Street and Asbury Ave and ending at 35 th Street and	Effective Map	34009C0176F	10/5/2017	None

the Atlantic Ocean				
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Based on the FEMA FIRMs listed in Table 2-1, the project area lies within the Zone AE – “Base Flood Elevations” determined for the Tuckahoe River/Great Egg Harbor Bay and Atlantic Ocean, which are all tidally influenced water bodies (see Figure 4 and Appendix A). Since the regulated waterbodies are all tidally influenced, the flood hazard area design flood elevation is the same as the 100-year base flood elevation in accordance with NJAC 7:13-3.4(d)1. Table 2-2 below provides the 100-year base flood elevation and flood hazard area design flood elevations located throughout the project area.

Table 2-2 – 100-Year Base Flood and FHA Design Flood Elevation

Location/FIRM Map Number	Regulated Water Body	FEMA 100-Year Base Flood (NAVD 88)	FHADFE
Upper Township, Cape May County, NJ Starting at Block 479, Lot 76 to Clay Avenue /34009C0067F	Tuckahoe River/Great Egg Harbor Bay	9	9
Upper Township, Cape May County, NJ Starting at Clay Avenue ending at intersection with US/34009C0067F	Tuckahoe River/Great Egg Harbor Bay	8	8
Upper Township, Cape May County, NJ Starting at Roosevelt Blvd and Garden State Parkway underpass ending at parkway exit ramp/34009C0069F	Great Egg Harbor Bay	9	9
Upper Township, Cape May County, NJ Starting at Roosevelt Blvd/parkway exit ramp ending at bridge over Great Egg Harbor Bay/34009C0069F	Great Egg Harbor Bay	10	10
Upper Township, Cape May County, NJ Starting at bridge over Great Egg Harbor Bay ending at 35 th Street and Asbury Ave/34009C0088F	Great Egg Harbor Bay	9	9
Ocean City, Cape May County, NJ Starting at 35 th Street and Central Ave and ending at 35 th Street and Wesley Ave/34009C0088F	Atlantic Ocean	8	8

Ocean City, Cape May County, NJ Starting at 35 th Street and Wesley Ave and ending at 35 th Street and Atlantic Ocean/34009C0088F	Atlantic Ocean	9	9
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The 100-year base flood elevations and FHADFEs listed above were used to delineate the flood hazard areas for the project based on local topography. This delineation is shown on Figures 5 through 12.

3.0 Determining the Riparian Zone

According to the NJDEP GIS digital data layer entitled, “Surface Water Quality Classifications”, the Crook Horn Creek, the Tuckahoe River, the uncoded tributaries, the Flat Creek and its tributaries throughout the adjacent wetlands are classified as a FW2-NT/SE1. These ditches and water bodies are not utilized for trout production or trout maintenance. Therefore, the width of the riparian zones for these features would 50 feet, as measured landward from the top of bank, or the edge of open water. However, the proposed location of the BL England Substation and the export cable route, including the horizontal direction drilling sending and receiving pits adjacent to the Crook Horn Creek, are not close enough to any of these water bodies that riparian zones could be impacted. Therefore, this application does not request a riparian zone verification.

4.0 Conclusion

The purpose of this FHA verification application is to establish the limits of the FHA, based on Method 2 - FEMA tidal mapping along the project area for the Tuckahoe River, Great Egg Harbor Bay, and the Atlantic Ocean.

~END~

FIGURES



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PROJECT NAME
OCEAN WIND OFFSHORE WIND
BL ENGLAND ON SHORE
SUBSTATION AND
ONSITE CABLE ROUTE
UPPER TOWNSHIP, NEW JERSEY
BLOCK 479, LOT 76

DRAWING TITLE

USGS SITE LOCATION MAP

CHECKED BY: ENS	DRAWN BY: ENS
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SCALE: NTS	
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FIG 1



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N.J. ENGINEERING CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 24GA28118200 <small>I CERTIFY THAT THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED UNDER MY SUPERVISION</small>			
PROJECT NAME OCEAN WIND OFFSHORE WIND BL ENGLAND ON SHORE SUBSTATION AND ONSHORE CABLE ROUTE UPPER TOWNSHIP, NEW JERSEY BLOCK 479, LOT 76			
DRAWING TITLE AERIAL SITE LOCATION MAP			
CHECKED BY: ENS		DRAWN BY: ENS	
SCALE: 1" = 2000'			
PROJECT #: P-21-58-01		FIRST ISSUE: 1/13/2022	
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NORTH



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0 2500 5000 10000
SCALE: 1"=5000'

FIG 3

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BL ENGLAND ON SHORE
SUBSTATION AND
ONSHORE CABLE ROUTE
UPPER TOWNSHIP, NEW JERSEY
BLOCK 479, LOT 76

DRAWING TITLE
WATERSHED
MANAGEMENT AREA MAP

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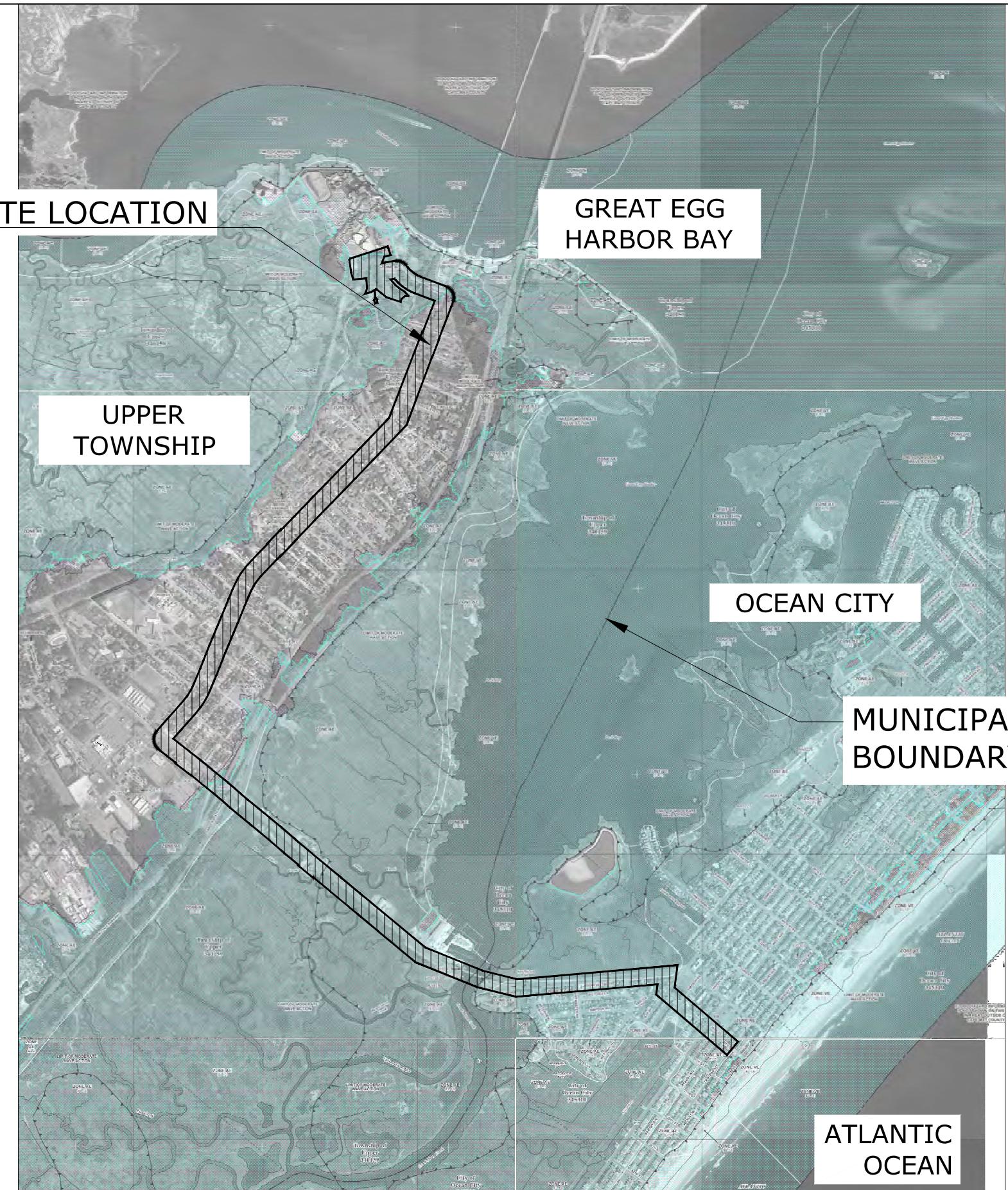
SCALE: 1" = 5000'

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FIG 3

NORTH



REFERENCES:
THE BASE MAP SHOWN HEREIN IS FROM EFFECTIVE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAPS NUMBER 34009C0067F, 34009C0069F, 34009C0086F, 34009C0088F, 34009C0157F, AND 34009C0176F DATED OCTOBER 5, 2017.

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DRAWING TITLE
FEMA FLOOD MAP

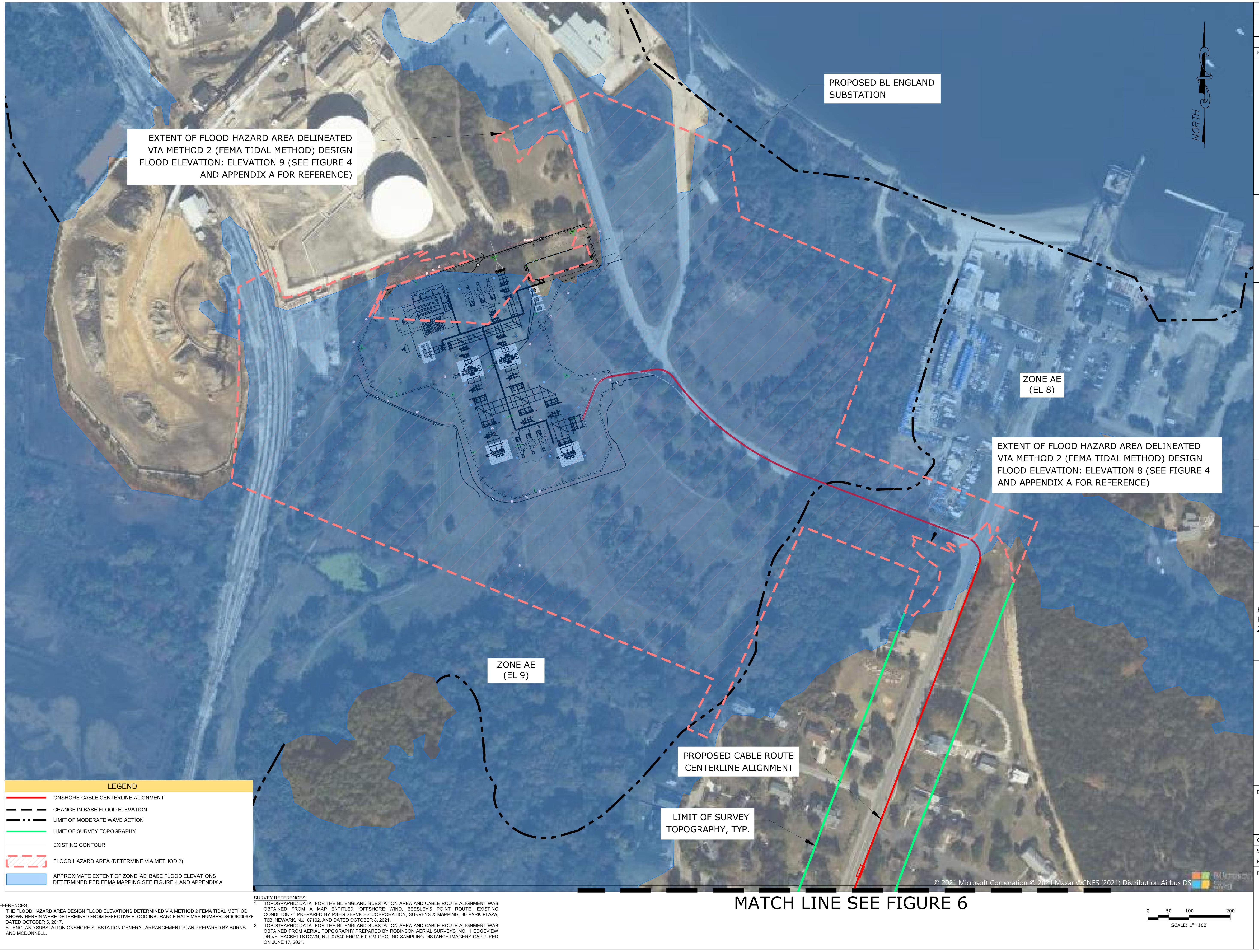
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FIG 4



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LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER



OCEAN WIND OFFSHORE WIND
BL ENGLAND ONSHORE
SUBSTATION AND
ONSHPRE CABLE ROUTE
UPPER TOWNSHIP, NEW JERSEY
BLOCK 479, LOT 76

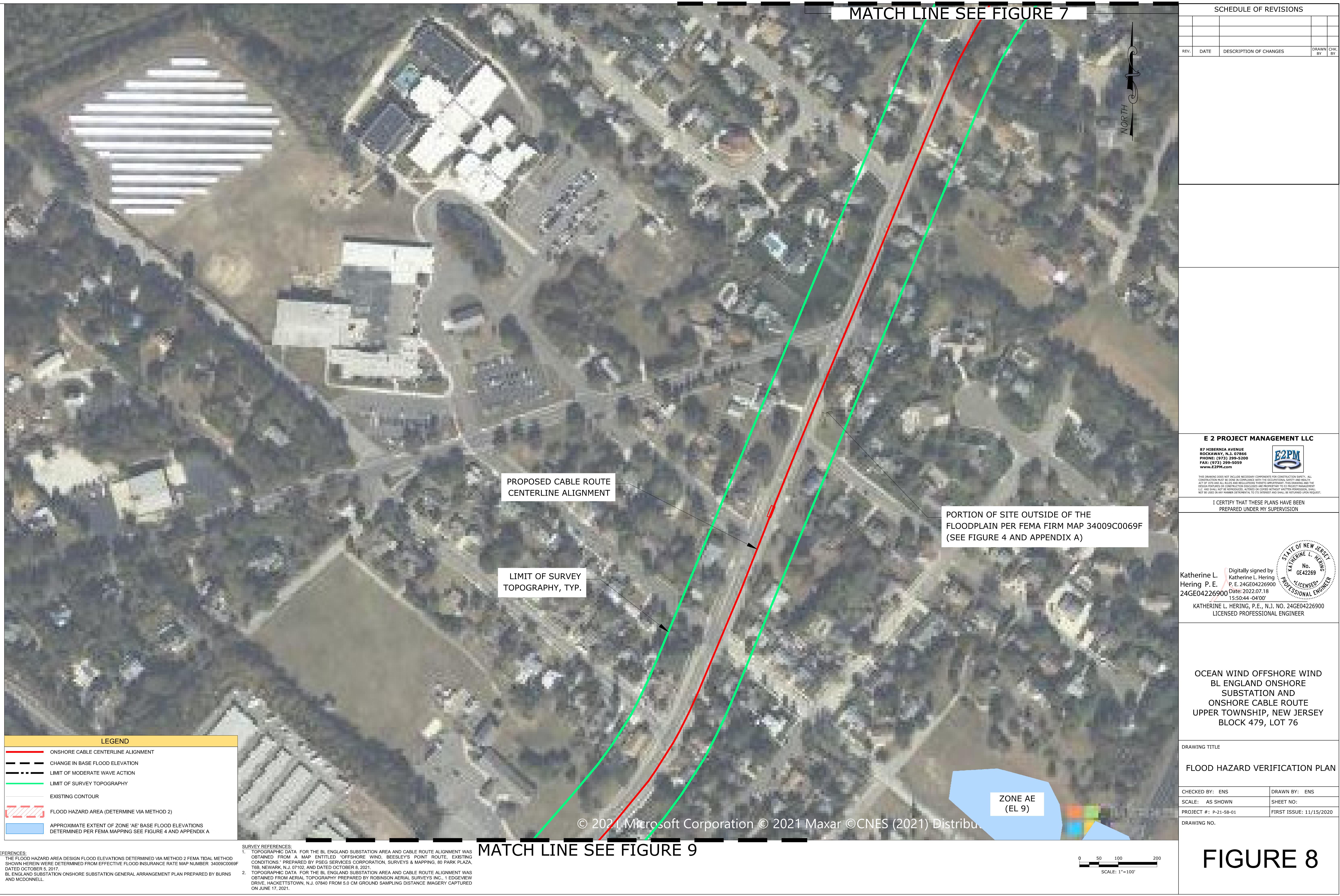
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FIGURE 5



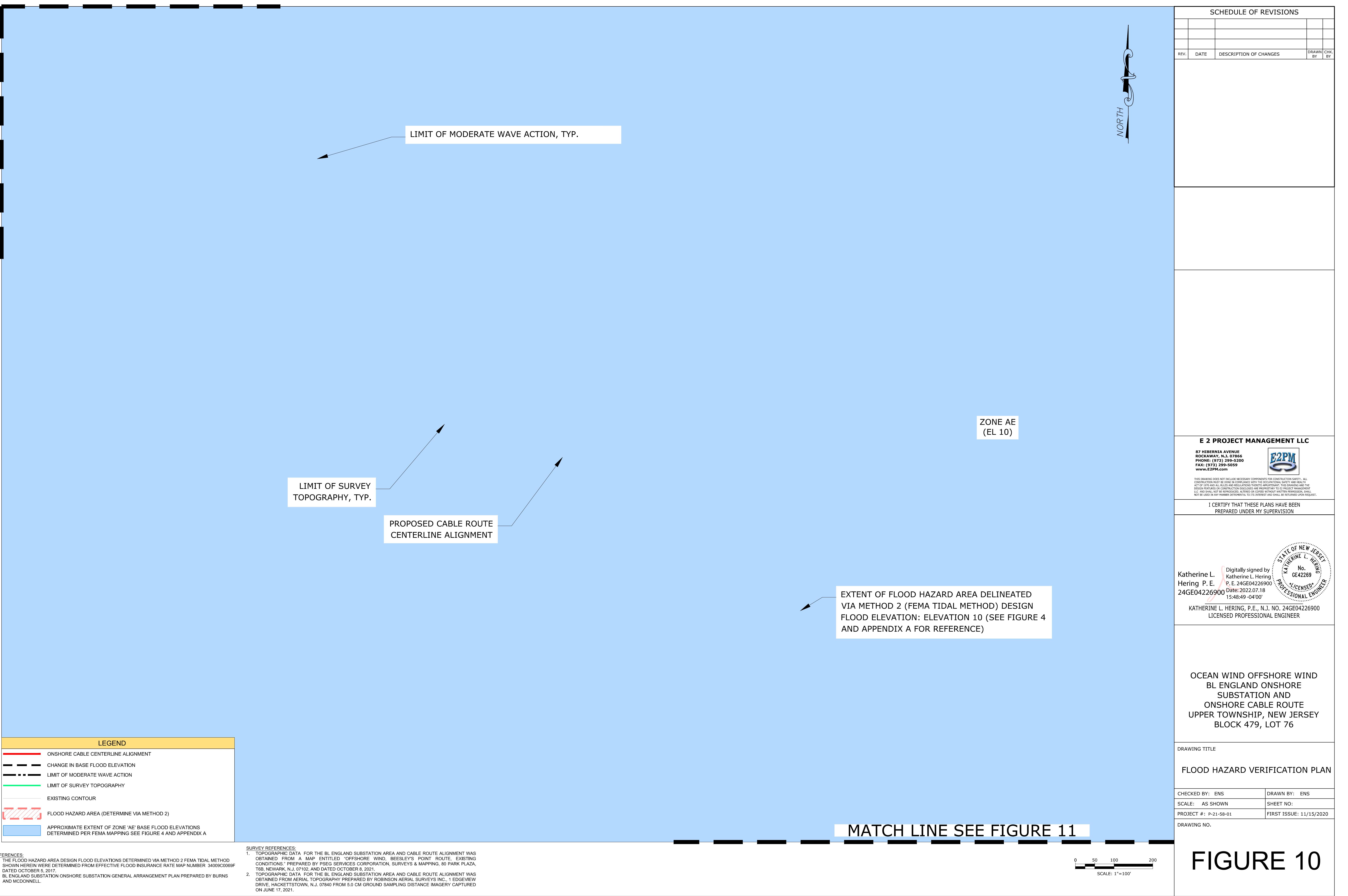


FIGURE 7





MATCH LINE SEE FIGURE 9



MATCH LINE SEE FIGURE 10

LIMIT OF SURVEY
TOPOGRAPHY, TYP.

PROPOSED CABLE ROUTE
CENTERLINE ALIGNMENT

EXTENT OF FLOOD HAZARD AREA DELINEATED
VIA METHOD 2 (FEMA TIDAL METHOD) DESIGN
FLOOD ELEVATION: ELEVATION 9 (SEE FIGURE 4
AND APPENDIX A FOR REFERENCE)

LIMIT OF MODERATE
WAVE ACTION, TYP.

ZONE AE
(EL 9)

ZONE AE
(EL 10)

NORTH

MATCH LINE SEE FIGURE 12

LEGEND	
	ONSHORE CABLE CENTERLINE ALIGNMENT
	CHANGE IN BASE FLOOD ELEVATION
	LIMIT OF MODERATE WAVE ACTION
	LIMIT OF SURVEY TOPOGRAPHY
	EXISTING CONTOUR
	FLOOD HAZARD AREA (DETERMINE VIA METHOD 2)
	APPROXIMATE EXTENT OF ZONE 'AE' BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS DETERMINED PER FEMA MAPPING SEE FIGURE 4 AND APPENDIX A

REFERENCES:
1. THE FLOOD HAZARD AREA DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATIONS DETERMINED VIA METHOD 2 FEMA TIDAL METHOD SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED FROM EFFECTIVE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP NUMBER 34009C0069F AND 34009C008BF DATED OCTOBER 5, 2017.
2. BL ENGLAND SUBSTATION ONSHORE SUBSTATION GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN PREPARED BY BURNS AND MCDONNELL.

SURVEY REFERENCES:
1. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA FOR THE BL ENGLAND SUBSTATION AREA AND CABLE ROUTE ALIGNMENT WAS OBTAINED FROM A MAP ENTITLED "OFFSHORE WIND BEESLEYS POINT ROUTE EXISTING CONDITIONS" PREPARED BY PSEG SERVICES CORPORATION, SURVEYS & MAPPING, 80 PARK PLAZA, T6B, NEWARK, NJ, 07102, AND DATED OCTOBER 8, 2021.
2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA FOR THE BL ENGLAND SUBSTATION AREA AND CABLE ROUTE ALIGNMENT WAS OBTAINED FROM AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY PREPARED BY ROBINSON AERIAL SURVEYS INC., 1 EDGEVIEW DRIVE, HACKETTSTOWN, NJ, 07840 FROM 5.0 CM GROUND SAMPLING DISTANCE IMAGERY CAPTURED ON JUNE 17, 2021.

0 50 100 200
SCALE: 1"=100'

FIGURE 11

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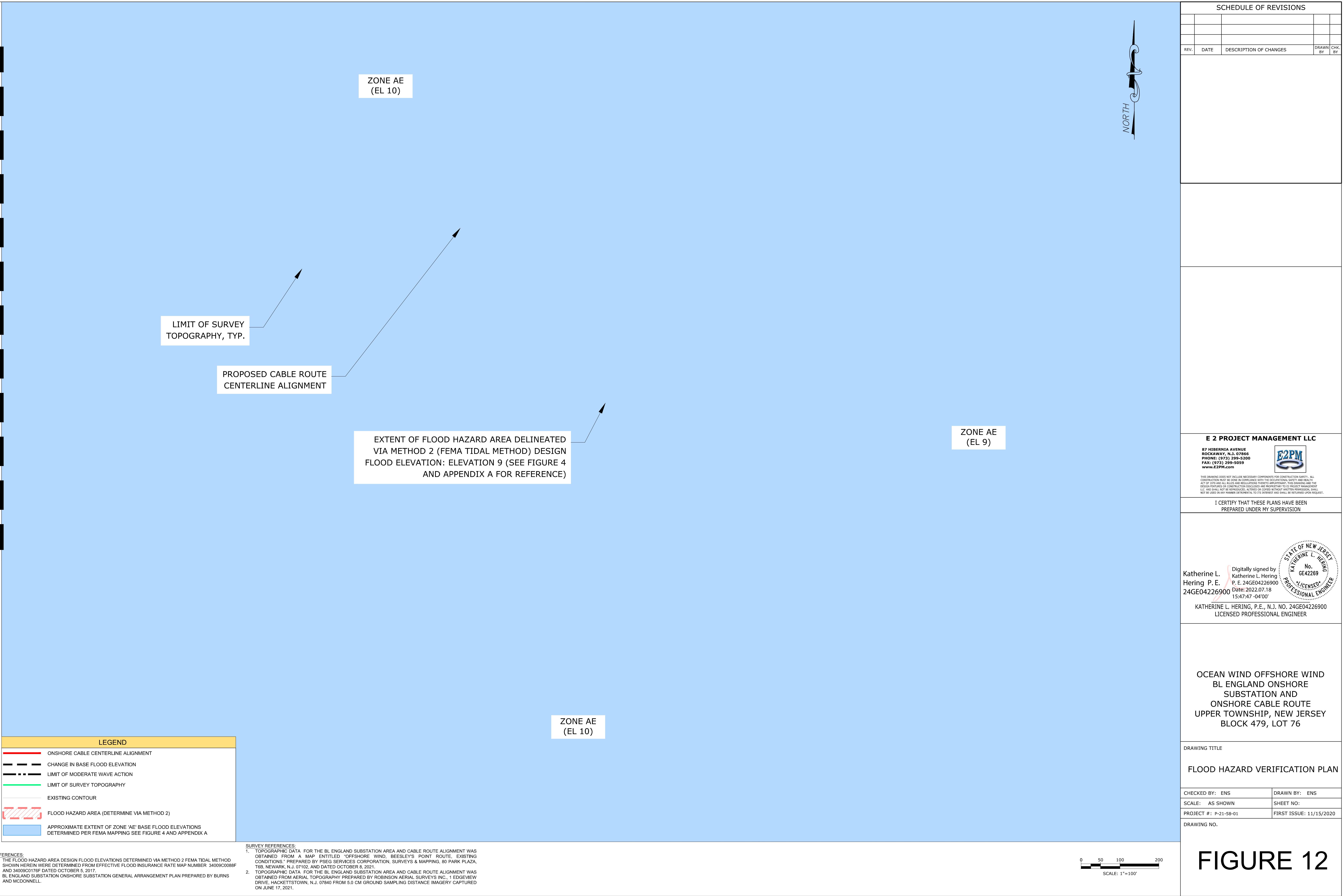
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BL ENGLAND ONSHORE
SUBSTATION AND
ONSHORE CABLE ROUTE
UPPER TOWNSHIP, NEW JERSEY
BLOCK 479, LOT 76

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MATCH LINE SEE FIGURE 11



APPENDIX A – FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAPS

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

10 other more detailed information in areas where Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) and floodways have been delineated. These areas are referred to as the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data entries in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this map. These areas are intended to provide detailed information on the more rounded whole-flood elevations. These SFHAs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevations. Flood elevations for construction purposes should be obtained from the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

COUNTY BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS should be used for surveying only and are based on 100-year flood elevations determined by the National Flood Insurance Program. Users should be aware that coastal flood elevation are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevation shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables should be used for construction purposes if they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the floodways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations among other factors. For the purpose of the National Flood Insurance Program, floodways widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was New Jersey State Plane (FIP 2600) zone. The horizontal datum was NAD 83 GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projections or State Plane zones used in the preparation of this map may result in slight differences in the locations of features. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These elevations must be converted to elevation and ground elevation referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.nga.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA National Centers
National Geodetic Survey
555C-3, Rm202
1315 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282
(301) 733-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch as follows: NGS Information Services (301) 733-3142; or visit the website at <http://www.nga.noaa.gov>.

Bench mark information shown on this FIRM was developed from high-resolution orthophotography provided by the State of New Jersey. This information was derived from digital orthophotos produced at a scale of 1:24,000 with a 1-foot pixel resolution.

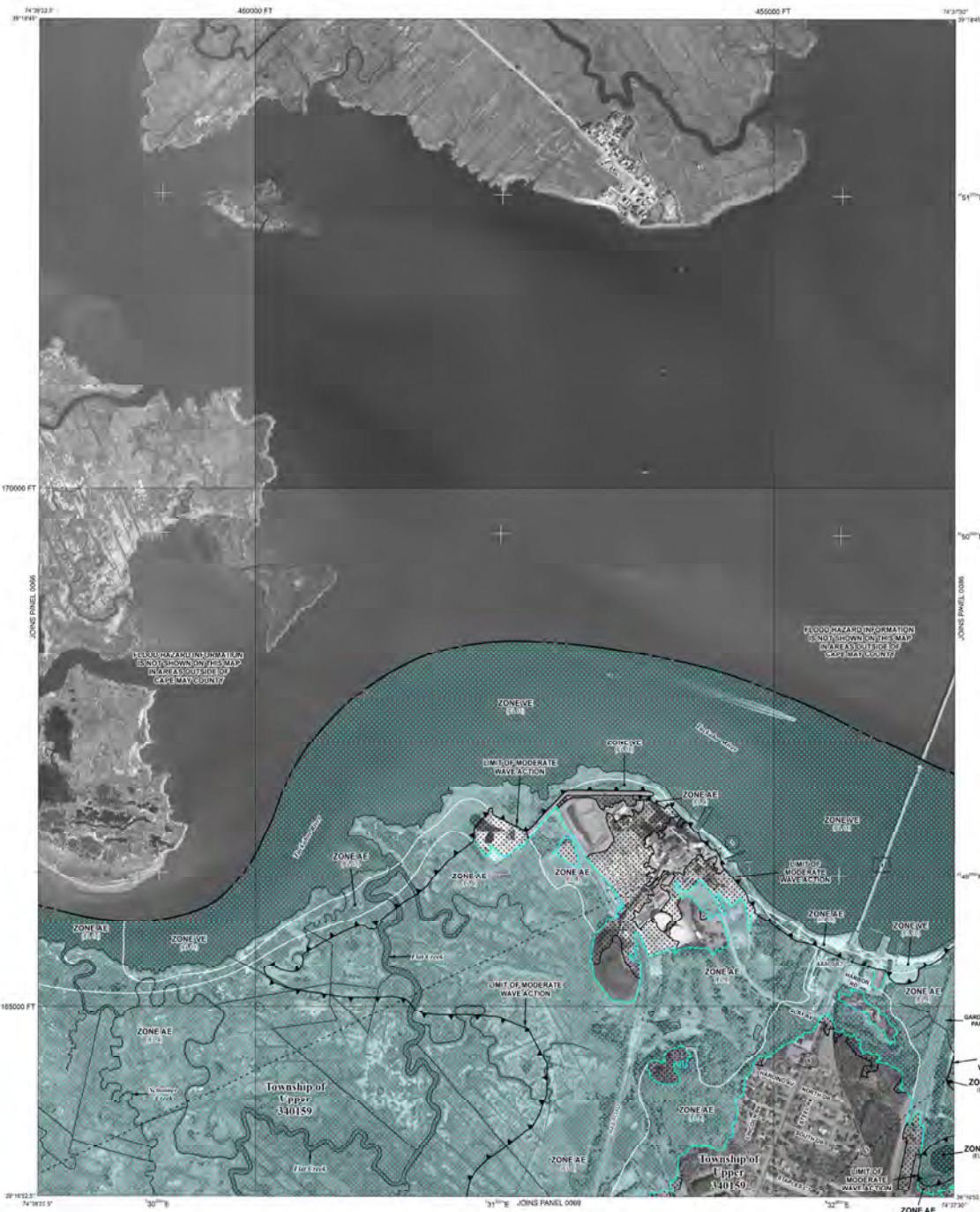
Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report reflect changes in stream channels and floodplain boundaries that are not reflected on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationships for unreviewed streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time the map was published. Any changes in corporate limit boundaries may have occurred after this map was published; map users should contact appropriate officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels, community map numbers, and panel numbers for each of Cape May County's 31 communities. National Flood Insurance Program data for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

For information on available products associated with this FIRM visit the Map Service Center (MSC) at www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program. Available products may include the Standard Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. Many of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the MSC website.

If you have questions about this map, how to order products or the National Flood Insurance Program, call the National Flood Insurance Program Exchange (NFIX) at 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program>.



NFIP

PANEL 6067F

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

CAPE MAY COUNTY, NEW JERSEY (ALL JURISDICTIONS)

PANEL 67 of 311

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

COMMODITY	NUMBER	PANEL	CLIPFILE
COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	CLIPFILE
UPPER TOWNSHIP OF	340159	3407	3407

NOTICE TO USER: The Map Number shown herein should be used when placing map orders. The Community Number should be used when placing map orders or applying for insurance applications for the subject community.

MAP NUMBER
3407C0067F

EFFECTIVE DATE
OCTOBER 5, 2017

Federal Emergency Management Agency

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood information.

10 other more detailed maps in areas where Mass Flood Elevation tables (MFT) and Floodway Data tables have been developed are intended to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data entries Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this map. These maps show the locations of the 1% annual chance flood and the recorded flood elevations. These SFIS are intended for flood insurance rate purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. They are not to be used for engineering purposes. This report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

COUNTY BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS: shown on this map study area is located at NAD 83 (1988) Vertical Datum (NAVD 88). Levels of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables should be used for construction and engineering purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **Rooftops** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The rooftops were based on hydraulic considerations with the intent of protecting the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodways and other permanent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **Flood control structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was New Jersey State Plane (FIPS 2000) zone. The horizontal datum was NAD 83, GRS80, spheroid. Differences in projected coordinates from State Plane zones used in the previous map are negligible. Map users should ignore such projected differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referred to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to surface and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA National Geodetic Survey
National Geodetic Survey
SSMC-3 #9022
1310 East-West Highway
Rockville, Maryland 20850-2242
(301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bonds** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch at the National Geodetic Survey at (MM) 713-3242 or visit its website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov>.

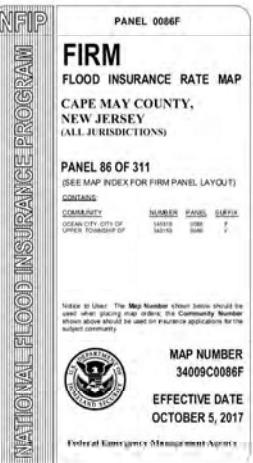
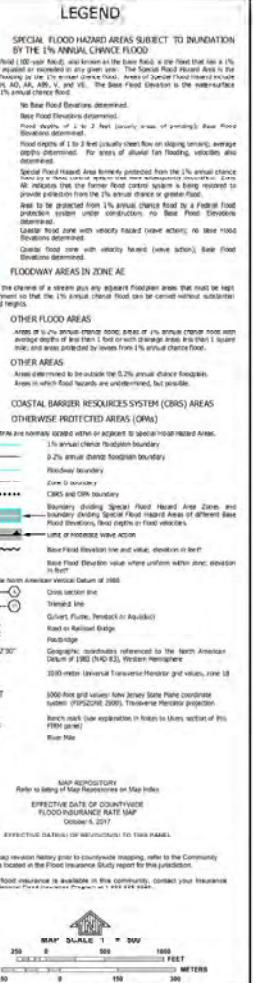
Base map information shown on this FIRM was developed from high-resolution orthophotography provided by the State of New Jersey. This information was derived from digital orthophotos produced at a scale of 1:2400 with a 1-foot pixel resolution.

Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report for this jurisdiction may contain data that reflect stream channel changes that differ from what is shown on this map. Also, the floodplain relationships for unlined streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits: Shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time this map was developed. Corporate limit changes may have occurred after this map was published; map users should consult appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit location.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels, community map numbers, and a listing of communities and corporate limits. Flood Insurance Study Report and digital versions of this map. Many of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the MSC website.

If you have questions about this map, how to order products, or the National Flood Insurance Program, contact your **Local Flood Mitigation Office**, FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) at 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program>.



NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

10 other more detailed information in areas outside Major Flood Hazard boundaries (the area outside the boundaries shown on this map) can be obtained by consulting the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and Summary of Stillwater Elevation tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this map. These tables provide elevation information for individual parcels and rounded whole-foot elevations. These SFIS are intended for flood insurance rate purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. The FIS report also contains a map showing the locations of the report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only to areas of 10' or greater elevation above Mean Sea Level (MSL). MSL is the base level for the area. The FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevation tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevation values in the Summary of Stillwater Elevation tables should be used for coastal areas where the base flood elevation exceeds when they are higher than the elevation shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **Roadways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The roadways were based on hydrologic considerations with the intent to protect the National Flood Insurance Program. Roadways and other pertinent roadway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **Flood control structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for the jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was New Jersey State Plane (NPS 2000) zone. The horizontal datum was NAD 83, GRS80 ellipsoid. Differences in datum, projection, and state plane zones used in the original map and this map may result in slight differences in location and differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this map.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1929, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA/National Geodetic Survey
National Geodetic Survey
SSMC-3 #9202
1315 East West Highway
Suite 2000, Silver Spring, MD 20910-3242
(301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **beaches** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch at the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242 or visit its website at <http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov>.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was developed from high-resolution orthophotography provided by the State of New Jersey. This information was derived from digital orthophotos produced at a scale of 1:24,000 with a 1-foot pixel resolution.

Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the FIS report (which are based on the previous FIRM) may not reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationship for unlined streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the boundaries available at the time of publication. If corporate boundaries have changed or do not reflect what have occurred after this map was published, map users should consult appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county and a layout of communities, community map index, and a listing of communities and a listing of Census tract codes containing National Flood Insurance Program data for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

For information on available products associated with this FIRM visit the **Map Index** or contact the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Information and Customer Support Center at 1-800-632-2343 or 1-800-777-5555 or by email at info@fema.gov. If you have previously received Letters of Map Change (LOMC) or Flood Insurance Study Reports, or digital versions of this map, many of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the MSC website.

If you have questions about this map, how to order products or the National Flood Insurance Program, contact your local FEMA office or call the FEMA Information Exchange (FIMX) at 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program>.



LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD	
Zone AE	The 1% annual chance flood inundation area is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include floodplains, floodways, and areas where the Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.
Zone VE	No Base Flood Elevation determined.
Zone X	Base depth of 1 to 2 feet (covert areas of potential) Base Flood Elevation determined.
Zone V	Base depth of 2 to 4 feet (moderately deep flow on sloping terrain; average depths determined). For areas of shallow fan flooding, velocities determined.
Zone AH	Base Flood Hazard Area boundary predicted from the 1% annual chance flood or flood hazard area where more extensive information, like soil type or slope, is not available. Where no specific elevation is known, the 1% annual chance flood elevation is assumed to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.
Zone AR	Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under conditions no less than Base Flood Elevation determined.
Zone ARS	Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) Areas Otherwise Protected Areas (OPA)
Zone X and Zone VE	Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain.
Zone X and Zone V	Areas in which flood hazards are unknown, but possible.
COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPA)	CBRS and OPA are normally located adjacent to special flood hazard areas.
Boundary Shaded Special Flood Hazard Area	1% annual chance floodplain boundary.
Boundary Shaded Special Flood Hazard Area of different Base Flood Elevation	0.2% annual chance floodplain boundary.
Limit of Moderate Wave Action	Base Flood Elevation and wave action elevation in feet.
EL (ft)	Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation in feet.
Reference to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988	Cross section line.
Trended Line	Gulf Coast, Florida, Piedmont or Appalacian.
Road or Relocated Bridge	General coordinates referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAD 88), Western Hemisphere.
Grid	3000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid values, zone 18.
Elevation in Feet	3000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid values, zone 18.
Bench Mark	Bench mark (see explanation in fields in Meters section of this FIRM panel).
Bench Mark (in Miles)	Bench Mark (in Miles).
Map Scale	Scale: 1:24,000.
Refer to listing of Map Resources on Map Index.	EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
Map Index	09/05/2017
EFFECTIVE DATE OF REVISION TO THIS PANEL	
Community Map History	For community map history prior to countywide revision, refer to the Community Map History located in the Flood Insurance Study report for the jurisdiction.
FIRM Panel Layout	To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your Insurance Agent or call 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2627).
Map Scale	MAP SCALE 1 : 24,000
Scale Bar	0 500 1000 FEET
Scale Bar	0 150 300 METERS

NFIP

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
CAPE MAY COUNTY,
NEW JERSEY
(ALL JURISDICTIONS)

PANEL 69 OF 311
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTENTS	COMMUNITIES	NUMBER	PANEL	SUPERF.
	TOWNSHIP OF UPPER 340159	0069	0069	7

Notice to User: The Map Number shown herein should be used when placing map orders. The Community Number should be used when applying for insurance. Both numbers should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.



MAP NUMBER
34009C0069F

EFFECTIVE DATE
OCTOBER 5, 2017

Federal Emergency Management Agency

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood information.

10 other, more detailed, maps of areas within these Flood Hazard boundaries are available from the National Flood Insurance Program. These maps are used to construct the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data entries Summary of Site-Level Elevation tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this map. These maps may be used for insurance purposes; however, they do not represent the whole-flood elevations. These SFIS maps are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation data. The SFIS maps are subject to revision. The FIS reports and associated tables should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Census Water Hazard Elevations: water can be mapped using data contained in the 100-year (1% annual chance) (NAVFAC 1988). Users of this map should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Site-Level Elevation tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevation shown in the Summary of Site-Level Elevation tables should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the floodways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations and were developed by the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodways widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was New Jersey State Plane (FIPS 2820) zone. The horizontal datum was NAD 83 GRS80. Differences in datum, ellipsoid, projection, or State Plane zones used in the original map may result in slight variations in displayed features. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referred to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These map elevations must be converted to surface and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, see the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA/National Geodetic Survey
National Geodetic Survey
SSMC-3, #9022
1313 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3422
(301) 733-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch as follows: U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) 747-3143, or visit the website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov>.

Bench mark information shown on this FIRM was developed from high-resolution orthophotography provided by the State of New Jersey. This information was derived from digital orthophotos produced at a scale of 1:24000 with a 1-foot pixel resolution.

Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data listed in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains the most recent site-level elevation data) may differ slightly from those shown on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationship for unlined streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of map production. Corporate limits may have changed since this map was produced after this map was published; map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels, community map repository addresses, and a legend of community basic categories. Note that the index lists map panel data for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

For information on available products associated with this FIRM visit the Map Service Center (MSC) at msc.fema.gov. Available products may include hardcopy products such as Map Cards, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. Many of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the MSC website.

If you have questions about this map, how to order products, or the National Flood Insurance Program, call the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) at 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2677) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/national/flood-insurance-program>.



NFIP
FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

**CAPE MAY COUNTY,
NEW JERSEY
(ALL JURISDICTIONS)**

PANEL 0088 OF 311
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

JURISDICTIONS	DEMOCRATS	DEMOCRATIC	NUMBER	PANEL	SLIP#	PART#
OCEAN CITY	DEMOCRATS	DEMOCRATIC	1	0088	1	2

Note or User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders. The Community Number should be used when applying for insurance applications for the subject community.

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
MAY 2009 CO0088F

LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD
The 1% annual chance flood is the amount of water in the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include floodplains, floodways, and areas adjacent thereto. The Base Flood Elevation is the water surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.
ZONE AE
No base flood elevation determined.
ZONE AH
Base flood elevation determined.
ZONE AO
Flood depth of 1 to 2 feet (soil, gravel, sand, or pebbles). Base flood elevation determined.
ZONE AR
Hazardous land areas inundated by the 1% annual chance flood. These areas are usually characterized by steep slopes, average depths determined. For areas of severe flood flooding, velocities determined.
ZONE ARF
Hazardous land areas inundated by the 1% annual chance or greater flood. Areas to be protected from 1% annual chance flood as a Federal flood protection system. Velocity determinants. No base flood elevation determined.
ZONE V
Gauge point where velocity exceed (value entered) for base flood elevations determined.
ZONE VE
Greater flood zone with velocity hazard (value entered). Base flood elevations determined.
ROADWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE
The roadway is the portion of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that may be left free of encroachments so that the 1% annual chance flood will not cause serious inundation in flood regions.
ZONE X
Areas in 1% annual chance flood hazard or 0.2% annual chance flood hazard areas that are not in both drainage areas, and areas where velocity exceeds 1% annual chance flood.
OTHER AREAS
Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain areas in which flood hazards are unidentified, but possible.
COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CRIS) AREAS OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPA)
CRIS areas and/or OPA areas normally located on or adjacent to specific risk-related areas.
1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARY
0.2% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARY
RIVER/WATERBODY
Boundary defining a river or waterbody.
CRIS AND CRIS/OPA
CRIS and/or OPA boundary.
BOUNDARY DEFINING SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA OR DIFFERENT BASE FLOOD ELEVATION
Boundary defining Special Flood Hazard Area or different base flood elevation.
LIMIT OR MODERATE WAVE ACTION
Base flood elevation limit value, elevation in feet.
BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (BFE)
Base flood elevation limit value, elevation in feet.
LINES REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988
Lines section line.
TRIBUTARY LINE
Gulch, Flume, Headcut or Aquiduct.
Road to Relocated Bridge
Relocated bridge.
GEODESIC COORDINATES REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN DUELLUM OF 1988 (NAD 88) TIGER/HMIS
5000-meter distance Transverse Mercator grid values, zone 18
6000000 FT
6000000 ft values. New Jersey State Plane coordinate system (NJPSCS2000). Transverse Mercator projection.
DX5510-W
Bench mark (see explanation in fields in Meters section of this FIRM panel).
M 1.5
River Mile.
MAP APPROPRIACY
Refer to listing of Map Resources on Map Index.
EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
OCTOBER 5, 2017
EFFECTIVE DATES OF REVOCATIONS TO THIS PANEL
For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.
To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent.
MAP SCALE 1 : 3000
FEET
METERS

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

10 other more detailed information areas within the State are called Flood Hazard Areas (FHA) and are described in the "Special Flood Hazard Areas Subject to Inundation" section of this map. These areas are intended for flood insurance rate purposes only and should be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. They are not intended to be used for engineering purposes. A copy of the FIRM panel should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

COUNTY BOUNDARY ELEMENTS indicate the major county boundaries of NJ or the boundaries of the former county (NWS). The FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevation are also provided in the Summary of Silvatic Elevation tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Silvatic Elevation tables should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the Roadways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The Roadways were based on hydrologic considerations and are not the boundaries of the National Flood Insurance Program. Roadways and other pertinent roadway data are available in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" in the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was New Jersey State Plane (FIPS 2690 zone). The horizontal datum was NAD 83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or State Plane zone used in the preparation of this map and the FIRM will result in small differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations used in this map are referred to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to surface and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.nga.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGA Information Services
NOAA/National Geodetic Survey
National Geodetic Survey
SSMC-3, #9020
1319 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282
(301) 713-2342

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bends marked on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch as part of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-2342 or visit the website at <http://www.nga.noaa.gov>.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was developed from high-resolution orthophotography provided by the State of New Jersey. This information was derived from digital orthophotos produced at a scale of 1:2400 with a 1-foot pixel resolution.

Based on update topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contain the most recent data) may differ from the previous version. Any difference from what is shown on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationships for unmarked streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. If changes occur after publication, users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels, community map repository areas, and a listing of Countywide Correlation Numbers for flood insurance program data for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

For information on available products associated with this FIRM visit the Map Service Center (MSC) website at www.fema.gov. Available products may include the following: Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and digital versions of this map. Many of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the MSC website.

If you have questions about this map, how to order products, or the National Flood Insurance Program, call the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) at 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) LEGEND

11-16-1990 CBRS Area
FLOOD INSURANCE NOT AVAILABLE FOR STRUCTURES NEWLY BUILT OR SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED ON OR AFTER OCTOBER 1, 1990, IN DESIGNATED CBRS AREAS

2-24-1997 CBRS Area

FLOOD INSURANCE NOT AVAILABLE FOR STRUCTURES NEWLY BUILT OR SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED ON OR AFTER NOVEMBER 14, 1995, IN DESIGNATED CBRS AREAS

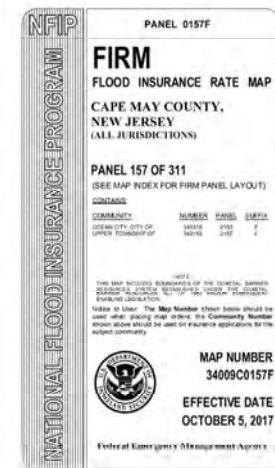
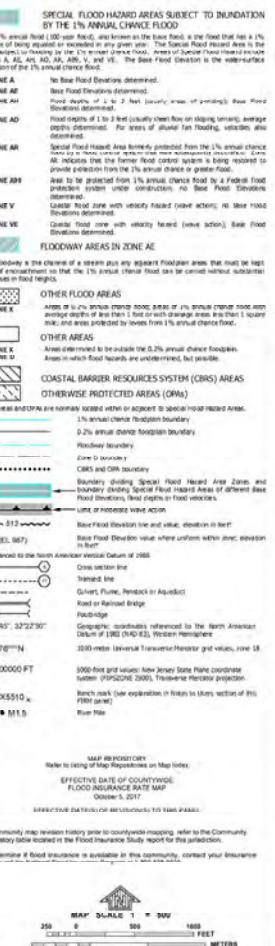
11-16-1991 Otherwise Protected Area (OPA)

FLOOD INSURANCE NOT AVAILABLE FOR STRUCTURES NEWLY BUILT OR SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED ON OR AFTER NOVEMBER 14, 1991, IN DESIGNATED OPA WITHIN THE CBRS

Boundaries of the John H. Charles Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) shown on this FIRM are transferred from the official CBRS maps for this area and are depicted on this FIRM for informational purposes only. The official CBRS maps are issued by Congress via the Coastal Barrier Resources Act and are maintained by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS). The official CBRS maps used to determine whether or not an area is located within the CBRS are available for download at <http://www.fws.gov>. For an online determination of whether an area is located within the CBRS, or for any questions regarding the CBRS, please contact the FWS field office for this area at 609-646-9310.



LEGEND



NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood information.

10 other more detailed maps in areas where Major Flood elevations (MFE) and Moderate Wave Action (MWA) have been determined to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this map. These maps show the locations of major rivers, streams, and reservoirs where flood elevations. These FIS maps are intended for flood insurance rate purposes only and should be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. They are not to be used for engineering purposes. Engineering reports should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

COUNTY WIDE FLOOD ELEVATIONS should be used when there is no MFE or MWA for a particular location. In 1988 (NAVD 88), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers determined that coastal flood elevation are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevation shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevation shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the floodways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations and are the same as those in the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodways widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for the jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was New Jersey State Plane (NPS 2600) zone. The horizontal datum was NAD 83 GRS80 ellipsoid. Differences in datum, spherical projection or State Plane zones used in the projection of this map and the previous map may result in slight differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referred to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These elevation values must be compared to surface and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding convergence between the National Vertical Datum of 1988 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.nga.noaa.gov>, or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA/National Geodetic Survey
SSMC-3, #9202
1319 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282
(301) 777-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bends marked on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch at the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 777-3242, or visit the website at <http://www.nga.noaa.gov>.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was developed from high-resolution orthophotography provided by the State of New Jersey. This information was derived from digital orthophotos produced at a scale of 1:24,000 with a 1-foot pixel resolution.

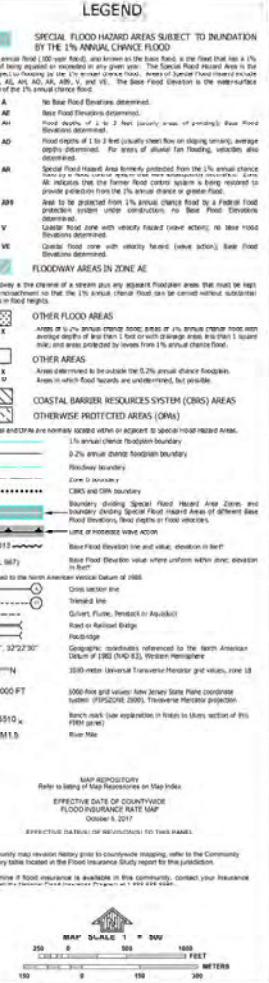
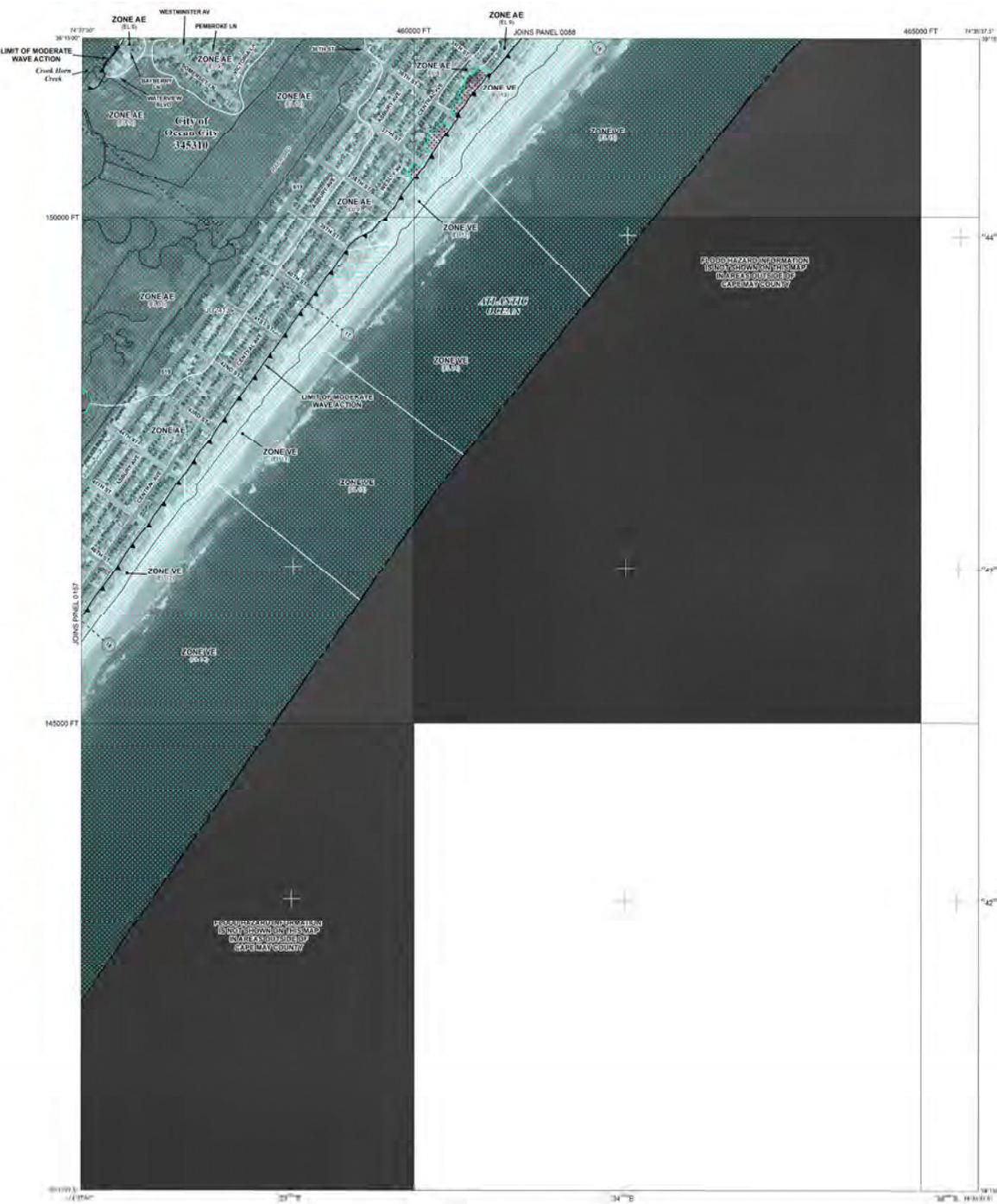
Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report have been updated to reflect changes in stream channel configurations that may differ from what is shown on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationships for unrevived streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time this map was developed. If significant changes in corporate limits have occurred after this map was published, map users should consult appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels, community map repository addresses and a listing of community status categories. New flood insurance rate maps for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

For information on available products associated with this FIRM visit the Map Service Center (MSC) website at <http://msc.fema.gov>. Available products may include the paper lettered Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and digital versions of this map. Many of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the FIRM website.

If you have questions about this map, how to order products or the National Flood Insurance Program, call the FEMA Map Change Hotline, FEMA Map Exchange (FMX) at 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2627), or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-map>.



NFIP

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

CAPE MAY COUNTY, NEW JERSEY (ALL JURISDICTIONS)

PANEL 176 OF 311

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

MAP NUMBER

COMMUNITY

NAME

PAN

EF

STATE CITY OF

STATE ZIP

MAP NUMBER

34099C0176F

EFFECTIVE DATE

OCTOBER 5, 2017

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders. The Community Number should be used when placing map orders for the subject community.

Federal Home Loan Bank Board

APPENDIX B – SOIL MAP

Hydrologic Soil Group—Cape May County, New Jersey
(PROPERTY)



Map Scale: 1:19,200 if printed on B portrait (11" x 17") sheet.

N
 0 250 500 1000 1500 Meters
 0 500 1000 2000 3000 Feet
 Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 18N WGS84



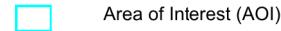
Natural Resources
Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey

12/20/2021
Page 1 of 4

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)



Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons

	A
	A/D
	B
	B/D
	C
	C/D
	D
	Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

	A
	A/D
	B
	B/D
	C
	C/D
	D
	Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points

	A
	A/D
	B
	B/D

C

C/D

D

Not rated or not available

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Background

Aerial Photography

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Cape May County, New Jersey

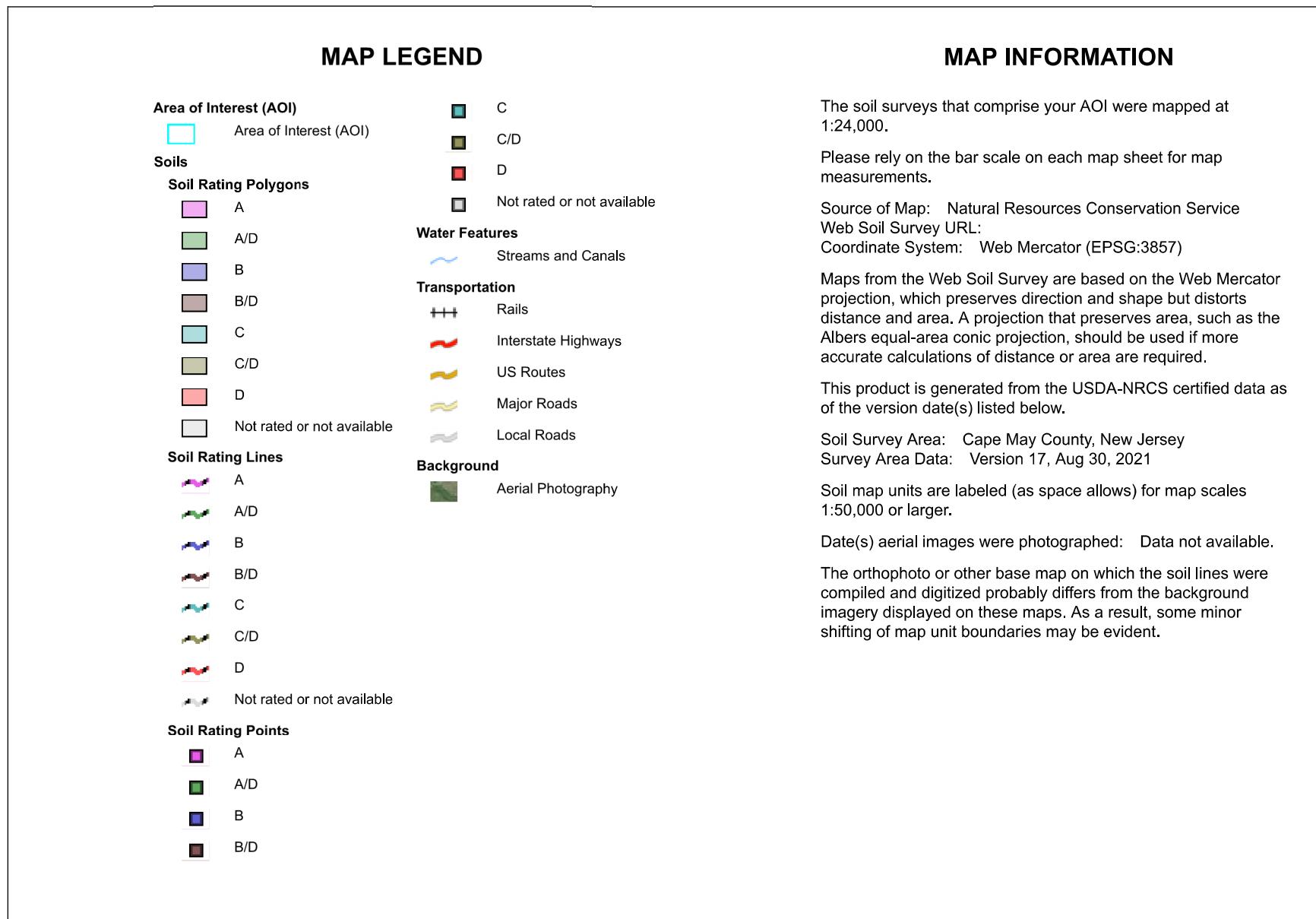
Survey Area Data: Version 17, Aug 30, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Data not available.

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

MAP INFORMATION



Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
AptAv	Appoquinimink-Transquaking-Mispillion complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes, very frequently flooded	B/D	56.0	9.0%
BEADV	Beaches, 0 to 15 percent slopes, very frequently flooded	A/D	1.1	0.2%
BEXAS	Berryland and Mullica soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	A/D	17.9	2.9%
DoeAO	Downer sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Northern Tidewater Area	A	6.3	1.0%
DoeBO	Downer sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes, Northern Tidewater Area	A	174.7	28.2%
EveB	Evesboro sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	A	47.1	7.6%
GamB	Galloway loamy sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	A/D	31.8	5.1%
HboA	Hammonton sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	B	7.5	1.2%
HorDr	Hooken sand, 2 to 15 percent slopes, rarely flooded	A	10.0	1.6%
PdwAv	Pawcatuck-Transquaking complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes, very frequently flooded	D	43.0	6.9%
PHG	Pits, sand and gravel		1.2	0.2%
UdrB	Udorthents, refuse substratum, 0 to 8 percent slopes	B	3.3	0.5%
UR	Urban land		117.8	19.0%
USPSAS	Urban land-Psammets, sulfidic substratum complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded		62.3	10.0%

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
USPSBR	Urban land-Psammets, wet substratum complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes, rarely flooded		25.6	4.1%
WATERs	Water, saline		14.6	2.4%
Totals for Area of Interest			620.3	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher



BL England Structural and Building Design Supporting Calculations



7/27/2022

Re: Ocean Wind's 275/138kV BL England Substation —Civil & Structural Flood Design Calculations.

Dear Reviewer:

According to the Technical Manual (Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules NJAC 7:13), all structures shall be designed to resist the flood loads as prescribed in NJAC 7:13 — 12.4.

As such, BL England structures and foundations will be designed to resist impact from water and debris, resist uplift, flotation, collapse, and displacement due to hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces, resist overturning and sliding pressure, as well as pressure from the freeze/thaw cycle of the soil with design flood elevation 12ft per NAVD88, 3ft above the 100-year FEMA base flood elevation of 9ft in accordance with ASCE 7-16 Chapter 5. This design flood elevation exceeds the requirements outlined in NJAC 7:13 Method 3 which requires the design flood elevation to be 1ft above the 100-year FEMA flood elevation. A brief outline of the considered design requirements is provided below.

Impact

Impact loading due to debris during the design flood will be calculated in accordance with ASCE 7-16 Section 5.4.5 and Commentary Section C5.4.5.

Hydrostatic

Hydrostatic loads will be calculated in accordance with ASCE 7-16 Section 5.4.2. Where applicable, hydrostatic loads will be applied to the structures and foundations, increasing load with water depth using 64.0 lb/ft³ for the density of water and applied as a resultant force acting at 1/3 of the water depth measured from grade. In cases of structures and foundations where the water depth is equal on all sides, hydrostatic loading would not be applicable.

Hydrodynamic

Hydrodynamic loads will be calculated in accordance with ASCE 7-16 Section 5.4.3. If the calculated velocity of water does not exceed 10 ft/s, hydrodynamic loads will be converted into equivalent hydrostatic loads by an equivalent surcharge depth as outlined in ASCE 7-16. Equivalent hydrostatic loads will be applied to all structures and foundations regardless of whether the water depth is equal on all sides.



OVERTURNING, SLIDING, AND FREEZE/THAW

All foundations will be designed to resist overturning and sliding due to flood loading. The base of the foundations will be extended to below the frost depth or supported on non-frost-susceptible material so that the foundations are not subject to pressures due to the freeze/thaw cycle.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Rachel Plank". A short horizontal line extends from the end of the "k" in "Plank".

Rachel Plank, PE
Civil/Structural Engineer
LIC No. 24GE05732600, Expires 4/30/2024
P: 475-212-5966



7/26/2022

Re: Ocean Wind's 275/138kV BL England Substation —Building Structural Flood Design Calculations.

Dear Reviewer:

According to the Technical Manual (Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules NJAC 7:13), state flood regulations only apply to habitable buildings. Utility buildings are not classified as habitable buildings and are not required to comply with all requirements outlined in NJAC 7:13 — 12.5; however, all buildings shall be designed to resist the flood loads as prescribed in NJAC 7:13 — 12.5.

As such, BL England DRC building and control house foundations are designed for hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads as well as buoyancy with flood water level at design flood elevation +12ft (NAVD88), 3ft above the 100-year FEMA base flood elevation of 9ft in accordance with ASCE 7-16 Chapter 5. This design flood elevation exceeds the requirements outlined in NJAC 7:13-3.4 (e) Method 3 which requires the design flood elevation to be 1ft above the 100-year FEMA flood elevation and NJAC7:13-12.5 which requires buildings to be designed for flooding at least one foot above the design flood elevation.

Finished floor elevation of both buildings are at EL.+12ft, and the water velocity is 4.57ft/s. A brief outline of the considered design requirements and conclusions is provided below.

Hydrostatic

Hydrostatic loads were applied to the foundation walls, columns and braces in design, increasing load with water depth and using 62.4lb/ft³ for the density of water. These calculations were produced based on a water level elevation of +12ft.

Hydrodynamic

In accordance with ASCE 7-10 with velocity of water less than 10ft/s, dynamic effects of moving water shall be permitted to be converted into equivalent hydrostatic load by increasing the DFE for design purposes by an equivalent surcharge depth dh on the headwater side and above the ground level only. Per BMcD analysis, dh=0.41ft for both buildings, the building vertical components are sufficient to resist the lateral loads due to flooding.



Buoyancy

Buoyancy was also considered during design. Based on current building design uplift load combinations, a minimum factor of safety of 1.67 (1/0.6) should be used. According to calculations performed by BMcD, the factor of safety associated with buoyancy is 1.75 (the buildings could sustain 1.75 times the buoyancy force applied to the structure during a flood). This factor of safety exceeds the minimum required.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Nanci Buscemi".

Nanci Buscemi, PE
Structural Engineer
LIC No. 24GE04641400 Expires 4/30/2024
P: 973-370-2960

Oyster Creek Flood Hazard Area Engineering Report

ENGINEERING REPORT for FLOOD HAZARD AREA & RIPARIAN ZONE LINE VERIFICATION

For:

THE OYSTER CREEK SUBSTATION AND ONSHORE CABLE ROUTE

**BLOCK 100, LOTS 1.05, 1.06
BLOCK 1001, LOTS 4.02, 4.05, 4.06
LACEY TOWNSHIP, OCEAN COUNTY
NEW JERSEY**



Applicant/Owner:

Ocean Wind

Prepared By:



E2 Project Management
2517 Route 35 Building I, Suite 101
Manasquan, New Jersey 08736



Katherine L. Hering, P.E., P.P., C.M.E.
NJPE License No. 24GE04226900

January 2022

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining and preparing the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for knowingly submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	Executive Summary.....	1
1.1	Site and Project Description	1
2.0	Regulatory Requirements	3
2.1	Flood Hazard Area Verification Method 2 – FEMA Tidal Method	3
2.2	Flood Hazard Area Verification Method 3 – FEMA Fluvial Method	5
3.0	Determining the Riparian Zone	5
4.0	Conclusion	6

APPENDICES

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APPENDIX B NRCS SOIL MAP

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Table 2-2 – 100-Base Flood and FHA Design Flood Elevation (Method 2).....	4
Table 2-3 – 100-Base Flood and FHA Design Flood Elevation (Method 3).....	5

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- Figure 2A through 2C – Aerial Site Location Map**
- Figure 3 – Watershed Management Area Map**
- Figure 4A through 4B – FEMA Flood Map**
- Figure 5 through 10 – Flood Hazard Area Delineation Plan**

1.0 Executive Summary

This Flood Hazard Area and Riparian Zone Line Verification Engineering Report is being submitted as the material required to fulfill the regulatory requirements for the Flood Hazard Control Act (FHACA) Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:13-1.1 et seq.) for determining the flood hazard area design flood elevation (FHADFE), limits of the flood hazard area (FHA) and the riparian zone line for the proposed Oyster Creek Substation in Lacey Township, and the onshore electrical cable route that will run from the Oyster Creek Substation, through Lacey Township in Ocean County, to the Barnegat Bay. The cable route will continue across Island Beach State Park and connect to the offshore cable route in the Atlantic Ocean. This report serves as the Engineering Report for the application and has been prepared in accordance with the following:

- NJDEP Flood Hazard Area Control Act (FHACA) Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:13), last amended October 5, 2021; and
- NJDEP Flood Hazard Technical Manual (2018).

FHA verification is required because flood hazard areas are shown on FEMA's Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) in the vicinity of the project area. All elevations within this report refer to the NAVD 88 vertical datum unless otherwise noted.

The proposed improvements are part of the Ocean Wind project, which is a 1 GW offshore wind farm being proposed approximately 15 miles off the coast of Atlantic City, New Jersey. An offshore substation will be constructed to collect wind turbine partial outputs from the offshore wind farm. As part of this project, two (2) circuit of offshore 230 kV sub-sea cables, also known as export cables, will make landfall in Lacey Township, New Jersey and terminate at the proposed Oyster Creek Substation (see Figures 1 and 2). The Oyster Creek Substation and the export cable routes through Lacey Township are the primary points of discussion within this report.

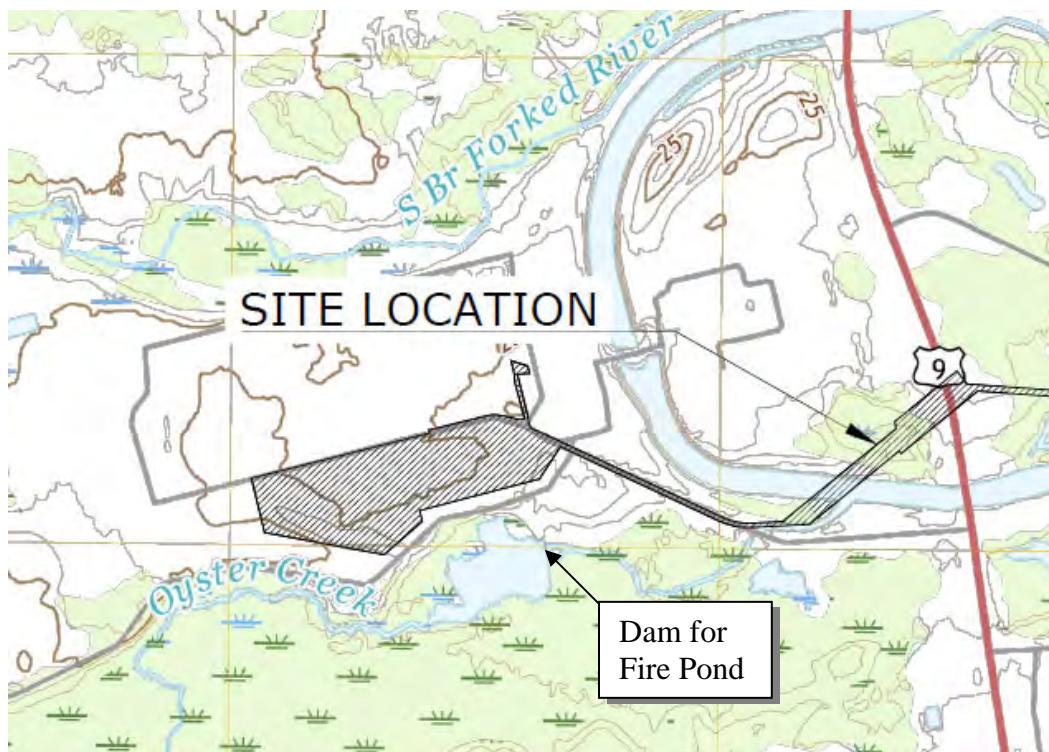
1.1 Site and Project Description

The Oyster Creek Substation is planned to be a 230/230kV high voltage alternating current (AC) substation and is proposed to be located near the decommissioned Oyster Creek Nuclear Generating Station on Block 1001, Lot 4.05 in Lacey Township, New Jersey. In general, the purpose of the substation is to transmit the power from the 230kV connection from the wind farm to the 230kV rated facility commonly used in New Jersey as well as to provide filtration and reactive compensation for power stability. The export cables will enter the proposed Oyster Creek Substation property off Discharge Drive, the private road located just to the north of the project. The cable route runs south/southeast down Discharge Drive where it changes course traveling north/northeast crossing under the Oyster Creek and New Jersey State Highway Route 9. The cable route then runs due east through undeveloped forested wetland areas where it eventually enters the Barnegat Bay. The cable route continues under the Barnegat Bay, makes landfall at Island Beach State Park, and then enters the Atlantic Ocean to connect to the offshore wind farm. (See Figures 1 through 2C).

Oyster Creek Substation Site

The Oyster Creek Substation will be located on Block 1001, Lot 4.05, which is a 31.49-acre parcel located behind/to the west of the decommissioned Oyster Creek Nuclear Generating Station located off New Jersey State Highway Route 9. Block 1001, Lot 4.05 is generally bound by Discharge Drive to the north and east, the Oyster Creek to the south, and undeveloped open space to the west, beyond which is the Garden State Parkway. The portion of the site to be disturbed for the construction of the Oyster Creek Substation is approximately 12.14 acres, with existing grades being generally flat varying from elevation 21 to elevation 27 (NAVD 88).

As depicted on the USGS map below, the Oyster Creek is located directly to the south of the proposed Oyster Creek Substation. As part of the Oyster Creek Nuclear Power Plant operations, a dam was installed on the Oyster Creek to impound water as a source of water for emergency firefighting. Below this dam, the Oyster Creek is tidally influenced, for which this application seeks FHA verification under Method 2. Above the dam, the Oyster Creek is fluvial and mapped by FEMA, for which this application seeks FHA verification under Method 3.



Onshore Export Cable Route

The underground onshore export cable will be installed between the Oyster Creek Substation and the Barnegat Bay within undeveloped portions of private property in Lacey Township, New Jersey, as shown on Figures 1 through 2C.

As stated previously, the proposed Oyster Creek Substation and export cable route are located in flood hazard areas identified on FEMA FIRMs. This application is being submitted for NJDEP verification of the flood hazard areas to determine what activities proposed by the project will be regulated by the NJDEP under the FHACA rules.

2.0 Regulatory Requirements

2.1 Flood Hazard Area Verification Method 2 – FEMA Tidal Method

This application requests FHA Verification under Method 2 (N.J.A.C. 7:13-3.4(d)), FEMA delineation of tidally-influenced water bodies. Table 2-1 lists the effective FEMA FIRMs that cover the Oyster Creek Substation and export cable route which were referenced to determine the location of floodways and flood hazard areas that will be impacted by this project. It should be noted that the project area has not been studied or delineated by the NJDEP. For regulated waters for which a NJDEP delineation does not exist, the flood hazard area and floodway can be determined using Method 2 for tidally influenced surface waters mapped on FEMA FIRMs. If both a NJDEP delineated study (Method 1) and a FEMA flood insurance study (Method 2) are available for a regulated water, the flood hazard area and/or floodway are determined based on whichever method results in a higher flood hazard area design flood elevation (FHADFE) and wider floodway limit.

Table 2-1 – FEMA FIRM Maps

Location	Map			NJDEP Delineated Map
	Type	Number	Map Date	
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at Block 1001, 4.05 to the NJ Route 9 crossing over the Oyster Creek	Preliminary Map	34029C0412G	03/28/2014	None
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at NJ Route 9 crossing over the Oyster Creek to the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.05	Preliminary Map	34029C0404G	03/28/2014	None
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.05 to the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.06.	Preliminary Map	34029C0408G	03/28/2014	None
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.06 to the Barnegat Bay	Preliminary Map	34029C0416G	01/30/2015	None
Township of Berkeley, Ocean County, NJ; Block 1750, Lot 1	Preliminary Map	34029C0427G	03/28/2014	None

Based on the FEMA FIRMs listed in Table 2-1, the project area below/east of the Oyster Creek dam lies within the Zone AE – “Base Flood Elevations” determined for the tidally influenced portion of the Oyster Creek as well as the Barnegat Bay and Atlantic Ocean, which are also tidally influenced throughout the entirety of the water body (see Figures 4A, 4B, and Appendix A). Since all the regulated waterbodies are tidally influenced, the flood hazard area design flood elevation is the same as the 100-year base flood elevation in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:13-3.4(d)1. Table 2-2 below provides the 100-year base flood elevation and flood hazard area design flood elevations (FHADFE) located throughout the project area.

Table 2-2 – 100-Base Flood and FHA Design Flood Elevation

Location/FIRM Map Number	Regulated Water Body	FEMA 100-Year Base Flood (NAVD 88)	FHADFE
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at Block 1001, 4.05 to the NJ Route 9 crossing over the Forked River / 34029C0412G	Oyster Creek (Tidally Influenced Portion)	7	7
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at NJ Route 9 crossing over the Oyster Creek to the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.05 / 34029C0404G	Oyster Creek (Tidally Influenced Portion)	7	7
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.05 to the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.06/ 34029C0408G	Oyster Creek (Tidally Influenced Portion)	7	7
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.05 to the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.06/ 34029C0408G	Barnegat Bay	8	8
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.05 to the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.06/ 34029C0408G	Barnegat Bay	7	7
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Starting at the eastern end of Block 100, Lot 1.06 to the Barnegat Bay / 34029C0416G	Barnegat Bay	10	10
Township of Berkeley, Ocean County, NJ; Block 1750, Lot 1	Atlantic Ocean	7	7

Township of Berkeley, Ocean County, NJ; Block 1750, Lot 1	Atlantic Ocean	13	13
Township of Berkeley, Ocean County, NJ; Block 1750, Lot 1	Atlantic Ocean	15	15

The 100-year base flood elevations and FHADFEs listed above were used to delineate the flood hazard areas for the project based on local topography. Where local/surveyed topography is not available beyond the project limits, the FHA line from the effective FEMA FIRMs becomes the FHA for verification. This delineation is shown on Figures 5 through 10.

2.2 Flood Hazard Area Verification Method 3 – FEMA Fluvial Method

This application also requests FHA Verification under Method 3 (N.J.A.C. 7:13-3.4(e)), FEMA delineation of fluvial water bodies. For regulated waters for which a NJDEP delineation does not exist, the flood hazard area and floodway can be determined using Method 3 for fluvial waters mapped on FEMA FIRMs. If both a NJDEP delineated study (Method 1) and a FEMA flood insurance study (Method 3) are available for a regulated water, the flood hazard area and/or floodway are determined based on whichever method results in a higher flood hazard area design flood elevation (FHADFE) and wider floodway limit. Under Method 3, the FHADFE is equal to one foot above the FEMA 100-year flood elevation. Table 2-3 lists the effective FEMA FIRM that covers the proposed Oyster Creek Substation and area upstream of the dam, along with the 100-year base flood elevation and FHADFE.

Table 2-3 – 100-Base Flood and FHA Design Flood Elevation

Location/FIRM Map Number	Regulated Water Body	FEMA 100-Year Base Flood (NAVD 88)	FHADFE
Lacey Township, Ocean County, NJ; Upstream of fire water pond dam/ 34029C0412G	Oyster Creek (Fluvial Portion)	6	7

3.0 Determining the Riparian Zone

The riparian zone has been depicted on the permitting plans in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:13-4.1(c)3. According to the NJDEP GIS digital data layer entitled, “Surface Water Quality Classifications”, the Oyster Creek is classified as a FW2-NT/SE1. It is not utilized for trout production or trout maintenance. Therefore, the width of the riparian zone is 50 feet, as measured landward from the top of bank, or the edge of open water where no discernable top of bank exists.

4.0 Conclusion

The primary purpose of the FHA verification application is to establish the limits of the FHA along the Oyster Creek, the Barnegat Bay, and the Atlantic Ocean. Secondly, this application also requests verification of the riparian zone along the Oyster Creek, as measured outward fifty feet (50') from the top of bank upstream of the dam on the creak.

~END~

FIGURES

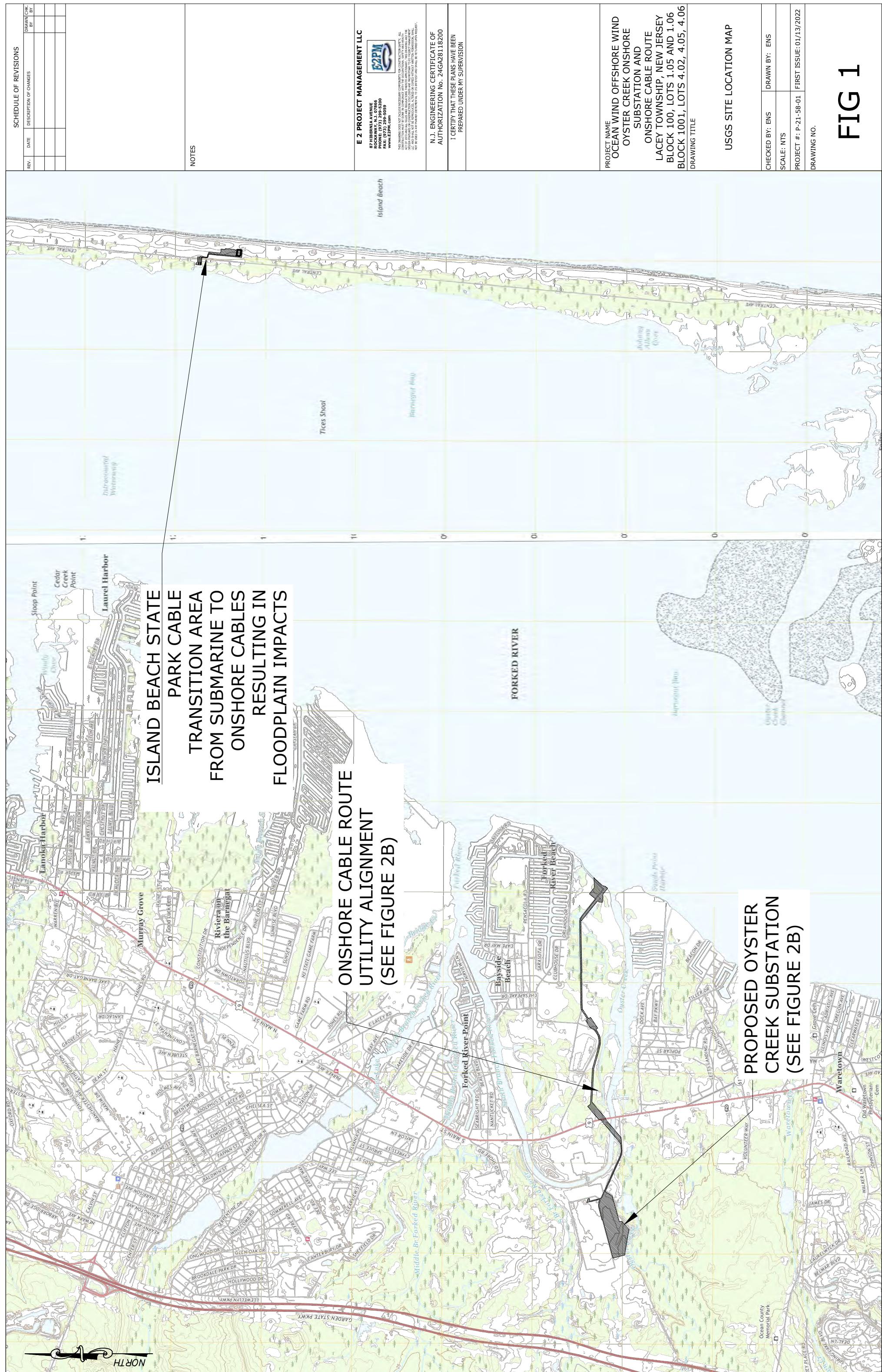
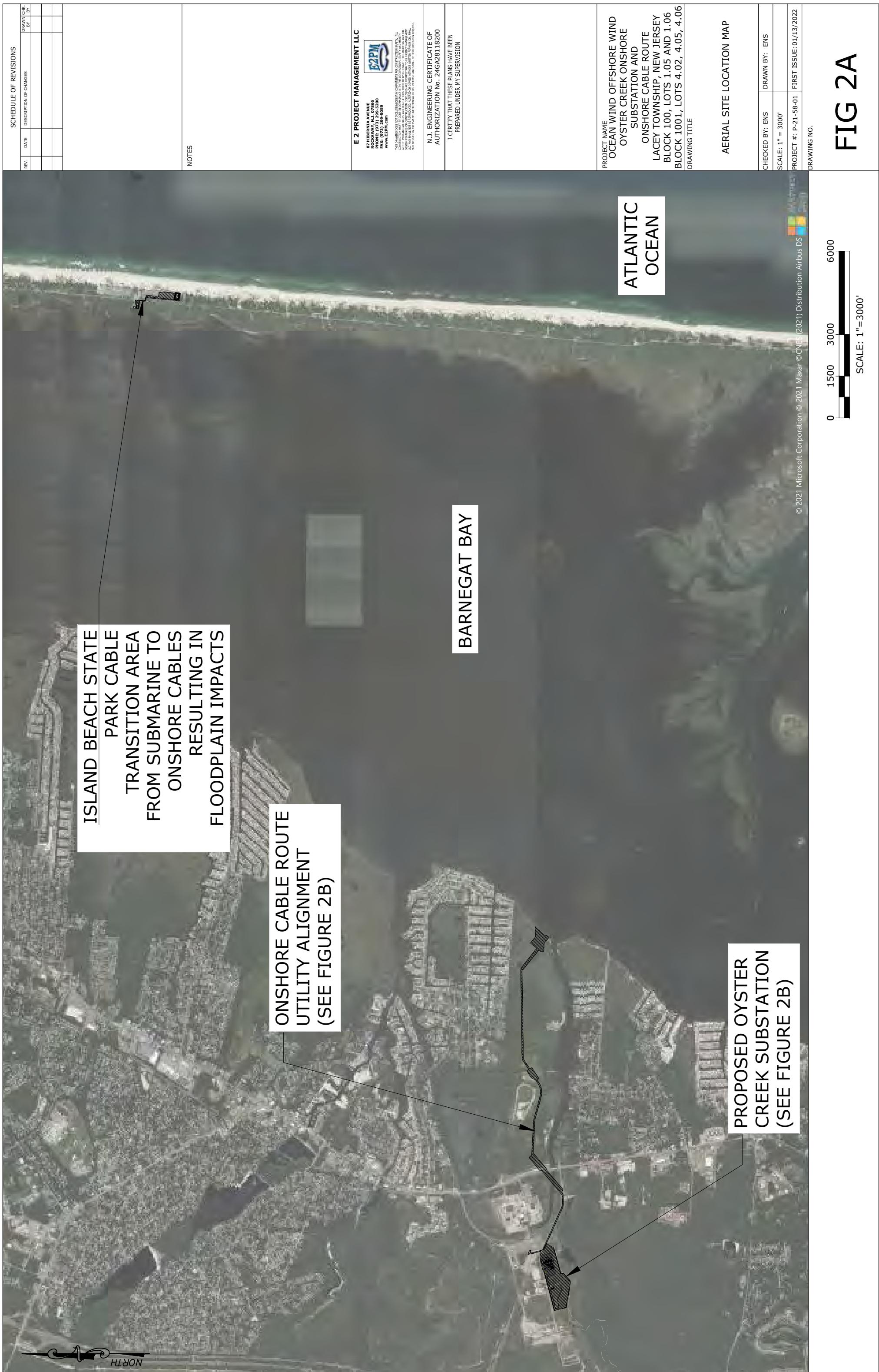


FIG 1





SCHEDULE OF REVISIONS			
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES	DRAWN BY/CHECKED BY

ISLAND BEACH STATE PARK CABLE TRANSITION AREA FROM SUBMARINE TO ONSHORE CABLES RESULTING IN FLOODPLAIN IMPACTS

BARNEGAT BAY

ISLAND BEACH STATE PARK CABLE TRANSITION AREA FROM SUBMARINE TO ONSHORE CABLES RESULTING IN FLOODPLAIN IMPACTS

ATLANTIC OCEAN

E 2 PROJECT MANAGEMENT LLC
87 HIBERNIA AVENUE
ROCKAWAY, NJ 07866
TEL: (973) 299-5600
FAX: (973) 299-5659
www.e2pm.com

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N. J. ENGINEERING CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION No. 246A281.8200

I CERTIFY THAT THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED UNDER MY SUPERVISION

PROJECT NAME
OCEAN WIND OFFSHORE WIND
OYSTER CREEK ONSHORE
SUBSTATION AND
ONSHORE CABLE ROUTE
LACEY TOWNSHIP, NEW JERSEY
BLOCK 100, LOTS 1.05 AND 1.06
BLOCK 100.1, LOTS 4.02, 4.05, 4.06

DRAWING TITLE

AERIAL SITE LOCATION MAP

CHECKED BY: ENS	DRAWN BY: ENS
SCALE: 1" = 250'	PROJECT #: P-21-58-01
FIRST ISSUE: 01/13/2022	

DRAWING NO.

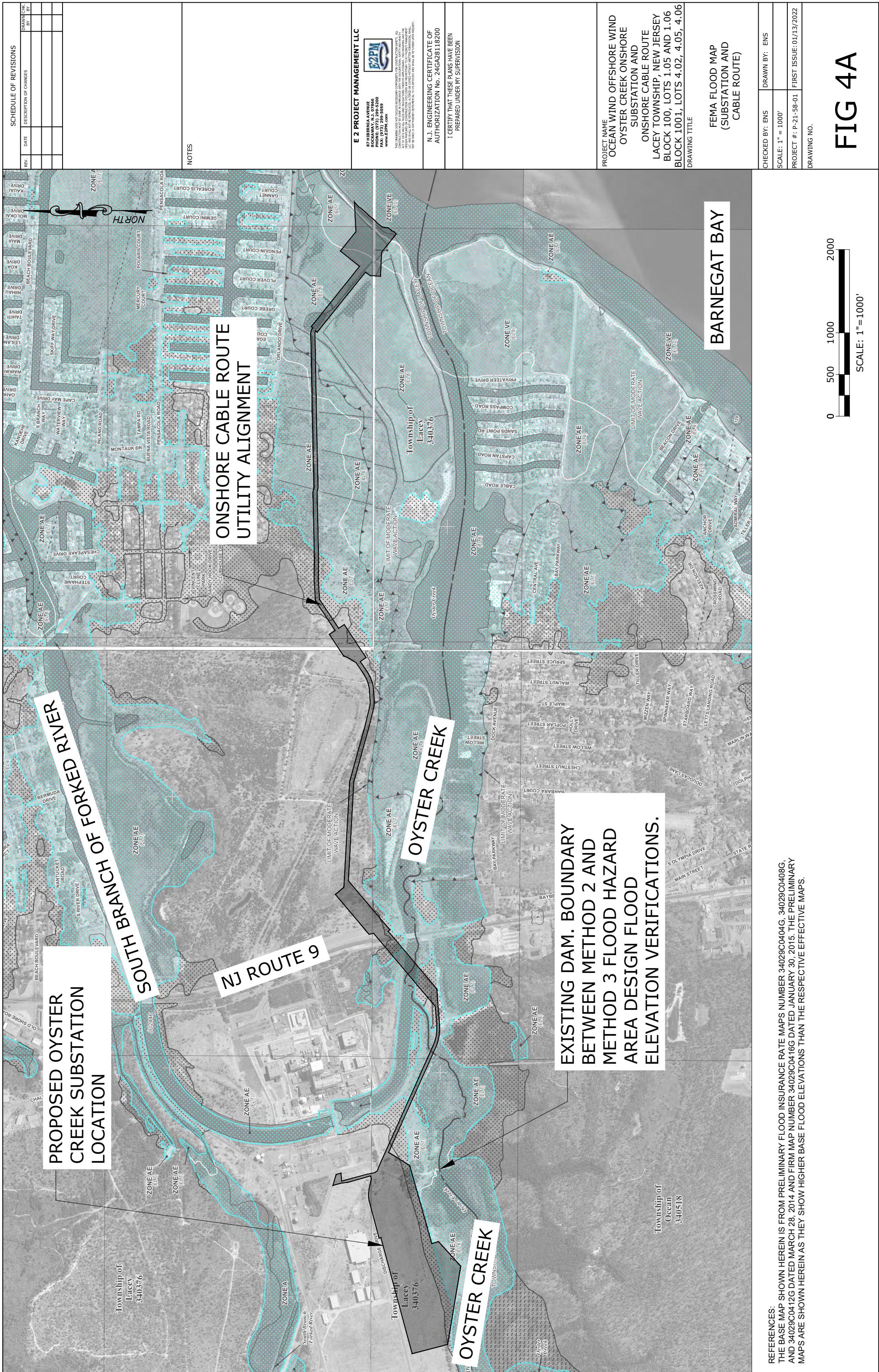
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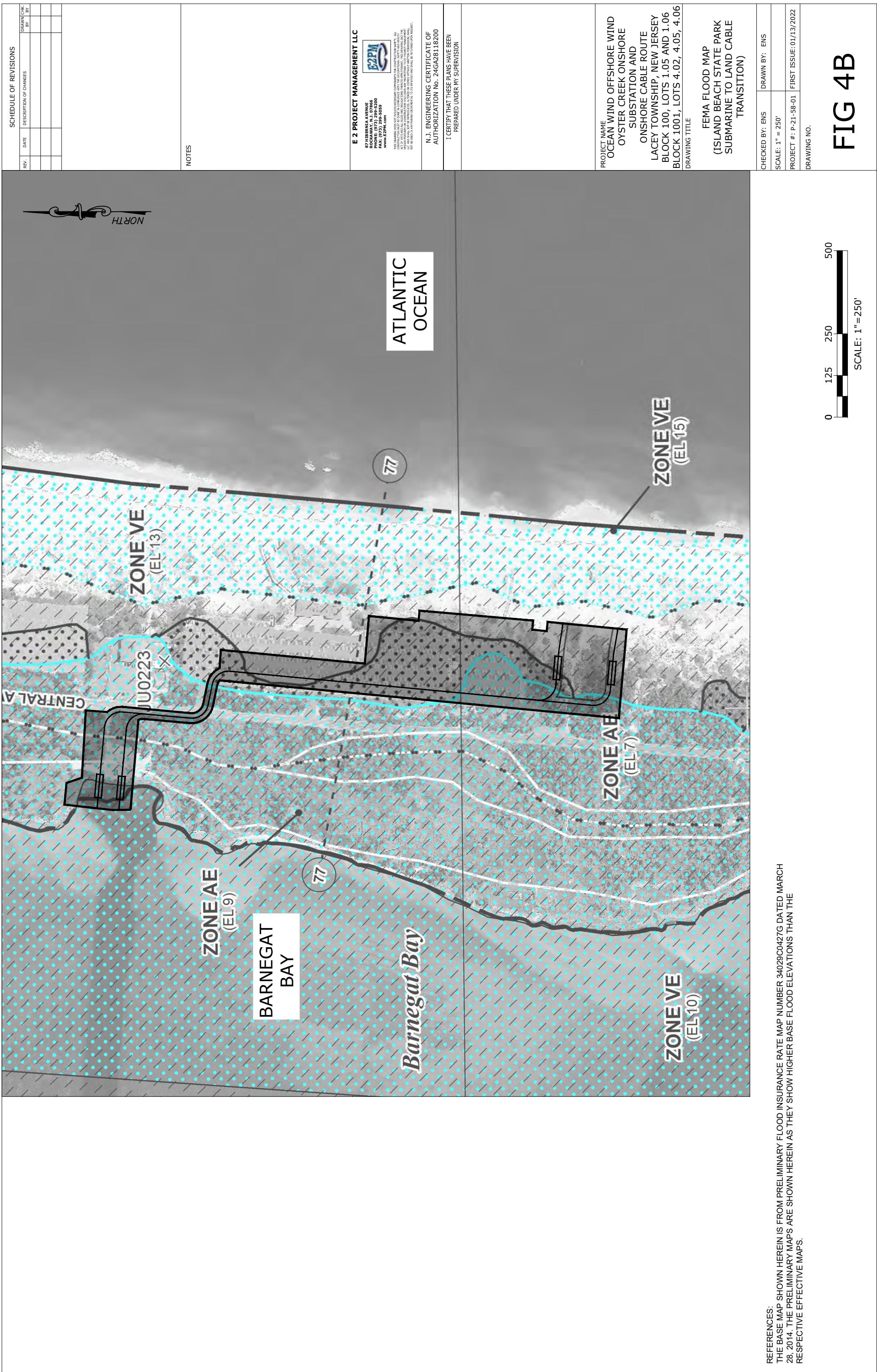
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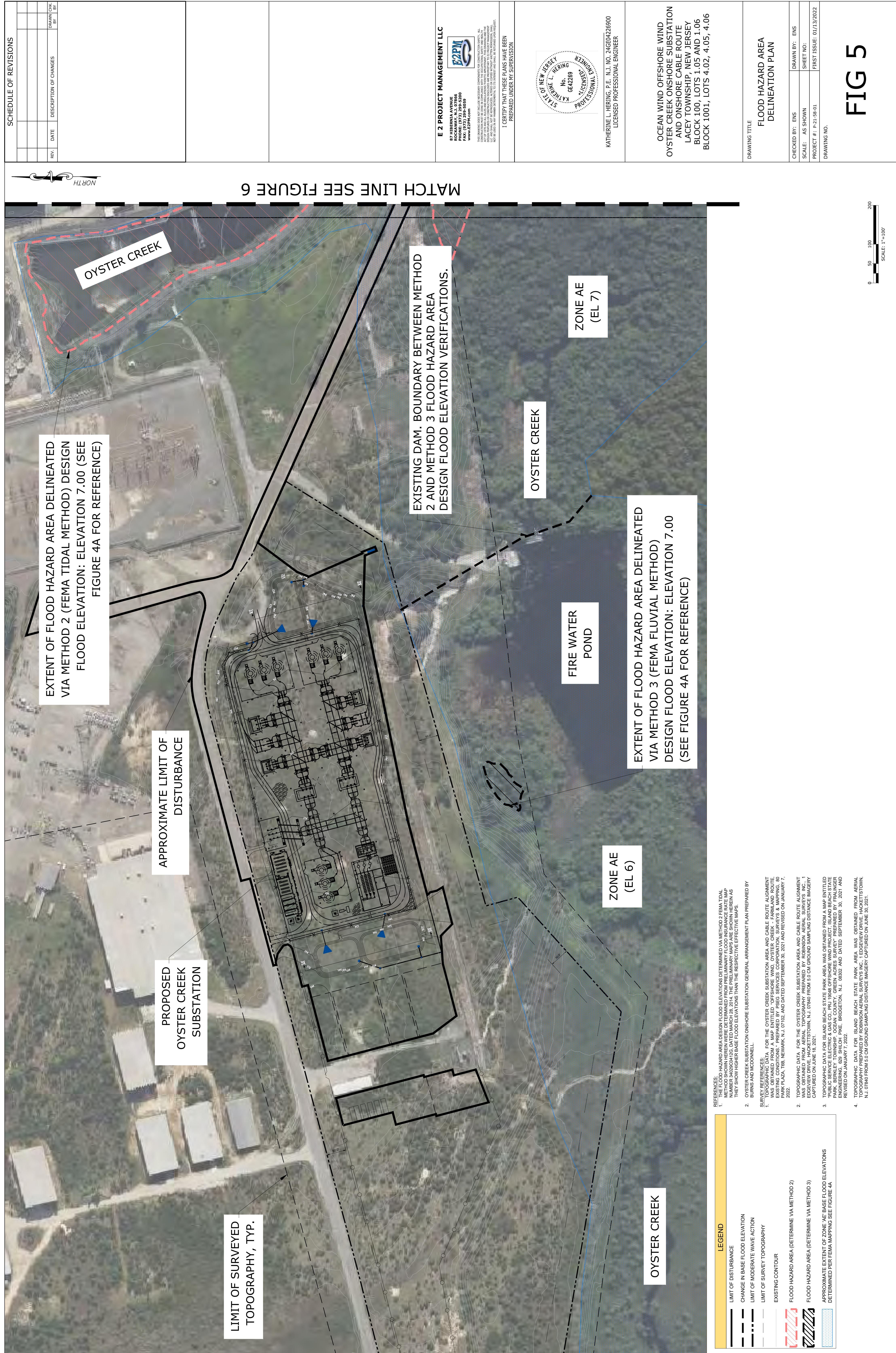
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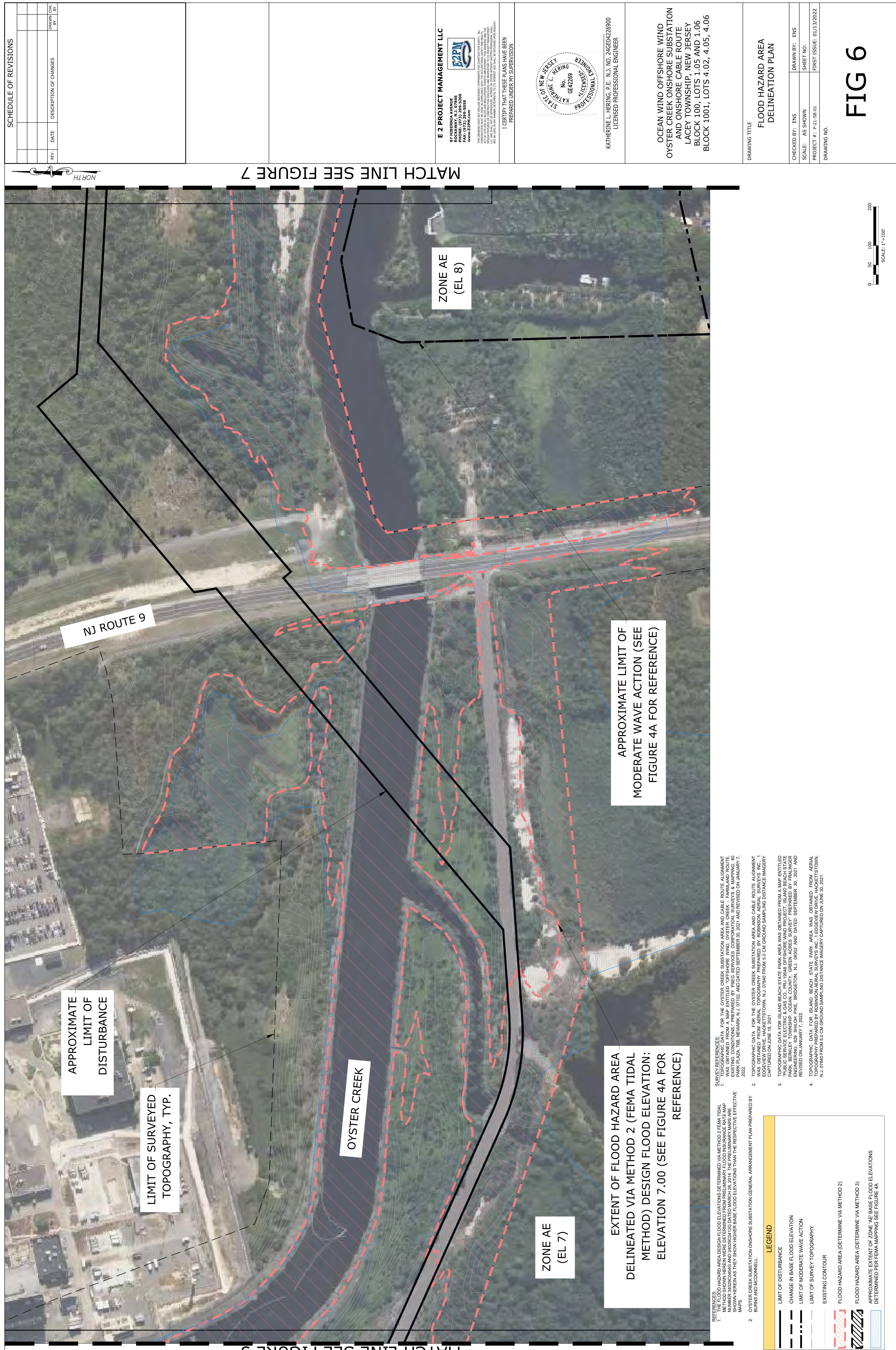
FIG 2C

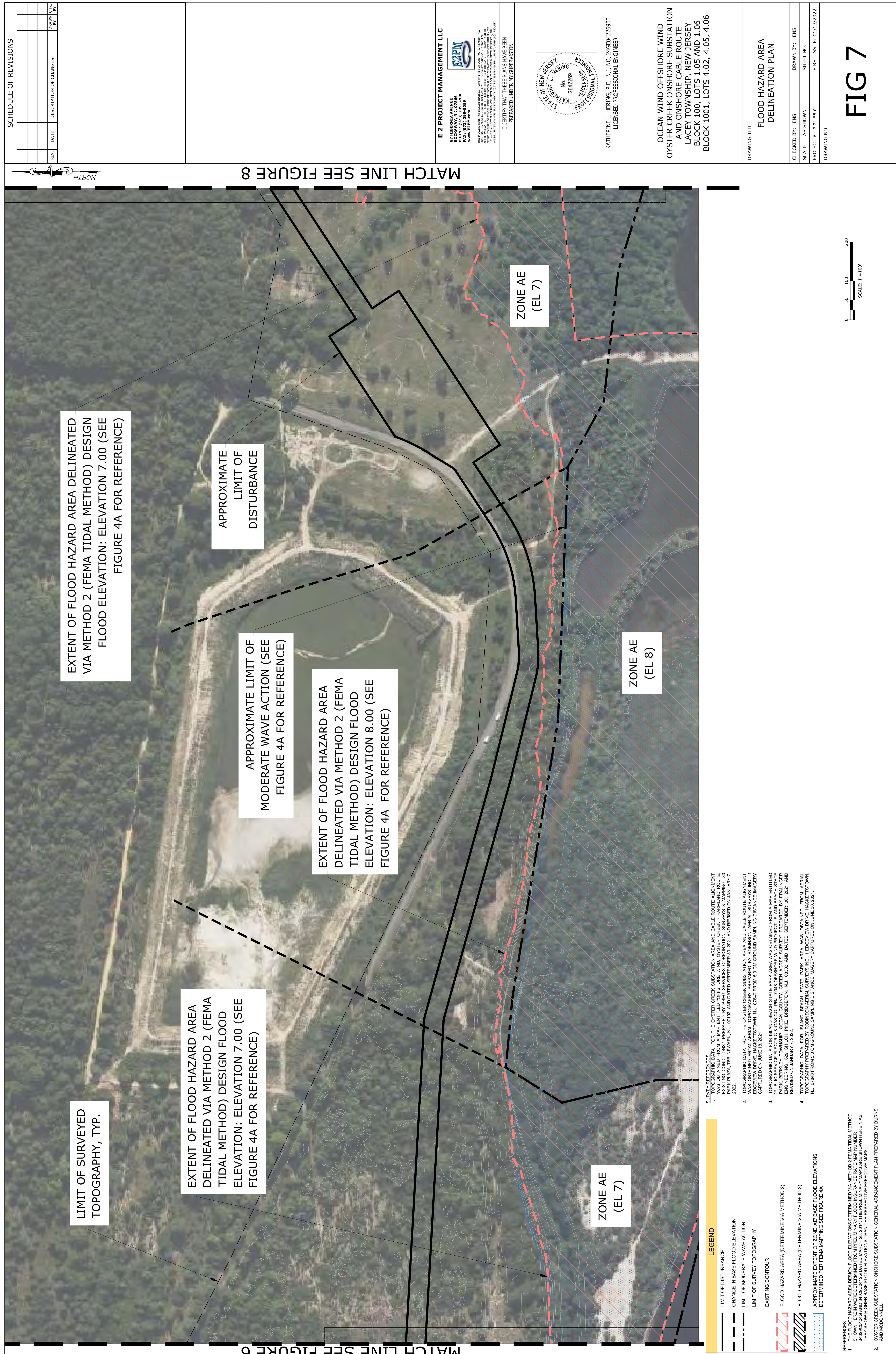


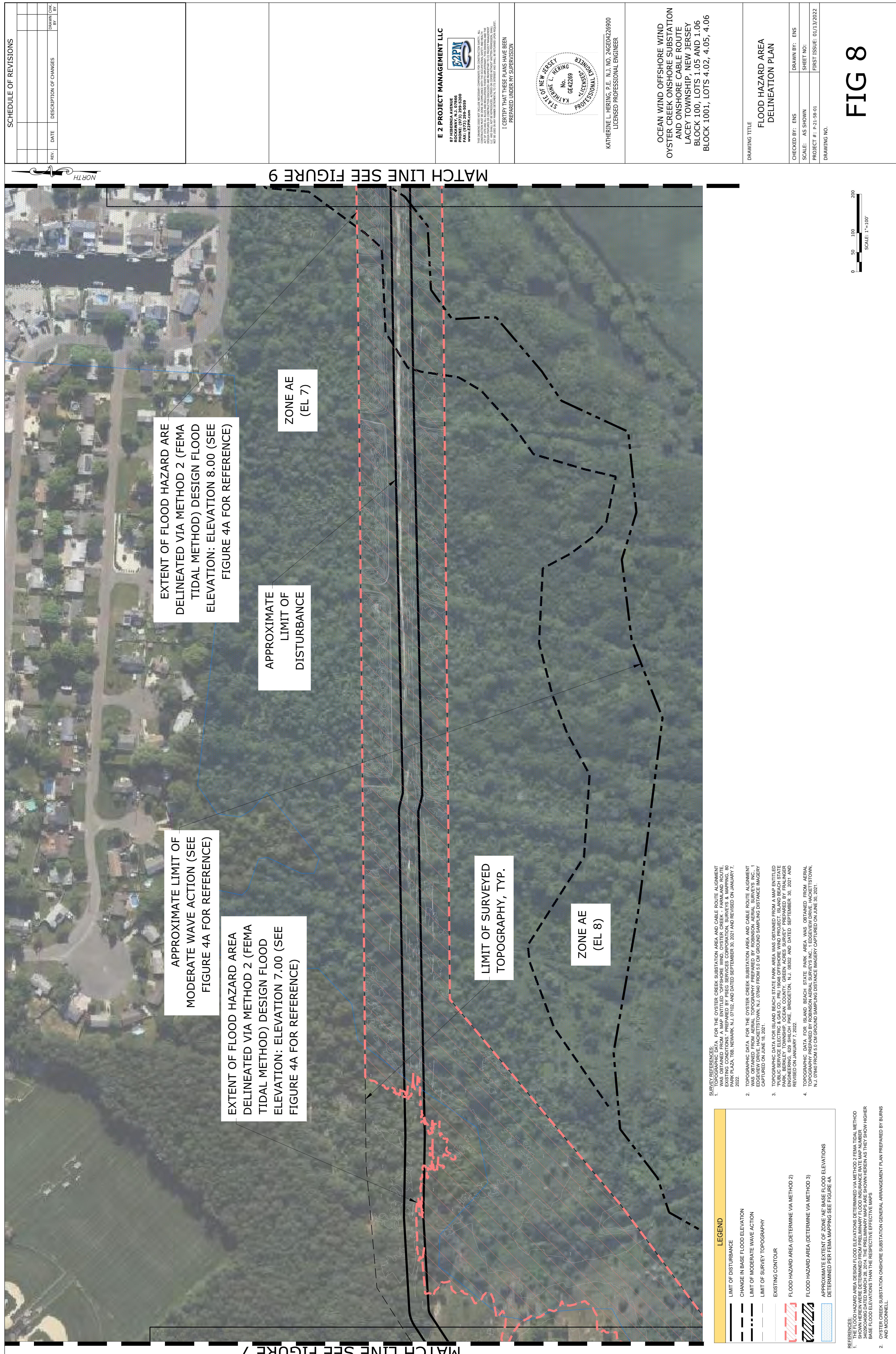








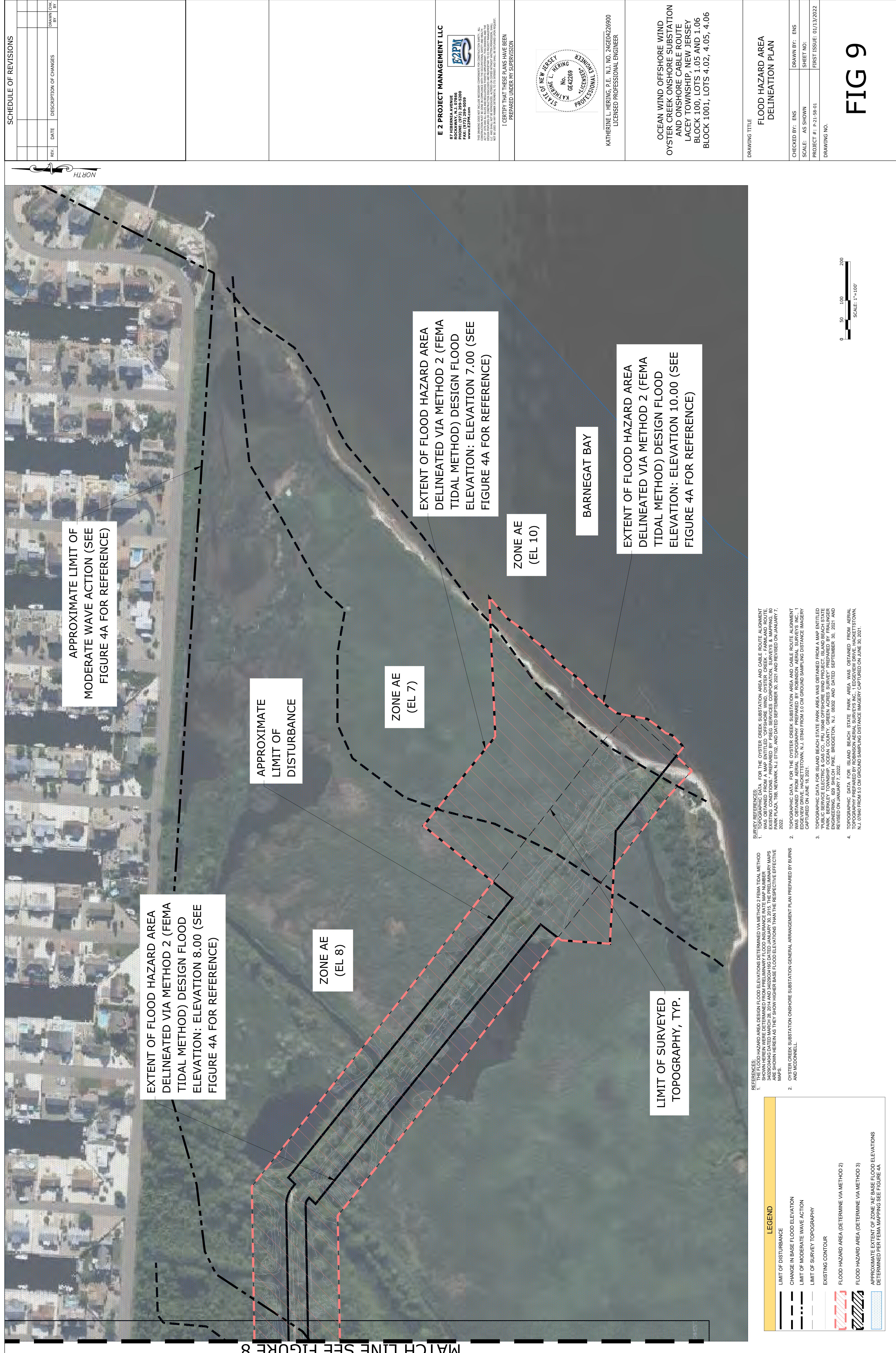


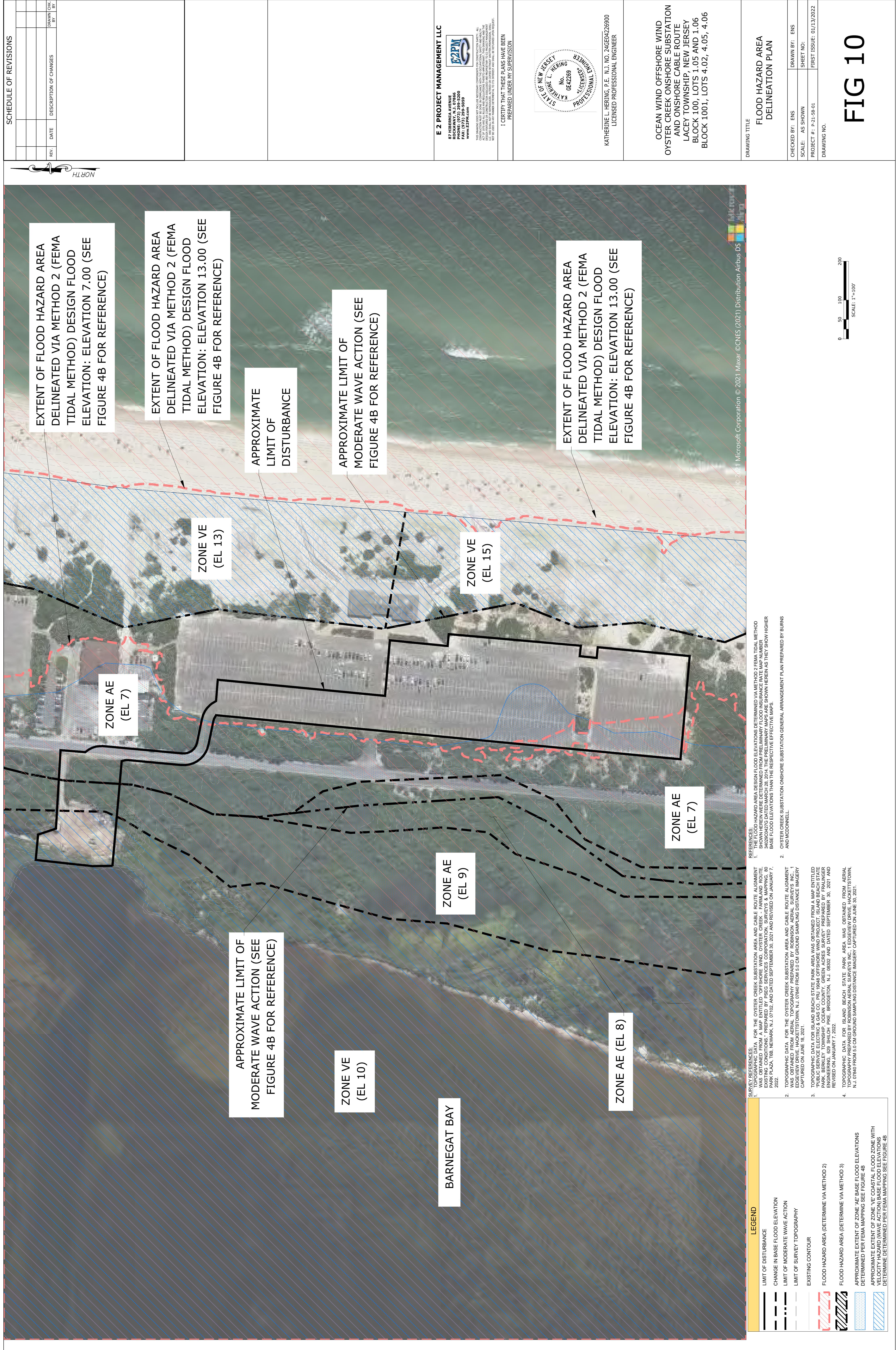


REFERENCES:

1. FLOOD HAZARD AREA DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATIONS DETERMINED VIA METHOD 2 FEMA TIDAL METHOD SURVEY PREPARED BY BURNS & MCDONNELL, INC. FOR THE OYSTER CREEK ONSHORE SUBSTATION AND ONSHORE CABLE ROUTE, LACEY TOWNSHIP, NEW JERSEY, AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS, AS OF SEPTEMBER 2021. THE DRAWINGS ARE SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY, DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, AND THE U.S. COAST GUARD.
2. OYSTER CREEK ONSHORE SUBSTATION GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN PREPARED BY BURNS & MCDONNELL.

FIG 8





APPENDIX A – FEMA FLOOD MAPS

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The **Community Map Repository** should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations** (BFEs) and/or **Floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the **Flood Profiling and Floodway Data and Summary of Stillwater Elevation** tables contained within the **Flood Insurance Study** (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the **Summary of Stillwater Elevation** tables in the **Flood Insurance Study** report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the **Summary of Stillwater Elevation** table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the **Flood Insurance Study** report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the **Flood Insurance Study** report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was New Jersey State Plane (FIPS Zone 2900). The **horizontal datum** was North America Datum 1983 (NAD 83), Geodetic Reference System 1980 (GRS 80) spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structures and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA, NNGS12
National Geographic Survey
SSMC-3, #9202
1315 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282
(301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov>.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from New Jersey Office of Information Technology (NOIT), Office of Geographic Information Systems (OGIS). This information was derived from digital orthophotos produced at a scale of 1:2400 (1"=200') with a 1 foot pixel resolution from photography dated 2012.

Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the **Flood Insurance Study** report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationships for unrevised streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

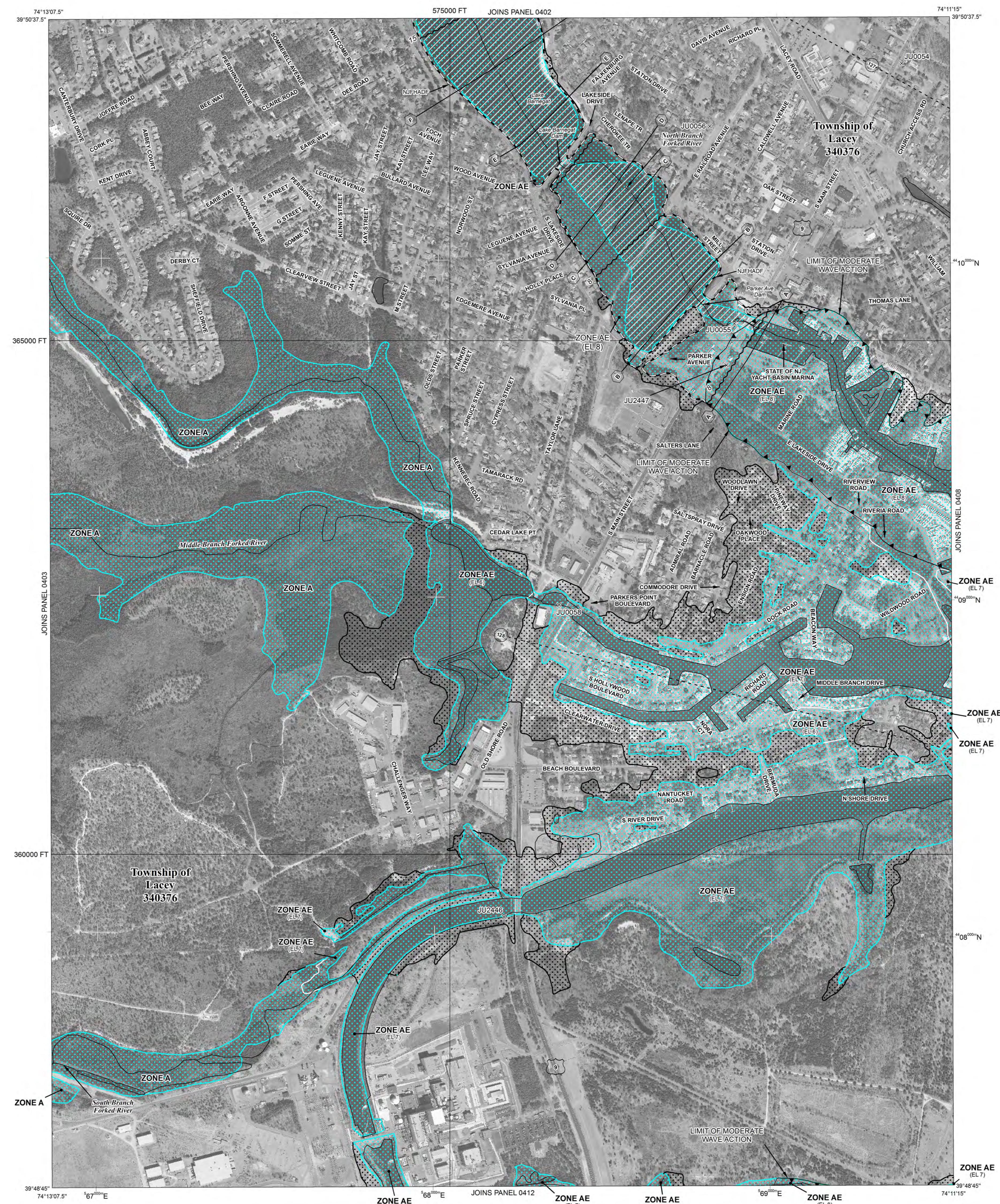
Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; **Community Map Repository** addresses; and a **Listing of Communities** table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

The AE Zone category has been divided by a **Limit of Moderate Wave Action** (LIMA). The LIMA represents the approximate landward limit of the 1.5-foot breaking wave. The effects of wave hazards between the VE Zone and the LIMA (or between the shoreline and the LIMA for areas where VE Zones are not identified) will be similar to, but less severe than those in the VE Zone.

Contact the **FEMA Map Information eXchange** at 1-877-336-2627 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a **Flood Insurance Study** report, and digital versions of this map. The **FEMA Map Information eXchange** may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-558-9620 and their website at <http://www.msfc.fema.gov/>.

If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the **FEMA** website at <http://www.fema.gov/business/nfip>.

NJFHADF is equal to the 1-percent-anual chance flood plus an additional 25% in flow, and not to exceed the 0.2-percent-anual chance flood. NJFHADF boundary is to regulate disturbance to the land and vegetation within flood hazard area of a water body. This regulation is set forth by the State of New Jersey Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules N.J.A.C. 7:13, and is administered by New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP).



LEGEND

	SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD
	The 1% annual flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to inundation by the annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A95, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.
	ZONE A No Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE AE Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE AH Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE AO Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.
	ZONE AR Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from 1% annual chance or greater flood.
	ZONE A99 Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE V Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE VE Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.
	FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE
The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of obstructions so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.	
	OTHER FLOOD AREAS
	OTHER AREAS Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain.
	ZONE X Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain; areas of 0.2% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.
	ZONE D Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain; areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.
	COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS CBRS areas and OPAs normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.
	OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)
CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.	
	1% annual chance floodplain boundary
	New Jersey Flood Hazard Area Design Flood (NJFHADF)
	0.2% annual chance floodplain boundary
	Floodway boundary
	Zone D boundary
	CBRS and OPAs boundary
	Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Area Zones; and boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.
	Line of Moderate Wave Action
	Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet*
	Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation in feet*
	* Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988
	Cross section line
	Transect line
	Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), Western Hemisphere
	87°07'45", 32°22'30"
	24°76'00"N, 60'00"E
	1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid values, zone 18N
	5000-foot grid values; New Jersey State Plane coordinate system (FIPS Zone 2900), Transverse Mercator projection
	Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this FIRM panel)
	M 1.5 River Mile
MAP REPOSITORY Refer to listing of Map Repositories on Map Index	
EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP September 29, 2006	
EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL	
For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.	
To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your Insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.	
MAP SCALE 1" = 500'	
	250 0 1000 FEET
	150 0 150 300 METERS

FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP			
OCEAN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY (ALL JURISDICTIONS)			
PANEL 404 OF 660			
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)			
CONTAINS:			
COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
LACEY, TOWNSHIP OF	340376	0404	G
PRELIMINARY MARCH 28, 2014			
Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders. The Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.			
MAP NUMBER 34029C0404G			
MAP REVISED			
Federal Emergency Management Agency			

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The **Community Map Repository** should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations** (BFEs) and/or **Floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the **Flood Profiling and Floodway Data and Summary of Stillwater Elevations** tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of the FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was New Jersey State Plane (FIPS Zone 2900). The **horizontal datum** was North America Datum 1983 (NAD 83), Geodetic Reference System 1980 (GRS 80) spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same **vertical datum**. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

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National Geodetic Survey
SSMC-3, #9202
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Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282
(301) 713-3242

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Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from New Jersey Office of Information Technology (NJOTT), Office of Geographic Information Systems (OGIS). This information was derived from digital orthophotos produced at a scale of 1:2400 (1"=200') with a foot pixel resolution from photography dated 2012.

Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date **stream channel configurations** and **floodplain delineations** than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationships for unrevised streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

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The AE Zone category has been divided by a **Limit of Moderate Wave Action** (LIMWA). The LIMWA represents the approximate landward limit of the 15-foot breaking wave. The effects of wave hazards between the VE Zone and the LIMWA (or between the shoreline and the LIMWA for areas where VE Zones are not identified) will be similar to, but less severe than those in the VE Zone.

Contact the **FEMA Map Information Exchange** at 1-877-338-2827 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study report, and/or digital versions of this map. The FEMA Map Information Exchange may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and their website at <http://www.msfc.fema.gov>.

If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/business/nfip>.



LEGEND

	SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD
	The 1% annual flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.
	ZONE A No Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE AE Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE AH Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE AO Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.
	ZONE AR Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.
	ZONE A99 To be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE V Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE VE Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.
	FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE The roadway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.
	OTHER FLOOD AREAS Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.
	OTHER AREAS Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain.
	ZONE D Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain.
	COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.
	OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)
	CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.
	1% annual chance floodplain boundary
	0.2% annual chance floodplain boundary
	Floodway boundary
	Zone D boundary
	CBRS and OPA boundary
	Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Area Zones and boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.
	Limit of Moderate Wave Action
	Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet*
	* Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988
	Cross section line
	Transect line
	Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), Western Hemisphere
	276000N 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid values, zone 18N
	600000FT 5000-foot grid values; New Jersey State Plane coordinate system (FIPSZONE 2900), Transverse Mercator projection
	DX5510 X Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this FIRM panel)
	M1.5 River mile
	MAP REPOSITORY Refer to listing of Map Repositories on Map Index
	EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP September 29, 2006
	EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your Insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.

FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP			
OCEAN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY (ALL JURISDICTIONS)			
PANEL 408 OF 660			
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)			
CONTAINS:			
COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
LACEY, TOWNSHIP OF	340376	0408	G
PRELIMINARY MARCH 28, 2014			
Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders. The Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.			
MAP NUMBER 34029C0408G			
MAP REVISED			
Federal Emergency Management Agency			

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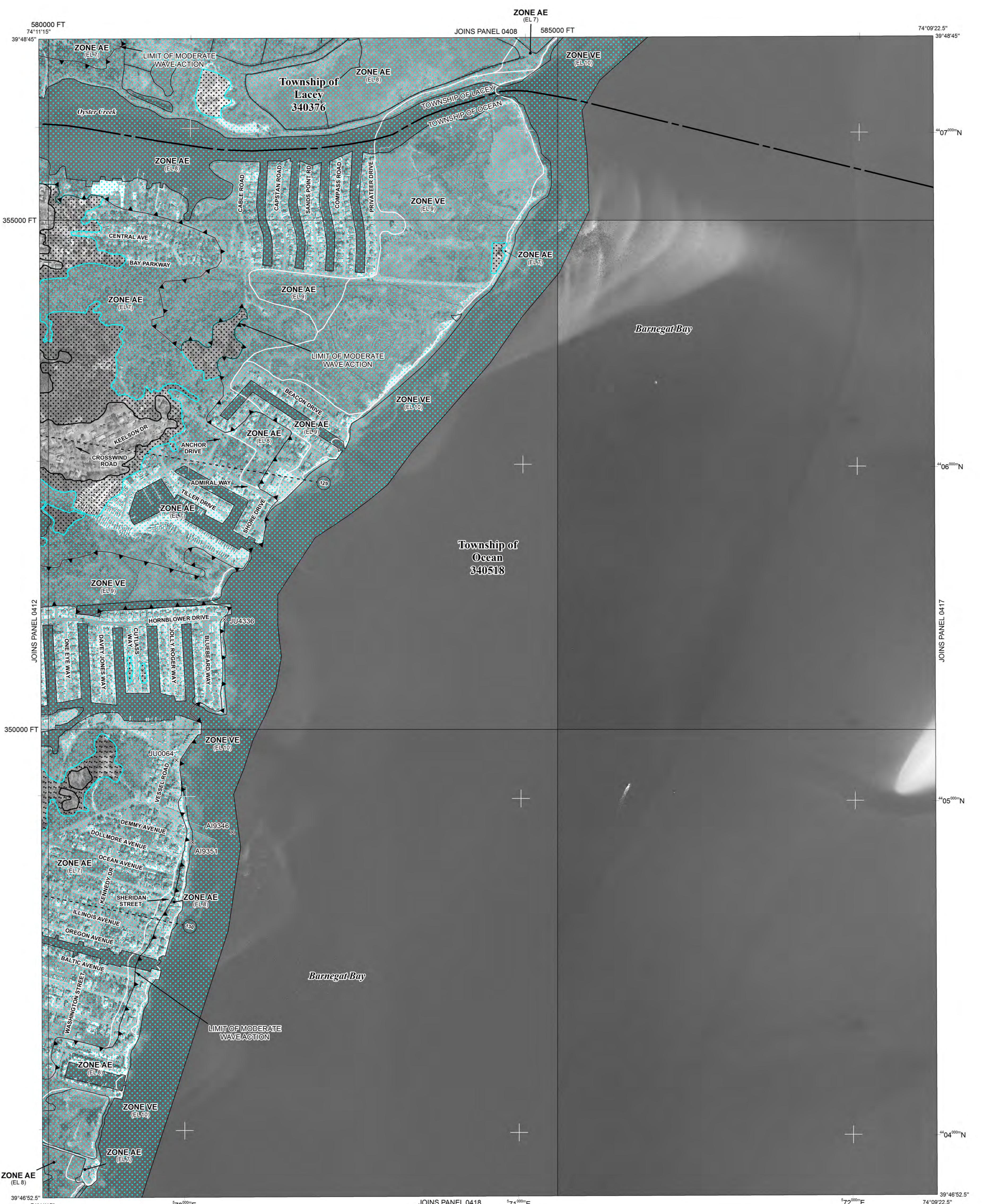
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The AE Zone category has been divided by a **Limit of Moderate Wave Action** (LIMWA). The LIMWA represents the approximate landward limit of the 1.5-foot breaking wave. The effects of wave hazards between the VE Zone and the LIMWA (or between the shoreline and the LIMWA for areas where VE Zones are not identified) will be similar to, but less severe than those in the VE Zone.

Contact the **FEMA Map Information eXchange** at 1-877-338-2627 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study report, and/or digital versions of this map. The FEMA Map Information eXchange may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and their website at <http://www.msfc.fema.gov>.

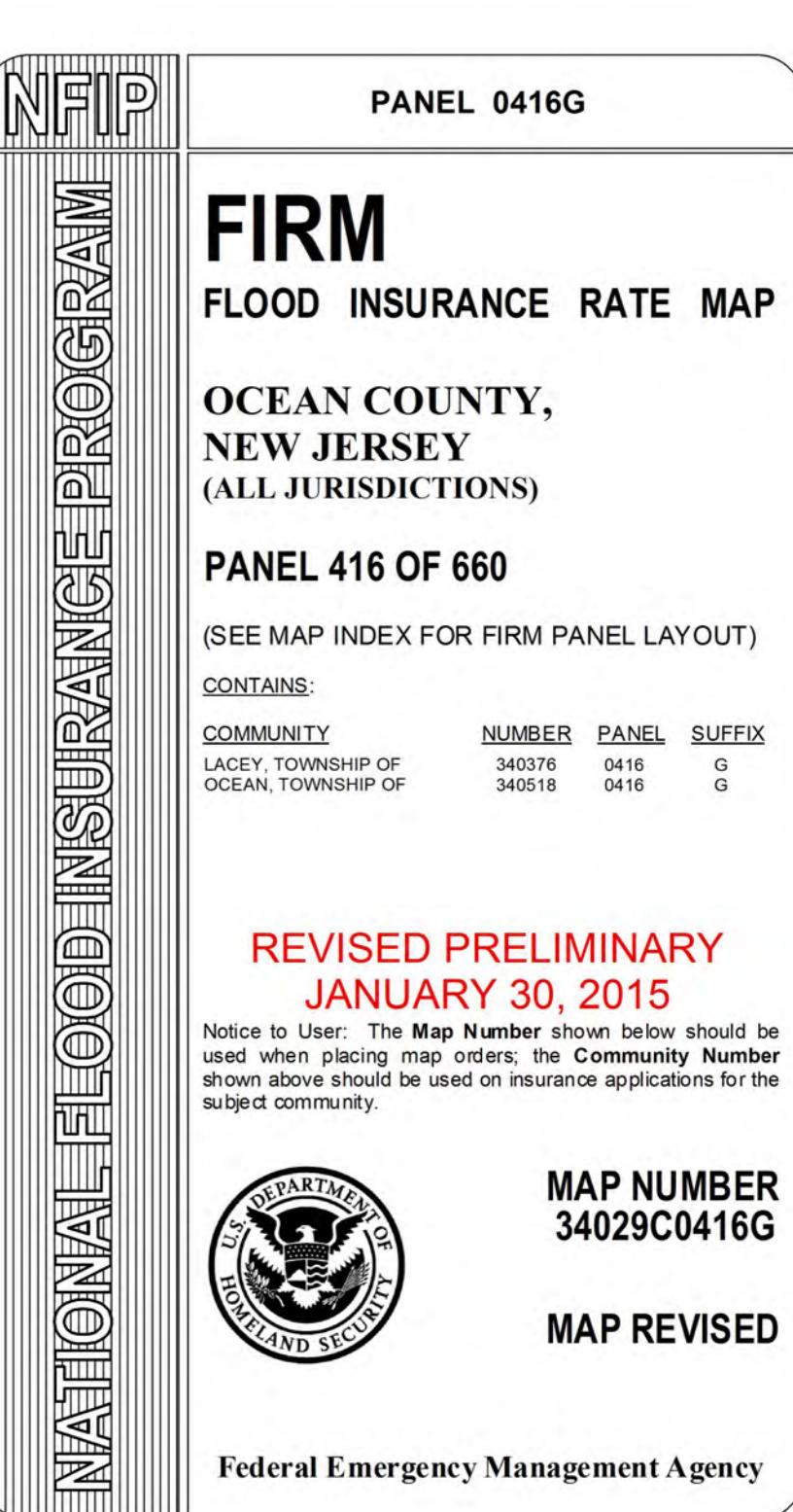
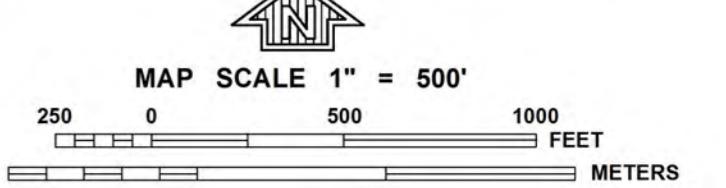
If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/business/nfip>.



LEGEND

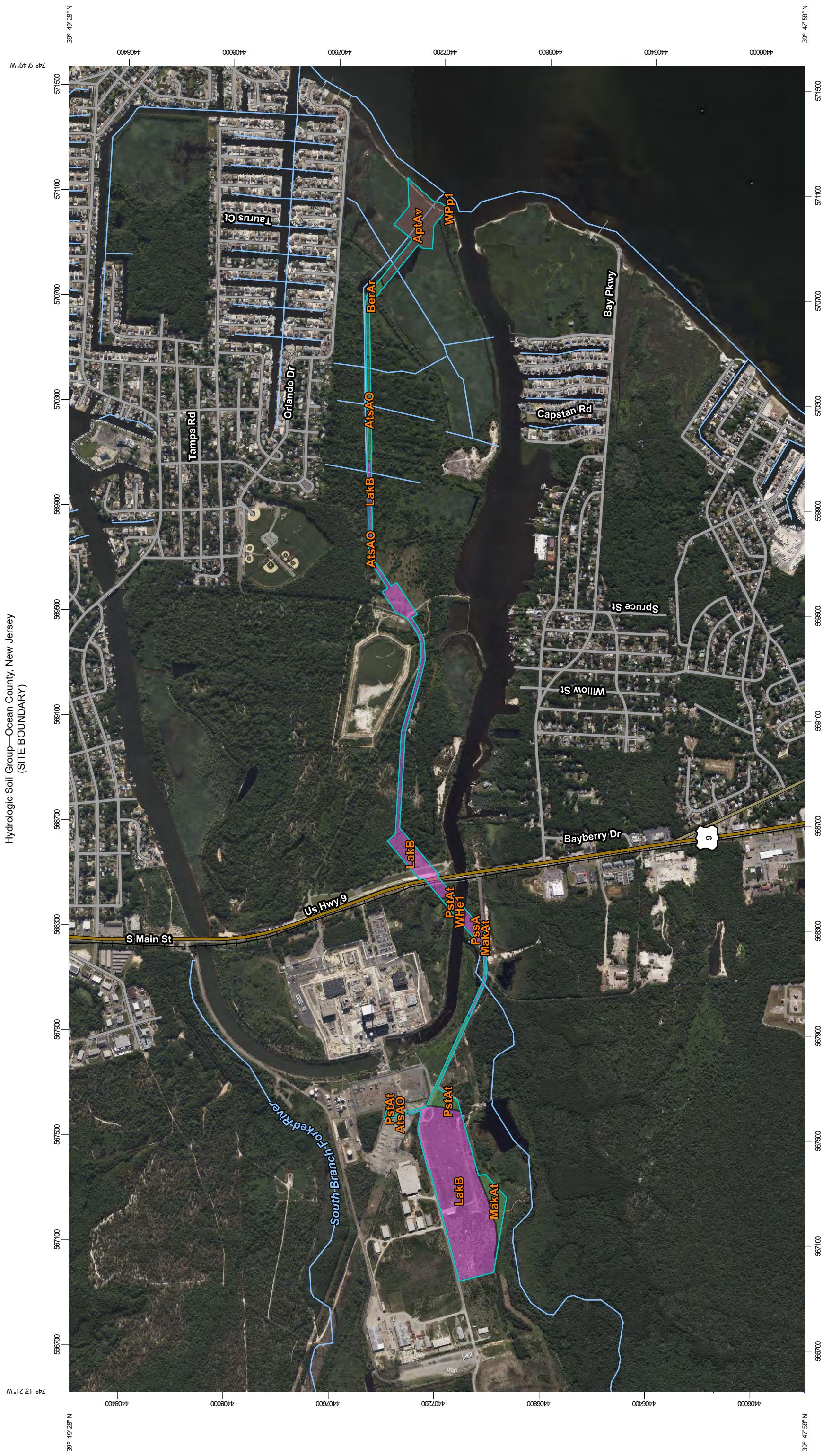
	SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD
	The 1% annual flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.
	ZONE A No Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE AE Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE AH Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE AO Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.
	ZONE AR Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.
	ZONE A99 Areas to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE V Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations determined.
	ZONE VE Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.
	FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE
	The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.
	OTHER FLOOD AREAS
	OTHER AREAS
	OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)
	CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.
	1% annual chance floodplain boundary
	0.2% annual chance floodplain boundary
	Floodway boundary
	Zone D boundary
	CBRS and OPA boundary
	Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.
	Limit of Moderate Wave Action
	Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet*
	Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation in feet*
	* Referred to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988
	Cross section line
	Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), Western Hemisphere
	87°07'45", 32°22'30" 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid values, zone 18N
	276000N 600000FT 1000-foot grid values, New Jersey State Plane coordinate system (FIPSZONE 2900), Transverse Mercator projection
	DX5510 X Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this FIRM panel)
	M1.5 River Mile
	MAP REPOSITORY
	Refer to listing of Map Repositories on Map Index
	EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP September 29, 2006
	EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your Insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.



APPENDIX B – SOIL MAP

Hydrologic Soil Group—Ocean County, New Jersey
(SITE BOUNDARY)



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)		C		C/D
Soils		D		Not rated or not available
Soil Rating Polygons		A		A/D
		B		B/D
		C		C/D
		D		Not rated or not available
Water Features		Streams and Canals		Rails
Transportation		Interstate Highways		US Routes
		Major Roads		Local Roads
Background		Aerial Photography		
Soil Rating Lines		A		A/D
		B		B/D
		C		C/D
		D		Not rated or not available
Soil Rating Points		A		A/D
		B		B/D
		D		Not rated or not available

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Ocean County, New Jersey
Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021
Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 13, 2021—Sep 14, 2021

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
AptAv	Appoquinimink-Transquaking-Mispillion complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes, very frequently flooded	B/D	7.8	13.1%
AtsAO	Atsion sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Northern Tidewater Area	A/D	2.2	3.7%
BerAr	Berryland sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes, rarely flooded	A/D	1.4	2.4%
LakB	Lakehurst sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	A	40.0	66.8%
MakAt	Manahawkin muck, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	A/D	2.7	4.6%
PssA	Psammments, 0 to 2 percent slopes	A	2.1	3.4%
PstAt	Psammaquents, sulfidic substratum, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	A/D	2.8	4.7%
WHe1	Herring Creek mucky silt loam, 0 to 1 meter water depth	D	0.7	1.2%
WPp1	Pasture Point loamy fine sand, 0 to 1 meter water depth	D	0.0	0.0%
WTs2	Truitt-Southpoint complex, 1 to 2 meter water depth	D	0.0	0.0%
Totals for Area of Interest			59.8	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)		C	C/D
	Area of Interest (AOI)		D
Soils		Not rated or not available	
Soil Rating Polygons			
	A		A/D
	B		B/D
	D		C/D
Water Features			
Streams and Canals			
Transportation			
	Rails		Interstate Highways
	Local Roads		US Routes
	Major Roads		Major Roads
Background			
Soil Rating Lines			
	A		A/D
	B		B/D
	C		C/D
	D		D
Soil Rating Points		Not rated or not available	
	A		A/D
	B		B/D
	D		C/D

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.
Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Ocean County, New Jersey
Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 13, 2021—Sep 14, 2021

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
HorsC	Hooksan fine sand, 2 to 10 percent slopes	A	2.1	29.8%
UR	Urban land		4.8	70.2%
Totals for Area of Interest			6.9	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition



Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

