

Clean Energy Compliance Options for EGUs March 22, 2023

Robert Kettig, Assistant Director | Kenneth Ratzman, Assistant Director Air, Energy, and Materials Sustainability

Please note this meeting is being recorded.

The recording and presented material will be made available on the NJPACT website at NJDEP | NJ PACT: Protecting Against Climate Threats | Home.

Please also note this meeting is for informational purposes only. The concepts and ideas presented and discussed do not reflect any final decision making.

As a courtesy to all, please turn off your microphone and camera.

Towards the end of the presentation, we will pause for questions and comments. If you would like to speak, please raise your hand at the appropriate time.

As a courtesy to all, please wait until you are called to speak.

Agenda

01

Background: Control and Prohibition of CO₂ Emissions Rule 02

Introduce potential rulemaking: Clean Energy Compliance Options for Existing EGUs 03

Discuss topics and solicit feedback for upcoming focused stakeholder meetings

04

Next steps

The Control and Prohibition of Carbon Dioxide Emissions Rule

(published 1/3/23)

The rule is expected to reduce CO₂ emissions from fossil fuel-fired electric generating units through the application of output-based emission limits.

The Control and Prohibition of Carbon Dioxide Emissions Rule

(published 1/3/23)

Applies to new or existing EGU that

- combusts at least 51 percent fossil fuel, alone or in combination with any other fuel, annually;
- supplies at least 10 percent of its annual gross electric output to the grid; and
- has a nameplate capacity equal to or greater than 25 MWe.

A new EGU with a nameplate capacity less than 25 MWe that meets the other two thresholds will be covered by the rules if the unit is located at a facility that has more than one EGU, and the aggregate capacity of those units is equal to or greater than 25 MWe.

The Control and Prohibition of Carbon Dioxide Emissions Rule (published 1/3/23)

Compliance deadline	Emission limit
for existing EGUs	
June 1, 2024	1,700 lb CO ₂ /MWh gross energy
	output
June 1, 2027	1,300 lb CO ₂ /MWh gross energy
	output
June 1, 2035	1,000 lb CO ₂ /MWh gross energy
	output

The Control and Prohibition of Carbon Dioxide Emissions Rule

(published 1/3/23)

An owner or operator may request an extension of the compliance date if:

- BPU issues an order determining that the unit is needed to maintain reliable grid operations;
- The EGU is designated as an RMR unit or PJM or NYISO has requested that the EGU remain operational to maintain reliable grid operations

Rulemaking concept:

Clean Energy
Compliance Options for
Existing EGUs

Allow the incorporation of zero or low emitting electric generation or storage into an existing EGU's total electric output

Lower the unit's average emission rate (lb./MWh)

Comply with emissions limit

Grid Supply Solar Behind the Meter Solar

RNG/Hydrogen

Battery Storage

Fuel Cells

Potential clean energy options

Potential timing of applicability of clean energy options

Compliance deadline for existing EGUs	Emission limit
June 1, 2024	1,700 lb CO ₂ /MWh
	gross energy output
June 1, 2027	1,300 lb CO ₂ /MWh
	gross energy output
June 1, 2035	1,000 lb CO ₂ /MWh
	gross energy output

Why is the Department considering rulemaking to allow clean energy compliance options for existing EGUs?

Comments received

The Department received numerous comments on the CO₂ reduction rules for EGUs.

Some commenters requested compliance flexibility for units, particularly peaking units that run infrequently but are necessary for grid reliability.

Other commenters cautioned against leakage.

Other commenters expressed the need to transition to clean energy.

Reliability

Dispatchable units will continue to be needed to ensure that electricity generation meets demand.

The use of non-dispatchable generation from clean energy sources such as wind and solar to meet most of the State's electric demand must be accompanied by dispatchable sources to ensure demand is met.

making.

Curtail leakage

Flexibility would provide opportunity for in-State units to continue to operate within the regional grid at a lower-emission profile than out-of-state units that would be called upon to serve New Jersey when in-State units shut down.

making.

Inspire investment

The flexibility to incorporate qualifying clean energy and storage as a compliance tool would provide an incentive to increase development and deployment of those clean energy technologies.

Upcoming Focused Stakeholder Sessions



The Department will hold meetings with specific stakeholder groups to solicit input as the Department evaluates this potential rulemaking.



To facilitate the discussion at the upcoming stakeholder sessions, the Department is providing a list of the topics it expects to raise during these sessions. Today, the Department is asking for feedback on whether there are other discussion topics that should be covered.

Focused stakeholder meeting topic #1

Which of these should be qualifying zero or low emission technologies?

- Grid Supply Solar
- Behind The Meter Solar
- RNG/Hydrogen
- Battery Storage
- Fuel Cells
- Other?

making.

Focused stakeholder meeting topic #2

- What could be the obstacles for an EGU owner and operator seeking to incorporate qualifying technologies into an existing EGU's total electric output?
- O Timing considerations?

Focused stakeholder meeting topic #3

- O Locational considerations?
- Where should the Department allow the alternative technology to be located (onsite versus off-site)?

Focused stakeholder meeting topic #4

- What emissions averaging methodology(ies) should the Department use? Are there other approaches besides averaging?
- How should peak versus nonpeak emission rates be measured?
- Monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting challenges?

making.

Focused stakeholder meeting topic #5

Should clean energy that is used for emission compliance be allowed to qualify for RECs?

Questions or comments on these topics for focused stakeholder meetings?

Next steps

- Focused stakeholder sessions to be scheduled through April/May 2023.
- If you are interested in participating, please email
 <u>njclimate@dep.nj.gov</u> with your contact information and particular interest or affiliation.

Thank you for attending