Subject	Meeting Minutes - Citizen Advisory Group (CAG) Meeting #6
Meeting Date	December 6, 2016
Scheduled Time	6:00 pm – 7:00 pm ET
Location	Port Authority Conference Room, 90 Moonachie Avenue, Teterboro, NJ 07608
Attendees	Attendee list available, for internal use only

- The PowerPoint slide presentation utilized at the meeting is attached to the meeting minutes (see **Attachment 1**).
- A CAG meeting packet was provided to all attendees and is also attached to the meeting minutes (see **Attachment 2**).
- Introductions Linda Fisher, NJDEP Rebuild by Design Meadowlands (RBDM) Project Team
 Manager, started the meeting and provided a brief overview of the meeting objectives, which
 included: (1) a Project status update; and (2) an overview of Alternative 1 (Structural Flood
 Reduction) concept development.
- Chris Benosky, AECOM's Rebuild by Design (RBD) Program Manager, provided a brief project status update. The Draft Concept Screening Criteria Matrix, originally presented at the CAG #3 meeting, has been refined further; it is a living document that will continue to be modified, as appropriate, during the alternative development process. The Meeting Summary for CAG Meeting #5 and the November 2016 Newsletter are available on the Project website at www.rbd-meadowlands.nj.gov. The RBDM Project Team is in the process of developing Alternative 1 alignment options.
- Mr. Benosky presented an overview of the existing flooding conditions within the Project Area.
 Nearly all of the Project Area is currently within the 100-year floodplain. As sea level rises, this will lead to even more flooding within the Project Area. Sea level is estimated to rise between 0.5 and 1.1 feet by 2050, and between 1.2 and 2.4 feet by 2075, within the Project Area.
- The materials presented at this meeting are based on North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88) elevations; this will be the vertical datum used for the Proposed Project. NAVD 88 replaced the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29). However, it was noted that Federal Emergency Management Act (FEMA) data are often in NGVD 29. The difference between NAVD 88 and NGVD 29 is approximately one foot. For example, 7 feet NAVD 88 is approximately 8 feet NGVD 29.
- Based on existing conditions with the Project Area, average water levels along the Hackensack River relative to 5 feet NAVD 1988 (i.e., the approximate average existing ground elevation in the Project Area) include a mean water level of 2.75 feet NAVD 88, a mean lower low water level of -3.55 feet NAVD 88, and a mean higher high water level of 3.08 feet NAVD 88. During a



10-year storm event (i.e., 10 percent chance of this storm occurring each year), water levels are approximately at 5 feet NAVD 1988, or approximately at the existing average ground elevation. During a 50-year storm event (i.e., 2 percent chance of this storm occurring each year), water levels are at 7.4 feet NAVD 1988, which is above the existing ground elevation. Finally, during the 100-year storm event (i.e., 1 percent chance of this storm occurring each year), water levels are at 8.3 feet NAVD 1988, which is above the existing ground elevation by more than 3 feet.

- Within the Project Area, existing ground elevations reach 7 feet NAVD 88 in some areas due to existing berms, existing land slopes, or existing topography. For this reason, the 7-foot elevation is being used as a baseline study elevation. This elevation would maintain the existing level of flood protection within the Project Area while incorporating anticipated sea level rise. In addition, the 7-foot elevation allows the structural components of Alternative 1 to be tied into the existing ground elevation, which would minimize overall construction cost. The 7-foot elevation is not necessarily an alternative that will pass the screening process, and is not the Preferred Alternative; it provides a baseline for the analysis. The RBDM Project Team is considering other elevations above 7 feet. All options are being vetted through the screening process and Feasibility Study.
- In the northeast portion of the Project Area, the ground elevation is higher; therefore, only a 1-to 3-foot flood protection structure would be needed to meet the baseline 7-foot NAVD 88 line of protection. In contrast, the ground is at a lower elevation in the southeast portion of the Project Area, and a flood protection structure as high as 4 feet would be needed to meet the baseline elevation of 7 feet NAVD 88.
- The 7-foot NAVD 88 baseline alignment utilizes the existing ground elevations in the Project
 Area along the line of protection. Flood protection structures would only be constructed along
 the alignment within areas having existing ground elevations less than 7 feet NAVD 88. As a
 result, areas in the Project Area at or above 7 feet NAVD 88 would not require a flood protection
 structure if the 7-foot NAVD 88 alignment were constructed.
- The RBDM Project Team is considering the use of both berms (soft edges) and walls (hard edges) along the alignment. Berms are being considered in areas where more land is available; berms require a larger footprint to construct than do walls.
- Garrett Avery, RBDM Project Manager, provided an overview of the 7-foot NAVD 88 alignment
 options that are currently going through the screening process. The alignment options include a
 mix of walls (depicted in pink) and berms (depicted in green), as well as new tide gates and
 pump stations. To facilitate the presentation of the alignment options, the Project Area was
 divided into six zones along the line of protection.
 - Zone 1 This zone occurs at the far northeast portion of the Project Area. Three options are currently under consideration in this zone. They all include the use of existing ground



elevations to minimize costs. The first option would include a tie-in west of the Bergen Turnpike, and would require road regrading or deployables. Option 2 would not require any road crossings, road regrading, or deployables, but would extend north outside of the current Project Area into Hackensack. Option 3 is similar to Option 2, but extends slightly further north outside of the Project Area and would allow the alignment to tie into the existing Hackensack Riverwalk.

- 2. Zone 2 This zone occurs immediately south of Zone 1. Two interior alignment options are currently under consideration within this zone, as well as a tide gate. Option 1 includes a tie-in at 7-foot NAVD 88 near Indian Lake that would require road regrading and deployables. Option 2 includes a tie-in at 7-foot NAVD 88 east of Bergen Turnpike that would also require road regrading and deployables.
- 3. **Zone 3** In this zone, the alignment would continue along the edge of the Hackensack River. It would tie into high ground and use berms where possible. Several closure gates would be needed to ensure the existing river access is preserved, and a closed line of protection is provided during storm events.
- 4. **Zone 4** This zone includes the use of both berms and walls, with berms proposed in areas with sufficient land available. To the extent feasible, the RBDM Project Team is exploring options to reinforce or replace existing berms in this zone to minimize wetland impacts. This zone would also include a new surge gate to protect existing outfalls at the water treatment plant.
- 5. Zone 5 This zone occurs in the southeast portion of the Project Area near the wetland mitigation banks. Three options are under consideration in this zone. Option 1 includes a tie-in at 7-foot NAVD 88 near the north side of Commerce Boulevard that would require road regrading and closure gates. Option 2 includes a tie-in on the south side of Commerce Boulevard and would not require regrading or street closures, but could have impacts to wetlands. Finally, Option 3 includes a tie-in to the 7-foot NAVD 88, and includes the reuse or replacement of an existing berm to limit wetland disturbance.
- 6. **Zone 6** Three options are under consideration in this zone. Option 1 includes a surge barrier on Berry's Creek at Paterson Plank Road that would protect approximately 50 percent of the Project Area, along with a new pump station, some closure gates, regrading, and minor flood wall construction. The feasibility of this option is being investigated. The storm surge barrier would only be closed when a storm surge occurs; it would remain open at all other times. Option 2 is an interior alignment along the east bank of Berry's Creek that includes new tide gates, connections to existing tide gates, and new pump stations. Finally, Option 3 includes interior connections that tie into high ground, along with new tide gates and pump stations.

- Susan Bemis, AECOM Senior Planner, then presented a summary of Design Elements and
 application of the "Kit of Parts." The "Kit of Parts" includes several modular casts (i.e., 30-foot
 units). The use of modular casts minimizes both construction and installation costs. Ms. Bemis
 presented an example of how to develop a line of protection using a modular system. Each
 modular unit would be cast at an off-site facility, transported to the Project Area, and installed
 on-site.
- In addition to cost savings, an additional benefit to the modular system is the flexibility in interchanging each unit. For example, it allows you to develop an optimal layout for where to place key modules (e.g., benches, planting areas, basic walls) and target them appropriately based on existing land uses (i.e., commercial, residential, and industrial zones). In a commercial zone, planters and benches may be optimal in gathering places instead of a wall or berm. In a residential zone, options could include the use of modular benches, planters, and basic walls; walkways and planted berms; or a cantilever walkway. Finally, in an industrial zone, options may include the use of sheet pile walls in areas where smaller footprints are required, or basic berms in areas where larger footprints would be possible.
- The RBDM Project Team is currently developing the modular system, and is exploring several system designs that include linear, geometric, and sculptural concepts with the goal of identifying the most optimal and cost-efficient design.
- Chris Benosky provided an overview of the next steps. The next CAG meeting will be on January 31, 2017. CAG members were encouraged to continue to build interest in the Proposed Project and to visit the Proposed Project website at www.rbd.meadowlands.nj.gov or email questions to rbd-meadowlands@dep.nj.gov for more information. Before opening the meeting up for questions, Mr. Benosky informed the CAG that the RBDM Project Team is offering an interactive Google Earth opportunity following the meeting to allow CAG members to zoom into the conceptual alignment presented during the meeting. Following the completion of the presentation, the following questions were posed by the CAG:
 - 1. Are the berms going to be earthen berms?
 - *Response:* The berms are going to be mainly earthen, but would be constructed with an impervious core and suitable geotechnical foundation, so that they would not be washed out or undermined during storm events.
 - 2. Given sea level will continue to rise, will the Proposed Project design be able to be expanded, so that we can build upon the initial footprint?
 - *Response:* This will be taken into consideration, and determined through the Feasibility Study and cost-benefit analysis.

- 3. The modules seem fairly replaceable. How will the maintenance of the modules and the line of protection be handled?
 - Response: The Proposed Project is required to have a long-term operations and maintenance (O&M) plan. A responsible entity would be identified in this plan. It is important to note that O&M is part of the screening process and identification of viable alternatives. A goal is to minimize the long-term O&M requirements of the Proposed Project.
- 4. How would the surge barrier on Berry's Creek at Paterson Plank Road operate under the Zone 6, Option 1?
 - *Response:* This option would protect approximately 50 percent of the Project Area. The surge barrier would only be closed during storm events; it would most likely be operated automatically (not manually). This would reduce the chance for human error; however, should it fail, a large portion of the Project Area would be susceptible to flooding during a large storm event.
- 5. In reference to the Zone 1, Option 3 that connects to the Riverwalk, is this area already protected?
 - *Response:* Yes, the Riverwalk is at 7 feet NAVD 88. For example, the homeless shelter and jail to the north are already protected. With Option 1, a road closure would be needed, which is not ideal for evacuation purposes. Although Option 2 is located outside the Project Area, only a small number of modular units would be needed and no road closures would be required. With Option 3, the addition of a few more modular units would allow tie-in to the Riverwalk area.
- 6. What is the potential for subsidence, and how quickly is it occurring in the Project Area?

 *Response: The RBDM Project Team is currently collecting geotechnical data within the Project Area. Once the geotechnical analysis is complete, the potential for (and rate of) subsidence in the Project Area will be better understood and incorporated into the design of the proposed line of protection.
- 7. In reference to Zone 1, are there already berms in the discontinuous areas?
 - Response: The 7-foot elevation alignment would result in a discontinuous flood control structure in this area because it would be tied to existing high ground (7 feet NAVD 88). However, for example, an 8-foot NAVD 88 alignment would be continuous in this area.
- 8. What are modular systems made of?
 - *Response:* Modular systems are made of 30-foot sections of concrete. Casting is being considered as a way to increase both construction and installation cost efficiencies.

9. How would the modular systems be tied together?

Response: The systems would be held together by water-based sealant and would be stabilized by piles driven below the ground surface (or some other method) to ensure they would not be undermined during storm events.

10. Maintenance is a critical requirement. This needs to be addressed.

Response: Long-term O&M requirements are a large and critical component of this Proposed Project.

11. Where would the modular systems be manufactured?

Response: The modular systems would be manufactured in a local pre-cast facility. A specific facility has not been identified at this point, but it would be local to minimize transportation costs.

12. In reference to a cantilever walkway, how is this considered water access?

Response: While the walkway would not allow you the opportunity to get in the water, it would be approximately 1-4 feet high off of the water, and allow you to be near the water and have access for certain activities (e.g., fishing).

13. Condemnation and property acquisition can be costly and could take up the whole budget. Is the Team considering this?

Response: This issue is very much part of the overall screening process when identifying specific segments and alternatives. The RBDM Project Team is looking at ownership to find ways to minimize these costs to the extent possible.

14. At the last CAG meeting (#5), biological survey data were presented. Will the areas along the alignment presented tonight be assessed for biological resources?

Response: Yes. One of the challenges of not having proposed project footprints is that the biological survey data collection points have had to be more general to date. However, as the alternatives become more fine-tuned geographically in 2017, biological resource data collection will commensurately become more site-specific.

15. Will the New Jersey Sports and Exhibition Authority (NJSEA) take responsibility for long-term O&M?

Response: The NJSEA is involved in the CAG and is regularly updated on the Proposed Project as it becomes more refined. The RBDM Project Team meets with the NJSEA regularly through the Meadowlands Interagency Mitigation Advisory Committee (MIMAC) as well as the mayors, among other meetings. The NJSEA's potential role in the long-term O&M of the Proposed Project is still under development.

- 16. Are you looking into ways to make these features as natural looking as possible? We should consider the preservation of the Meadowlands' aesthetics, and seek to have the Proposed Project blend with the landscape as much as possible.
 - *Response:* Yes. Aesthetics are being taken into consideration to the extent possible, and are being analyzed as part of the NEPA process. However, aesthetics considerations need to be balanced with cost.
- 17. Have you considered corten steel for sheet pile?

Response: Several different options are currently being considered for sheet pile.

The meeting adjourned at 7 pm ET.

Attachment 1.

Power Point Slide Presentation (as delivered)

REBUILDBYDESIGN **MEADOWLANDS**

CITIZEN ADVISORY GROUP (CAG) MEETING #6

ALTERNATIVE 1: STRUCTURAL FLOOD REDUCTION CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT

AGENDA Linda Fisher, NJDEP

- Welcome & Opening Remarks
- Project Status Update and Schedule
- Alternative 1: Structural Flood Reduction Concept Development
 - Flood Conditions
 - Flood Reduction Alignment Options
 - Developing the "Kit of Parts"

REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

PROJECT STATUS UPDATE

Chris Benosky, AECOM

- Developed working draft Concept Screening Criteria
- Completed and published to Project Website:
 - Meeting Minutes from CAG Meeting #5
 - November 2016 Newsletter
- **Developing Alignment Options**



REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

CAG Meeting #6 // December 6, 2016 AECOM

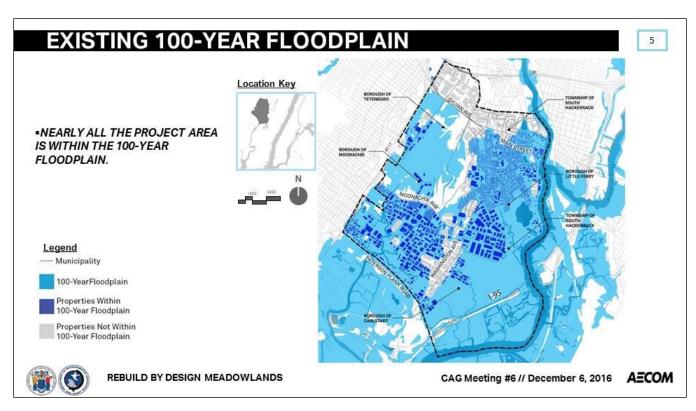
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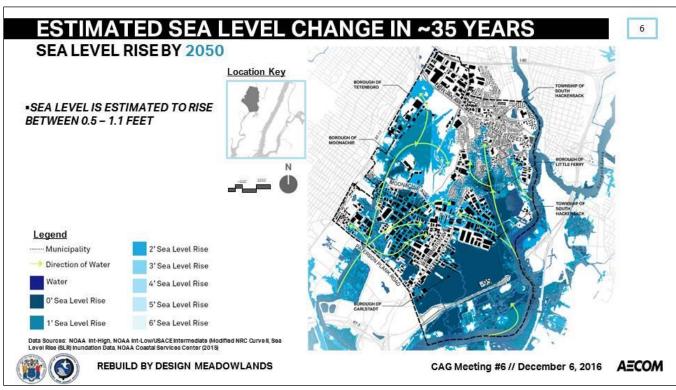
STRUCTURAL FLOOD REDUCTION

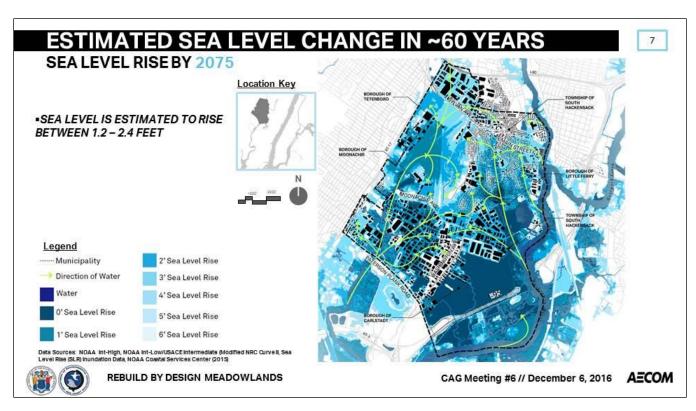
CHRIS BENOSKY, AECOM

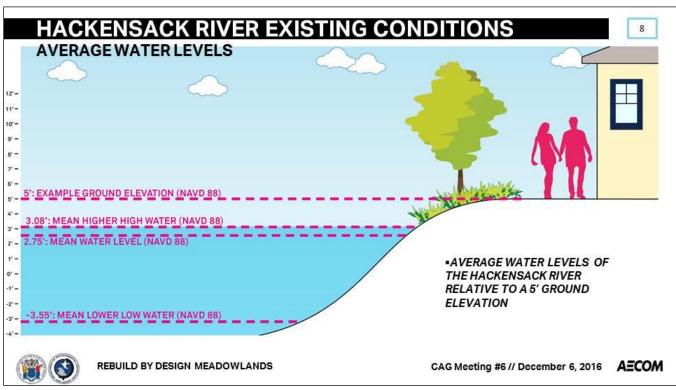


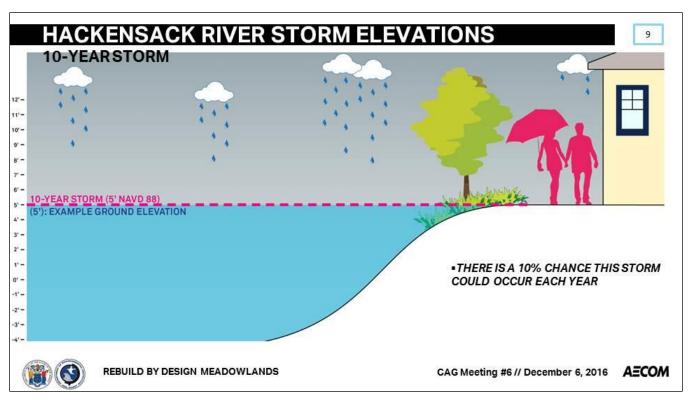
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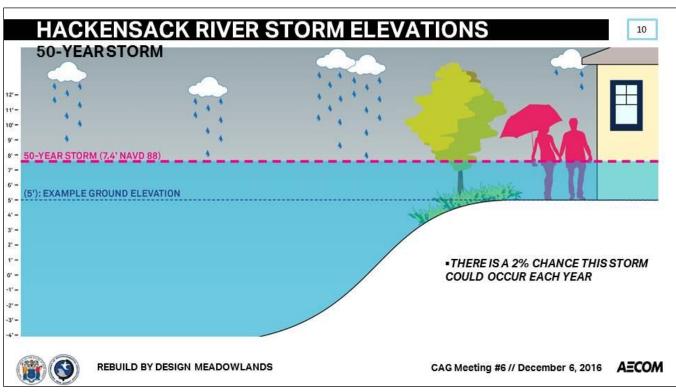


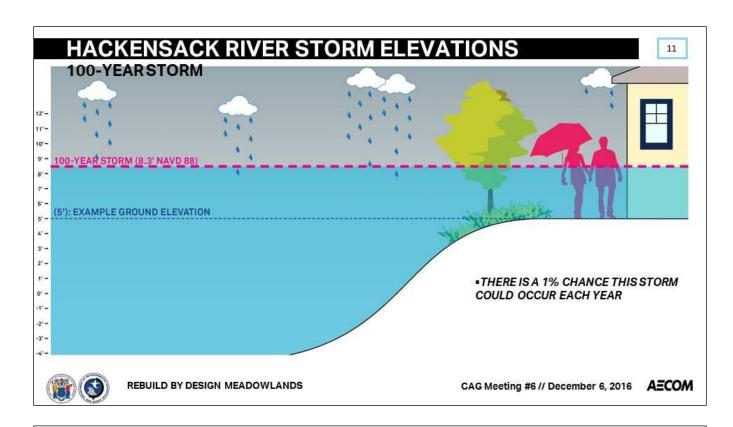












DEVELOPING THE ALIGNMENT

Chris Benosky, AECOM

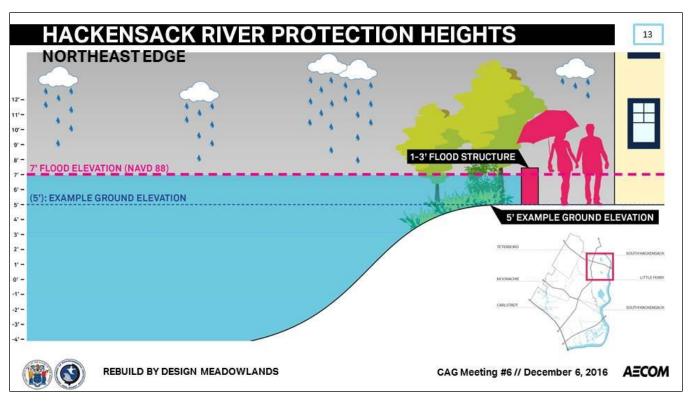
STARTING AT A 7' ELEVATION

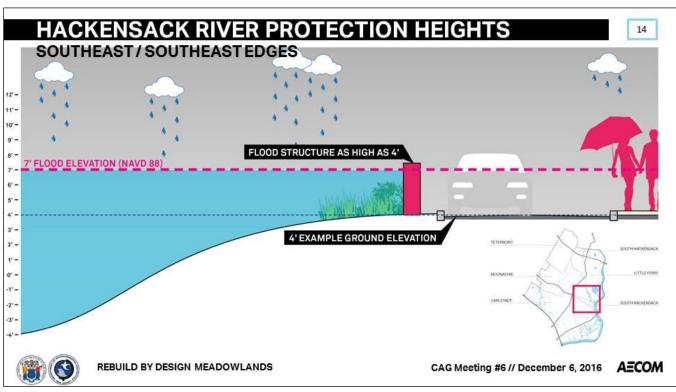


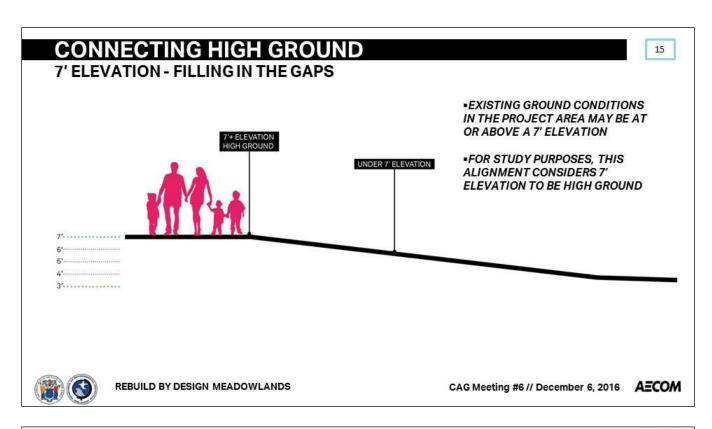
- 7' NAVD88 is approximately 8' NGVD29
- Using the 7' elevation as a study baseline
- 7' elevation maintains existing level of protection with Sea Level Rise through 2050
- Other elevation heights are being considered and will be included as costs and feasibility inputs are identified
- Currently investigating tie-in options and footprint locations

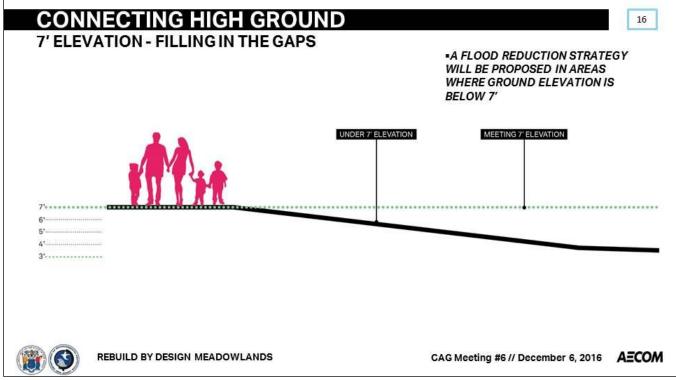


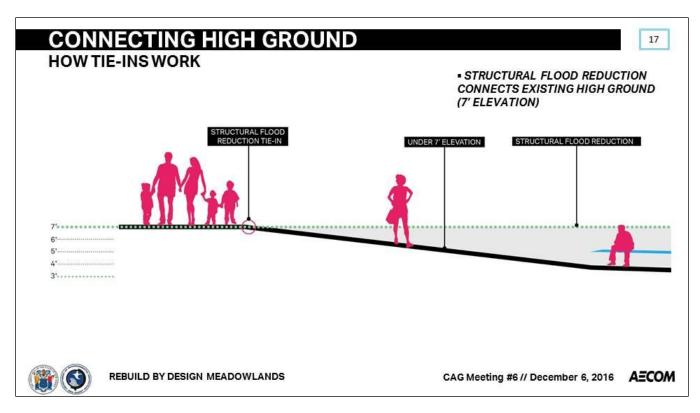
REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

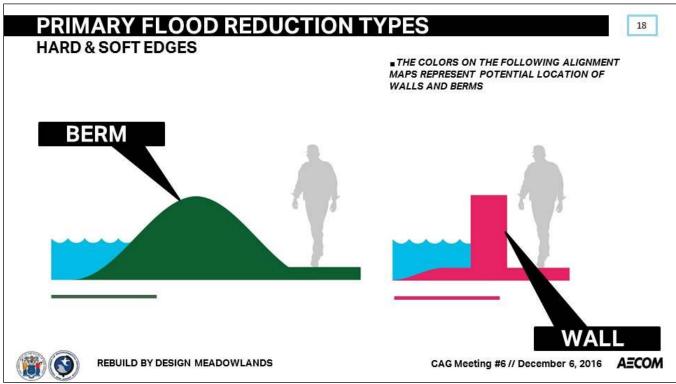


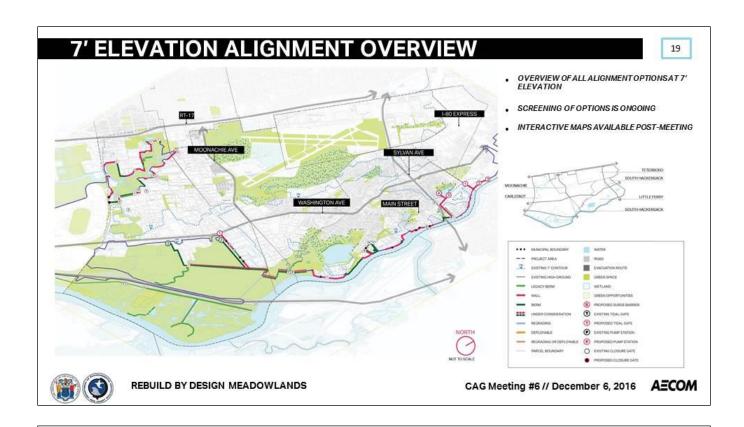










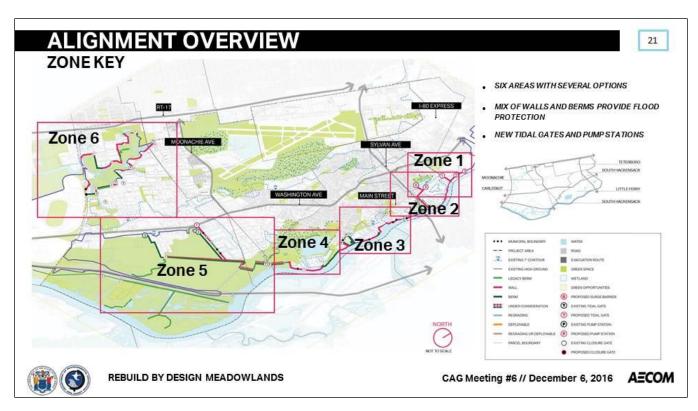


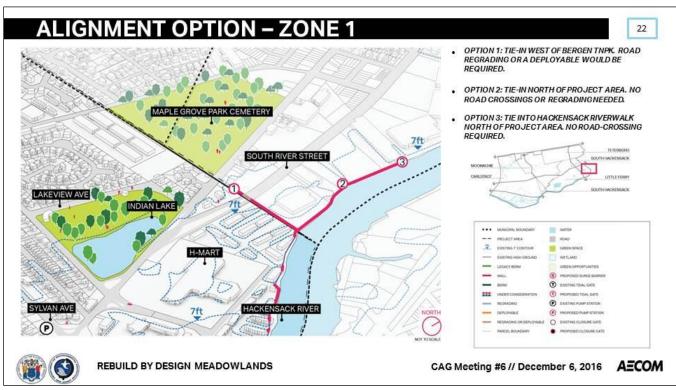
PRELIMINARY

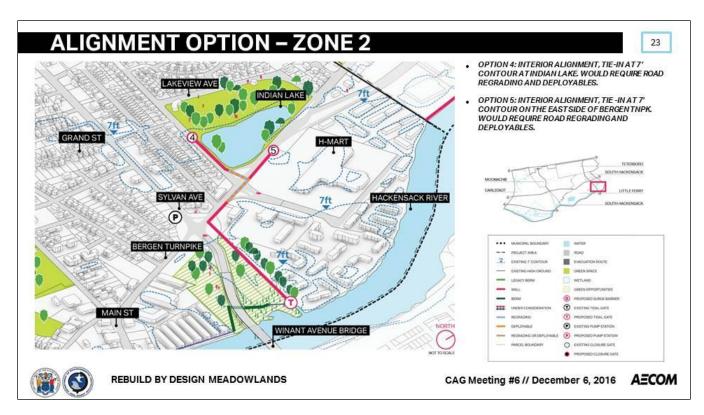
FLOOD REDUCTION ALIGNMENT OPTIONS GARRETT AVERY, AECOM

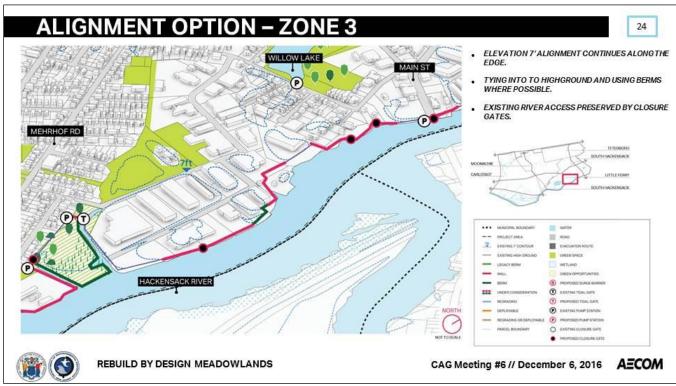


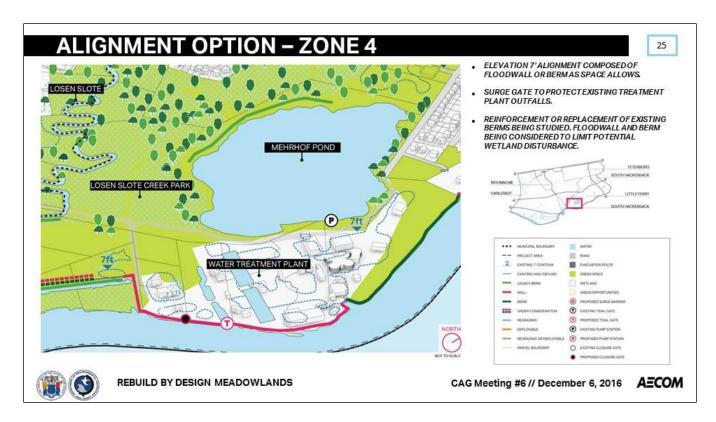
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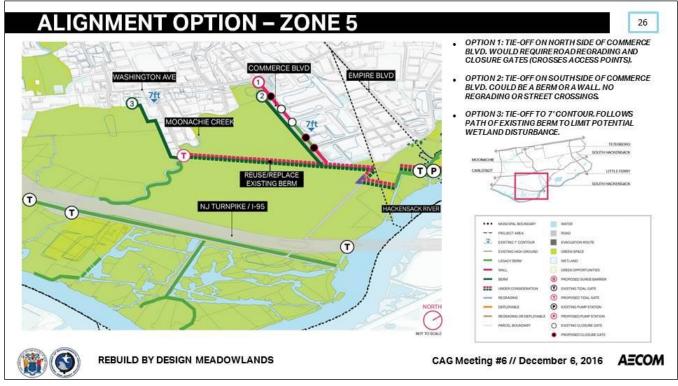


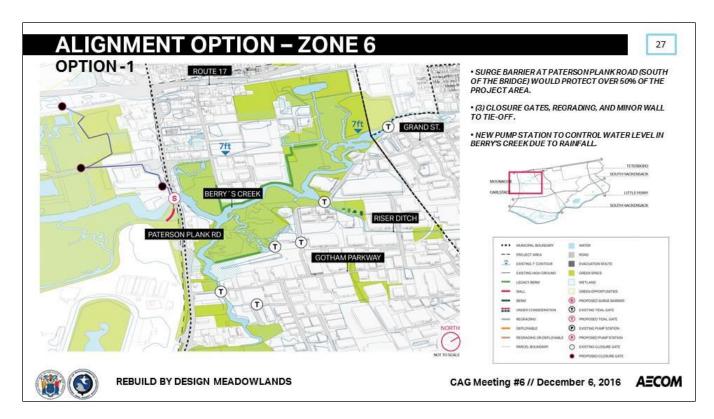


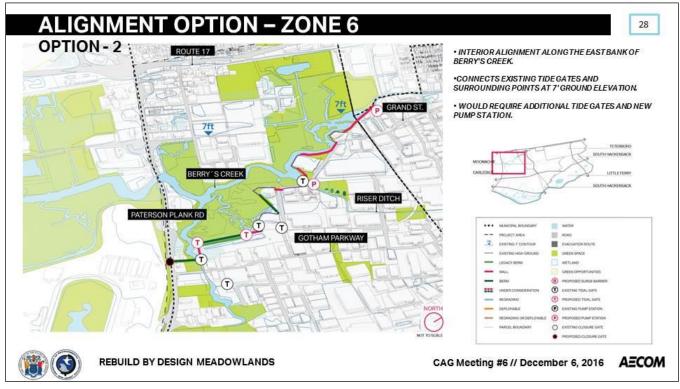


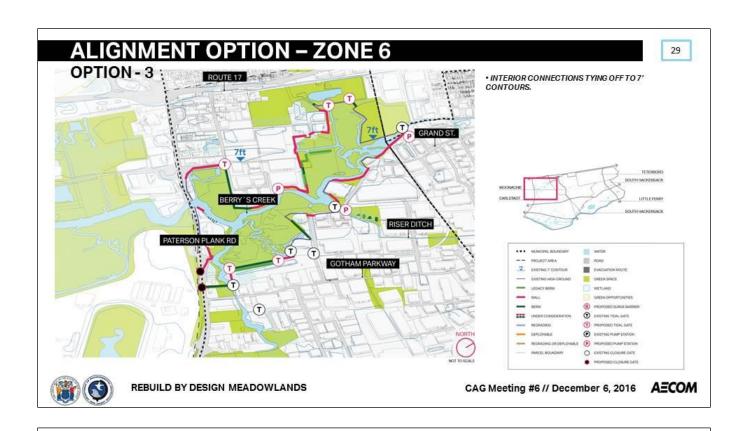












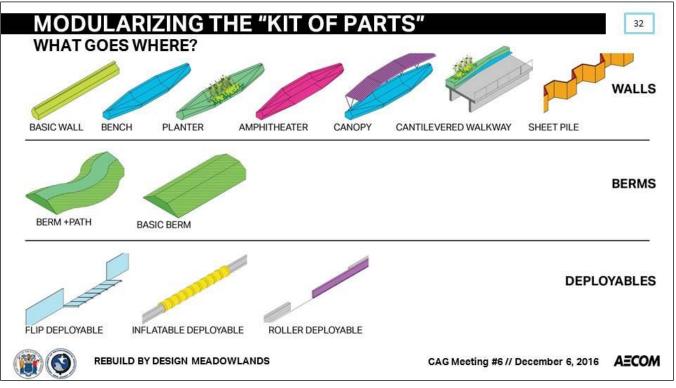
DESIGN ELEMENTS

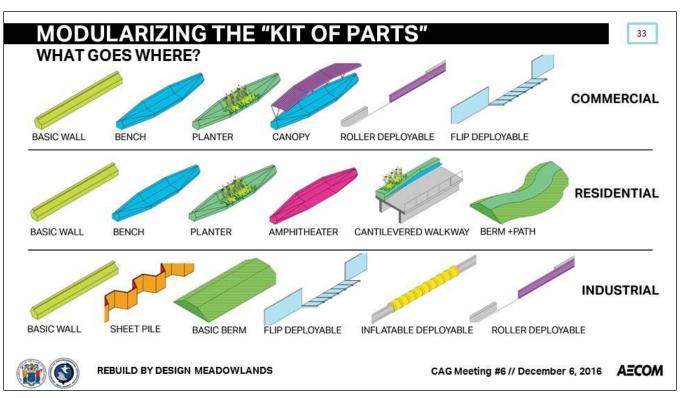
APPLYING THE "KIT OF PARTS" SUSAN BEMIS, AECOM

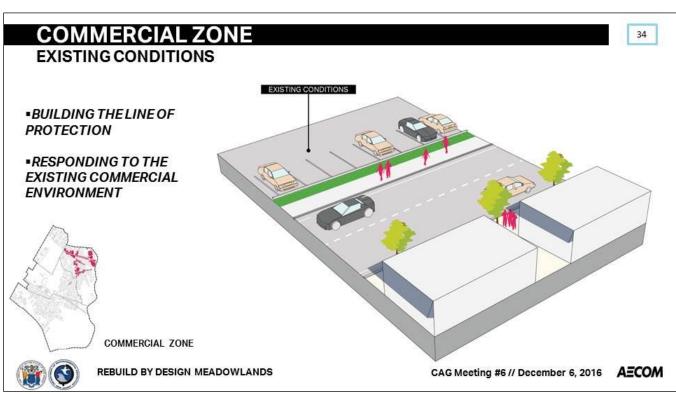


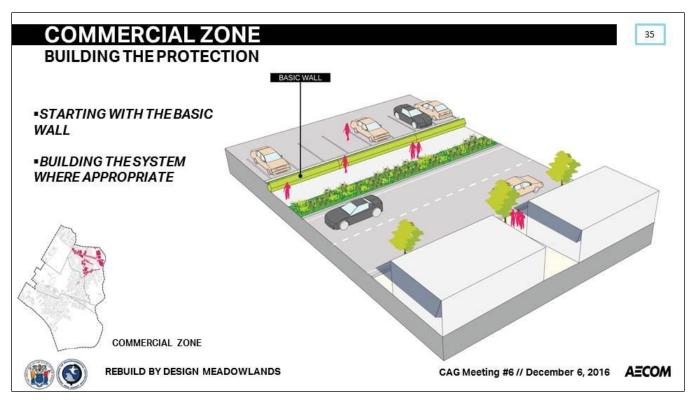
REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

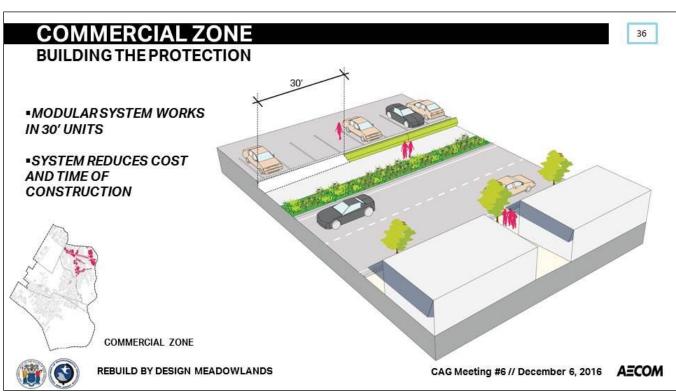


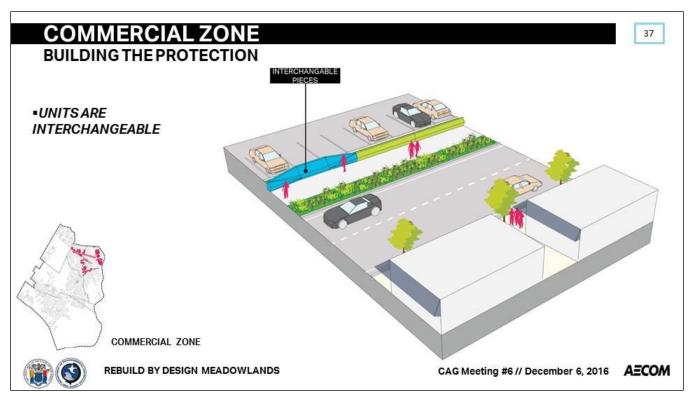


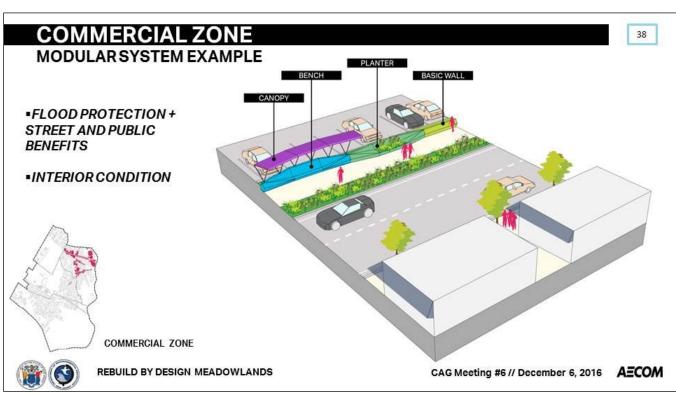


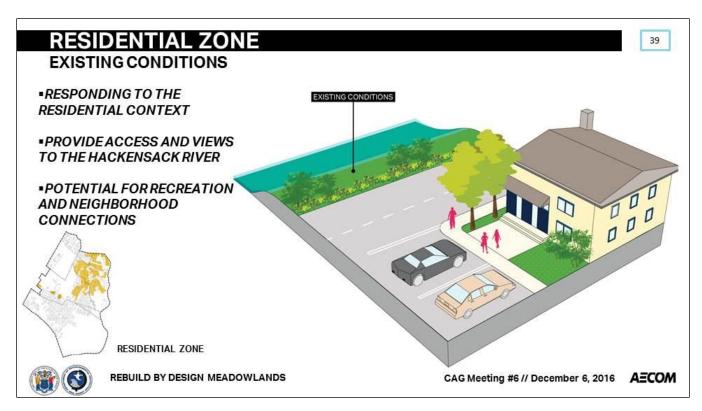


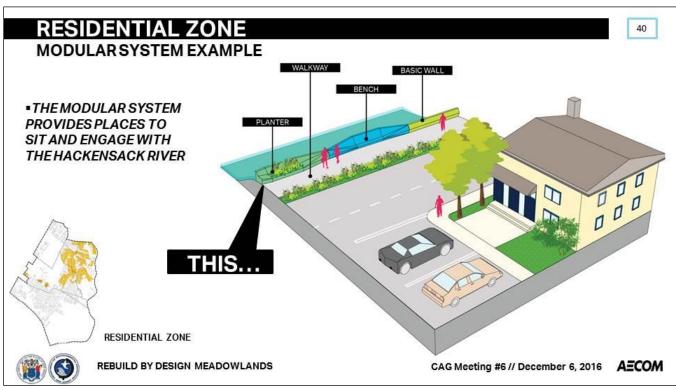


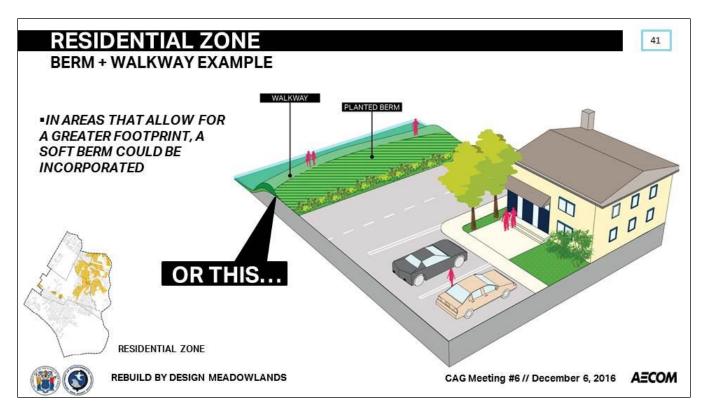


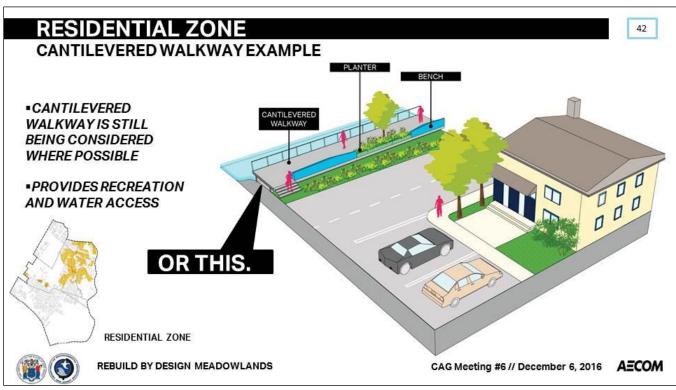


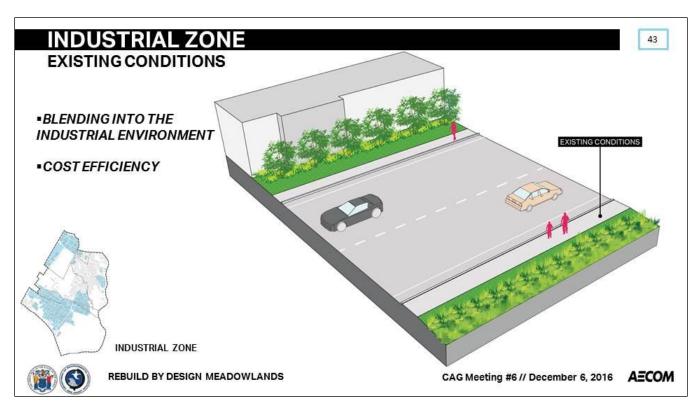


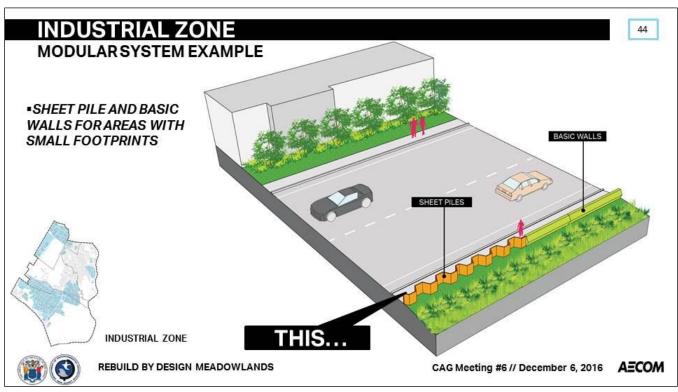


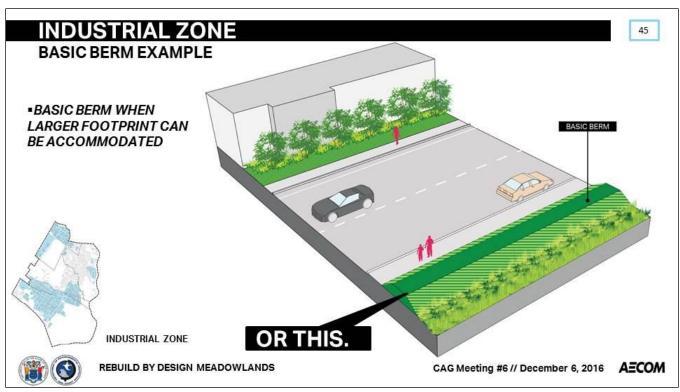


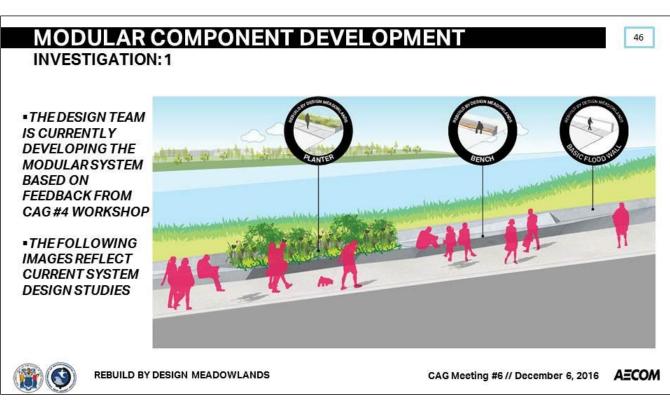






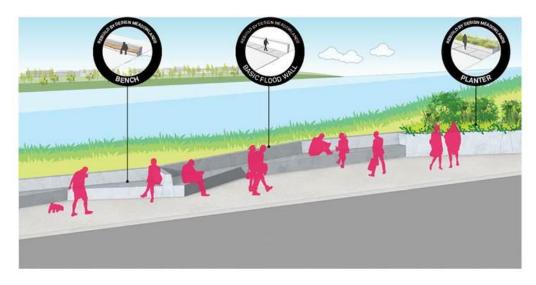






MODULAR COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT

INVESTIGATION: 2

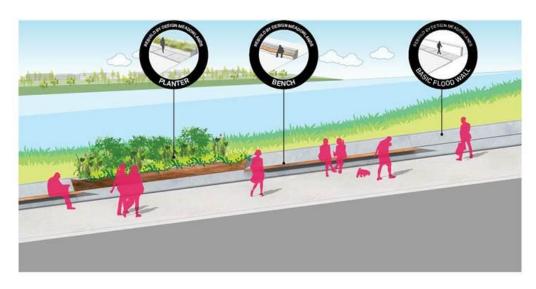




REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

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INVESTIGATION:3

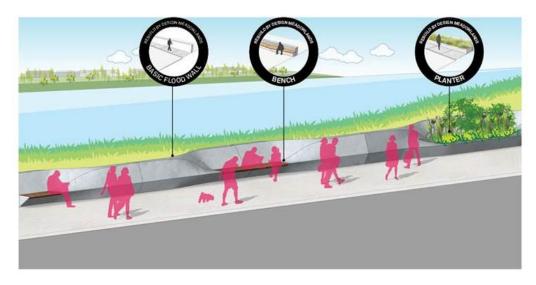




REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

MODULAR COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT

INVESTIGATION: 4

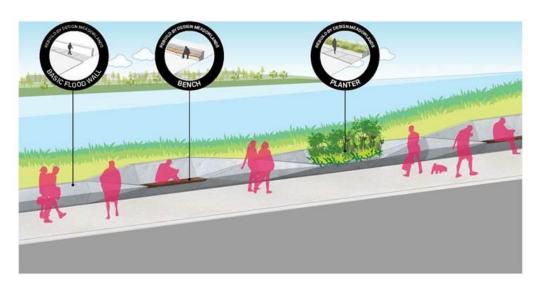




REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

CAG Meeting #6 // December 6, 2016 AECOM

INVESTIGATION:5





REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

NEXT STEPS

CHRIS BENOSKY, AECOM



REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

CAG Meeting #6 // December 6, 2016 AECOM

NEXT STEPS

Chris Benosky, AECOM

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NJDEP / AECOM UPCOMING ACTIVITIES

- Prepare Meeting Summary for CAG #6
- Continue developing:
 - Concepts and Alternatives
- CAG #7 in January
 - Alternative 3 Hybrid



REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

NEXT STEPS

CAG: CALL TO ACTION

- Submit comments & worksheet from CAG #6 meeting on December 16, 2016
- Share information from this Meeting with friends and neighbors
- Continue to build interest in the Project
- Ensure the public knows about upcoming information (to be posted on Project website)



REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS

CAG Meeting #6 // December 6, 2016 AECOM

NEXT STEPS



Critical Information

January 31, 2017

CAG Meeting #7: Alternative 3 (Hybrid)

Project Website

www.rbd-meadowlands.nj.gov

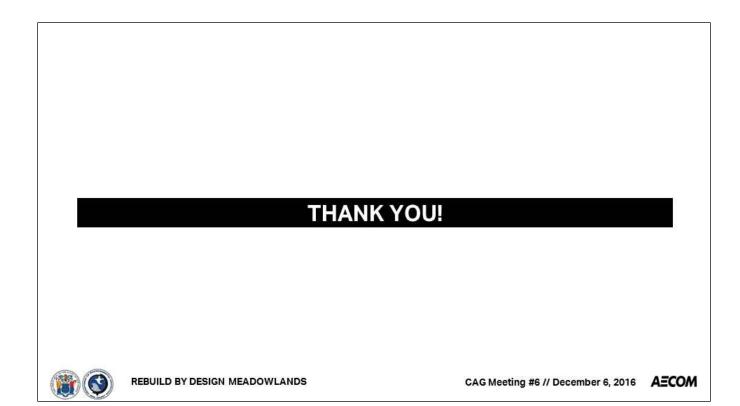
Project Email

rbd-meadowlands@dep.nj.gov

Question & Answer



REBUILD BY DESIGN MEADOWLANDS



Attachment 2.

CAG Meeting Packet #6 (provided as handout at meeting)

REBUILD BY DESIGN

MEADOWLANDS

CITIZEN ADVISORY GROUP (CAG) MEETING #6

ALTERNATIVE 1: STRUCTURAL FLOOD REDUCTION CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT

December 6, 2016







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1.0 List of Acronyms

List of Acronyms

BCR Benefit/Cost Ratio

CAG Citizen Advisory Group

CDBG-DR Community Development Block Grant - Disaster Recovery

EFH Essential Fish Habitat

EIS Environmental Impact Statement

HUD Department of Housing and Urban Development

NEPA National Environmental Policy Act

NJDEP New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection

RBD Rebuild by Design

RBDM Rebuild by Design Meadowlands





2.0 Agenda

Alternative 1: Structural Flood Reduction Concept Development

6-8 PM December 6, 2016

Conference Room 90 Port Authority Conference Room 90 Moonachie Ave Teterboro, NJ 07608

Project Website
www.rbd-meadowlands.nj.gov
Project email
rbd-meadowlands@dep.nj.gov

Welcome

Presentation

Opening Remarks (10 Minutes)

Agenda (Linda Fisher, NJDEP)

Project Status Update and Introduction to Alternative 1 (Chris Benosky, AECOM)

Alternative 1: Structural Flood Reduction Concept Development (40 Minutes)

Flood Conditions (Chris Benosky, AECOM)

Preliminary Flood Reduction Alignment Options (Garrett Avery, AECOM)

Design Elements- Applying the "Kit of Parts" (Susan Bemis, AECOM)

Next Steps & Q&A/Closure (30 Minutes)

Next Steps (Chris Benosky, AECOM)

Question and Answers





3.0 Power Point Presentation

REBUILDBYDESIGN **MEADOWLANDS**

CITIZEN ADVISORY GROUP (CAG) MEETING #6

ALTERNATIVE 1: STRUCTURAL FLOOD REDUCTION CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT

AGENDA

Linda Fisher, NJDEP



- Welcome & Opening Remarks
- Project Status Update and Schedule
- Alternative 1: Structural Flood Reduction Concept Development
 - Flood Conditions
 - Flood Reduction Alignment Options
 - Developing the "Kit of Parts"



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PROJECT STATUS UPDATE

Chris Benosky, AECOM

- Developed working draft Concept Screening Criteria
- Completed and published to Project Website:
 - Meeting Minutes from CAG Meeting #5
 - November 2016 Newsletter
- **Developing Alignment Options**



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ALTERNATIVE 1:

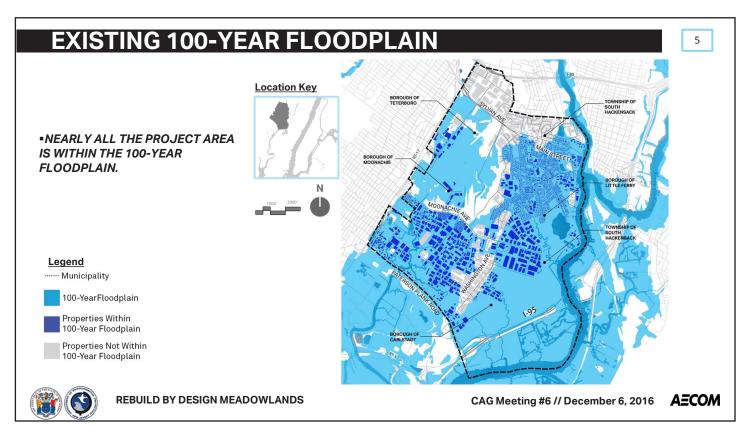
STRUCTURAL FLOOD REDUCTION

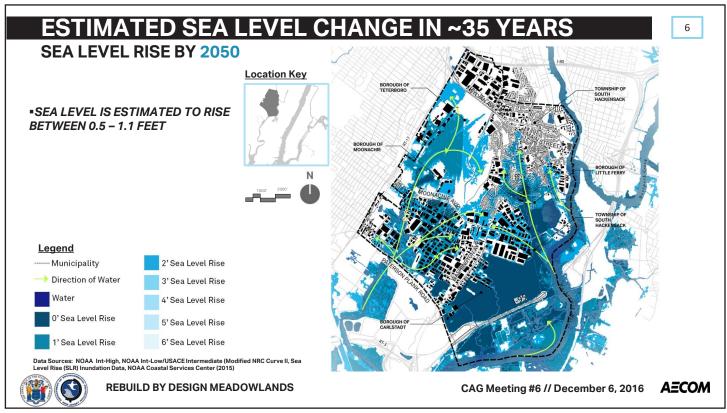
CHRIS BENOSKY, AECOM



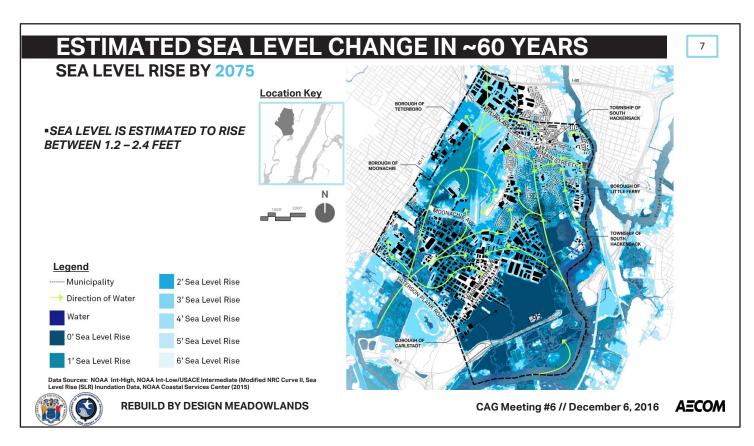
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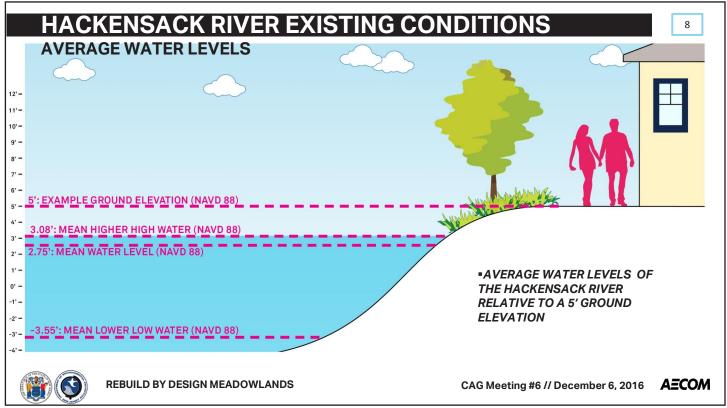




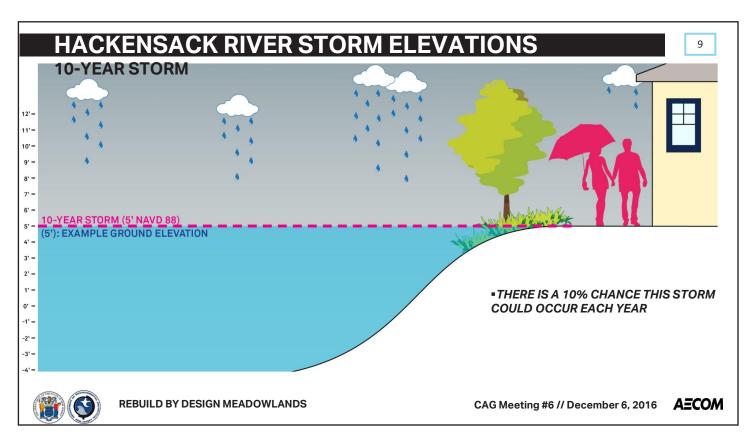


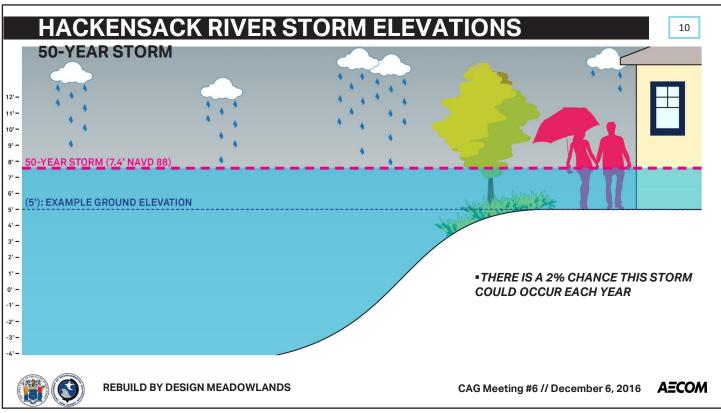






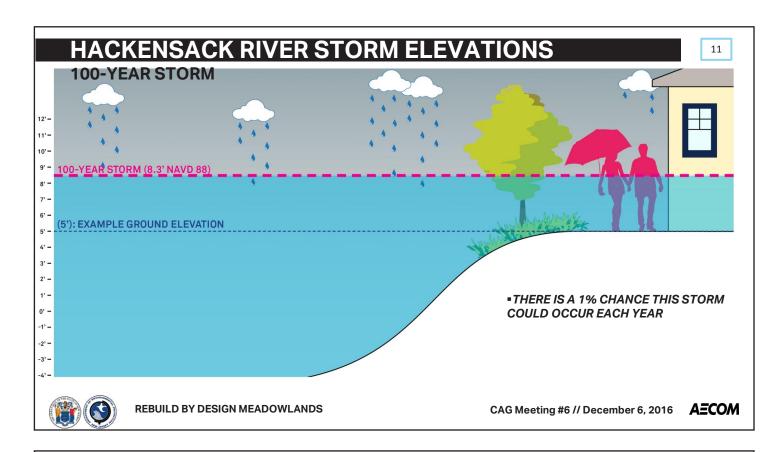












DEVELOPING THE ALIGNMENT

Chris Benosky, AECOM

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STARTING AT A 7' ELEVATION



- 7' NAVD88 is approximately 8' NGVD29
- Using the 7' elevation as a study baseline
- 7' elevation maintains existing level of protection with Sea Level Rise through 2050
- Other elevation heights are being considered and will be included as costs and feasibility inputs are identified
- Currently investigating tie-in options and footprint locations

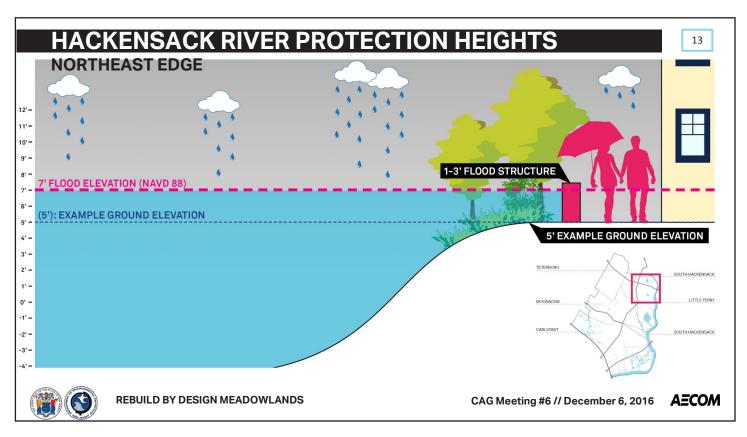


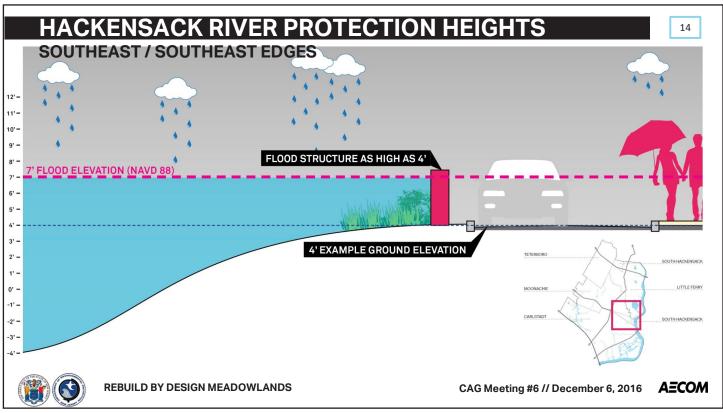
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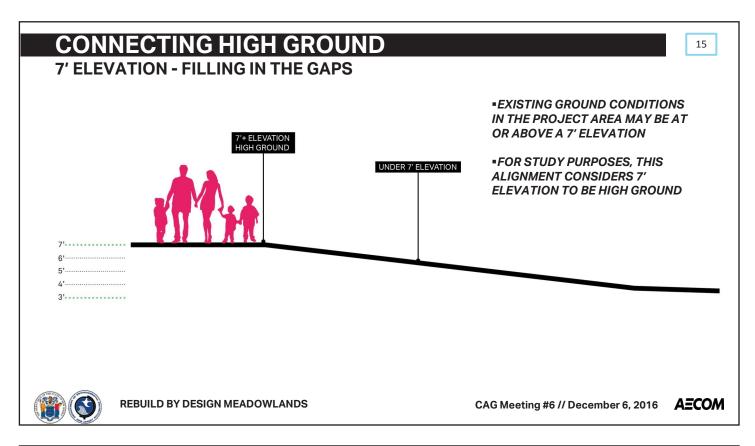
AECOM

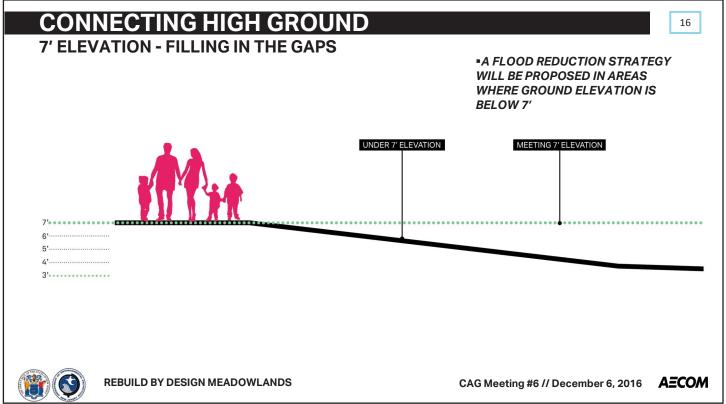








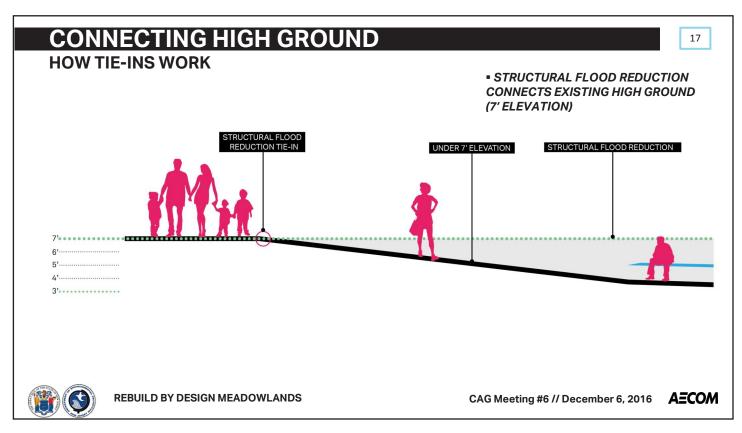


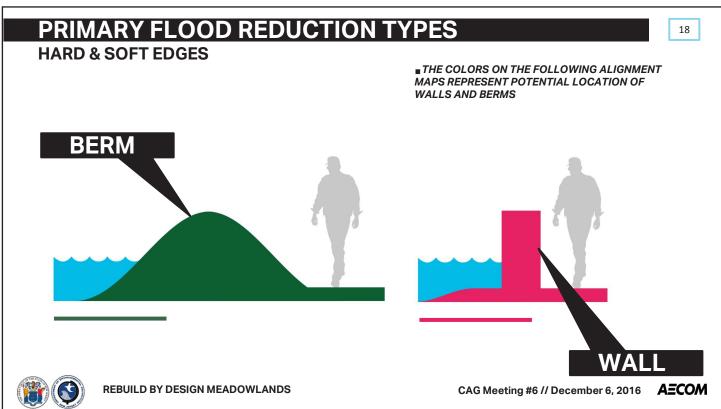




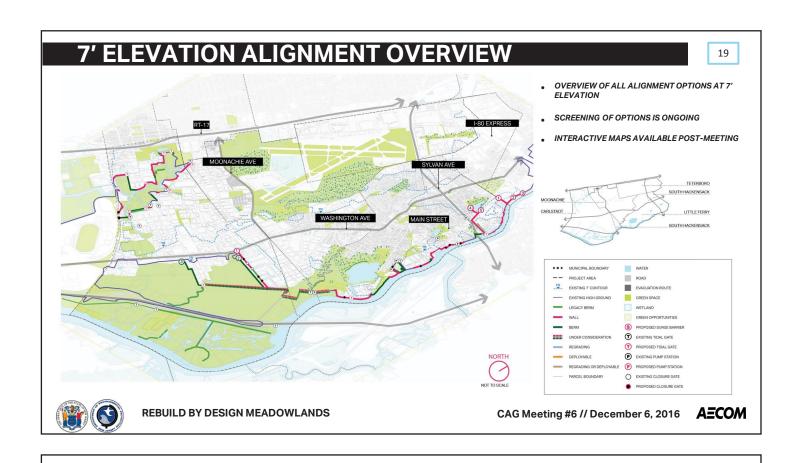


3.0 Power Point Presentation









PRELIMINARY

FLOOD REDUCTION ALIGNMENT OPTIONS GARRETT AVERY, AECOM

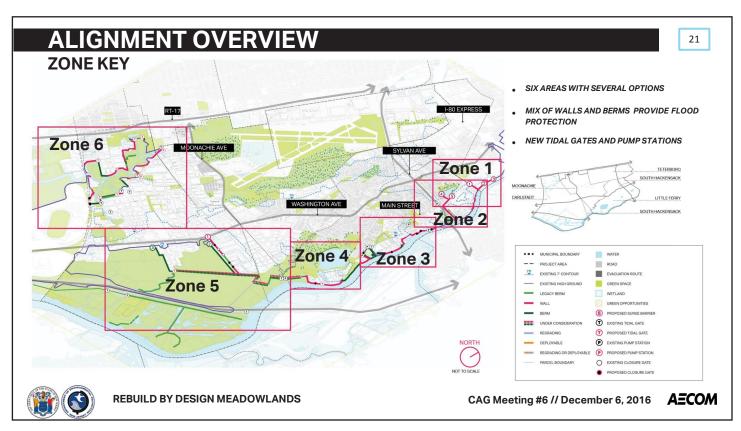


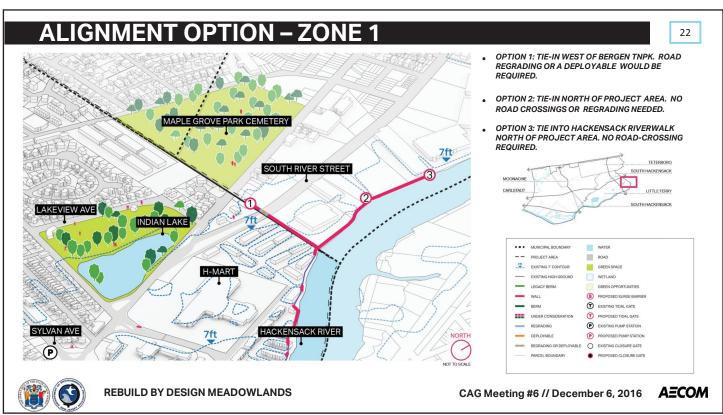
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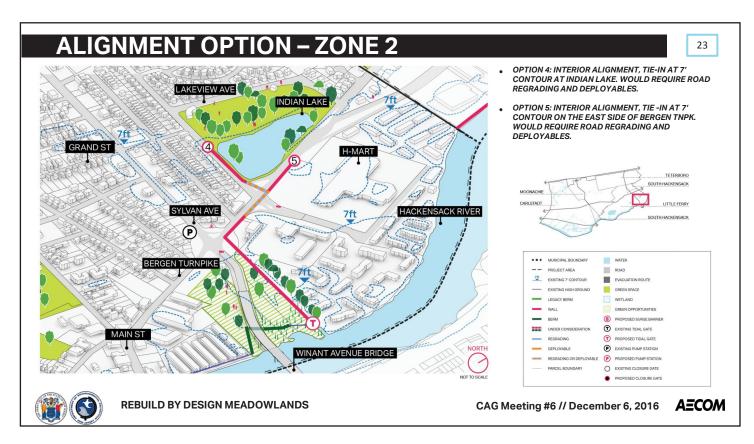
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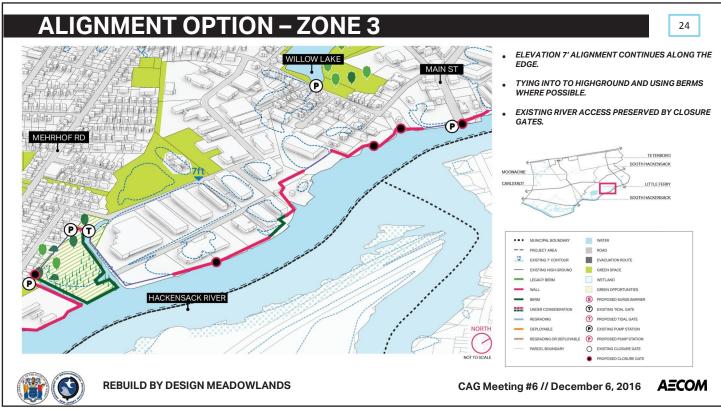




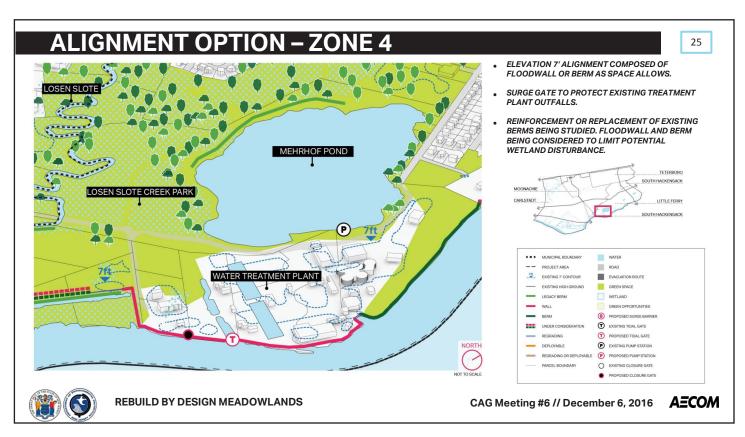


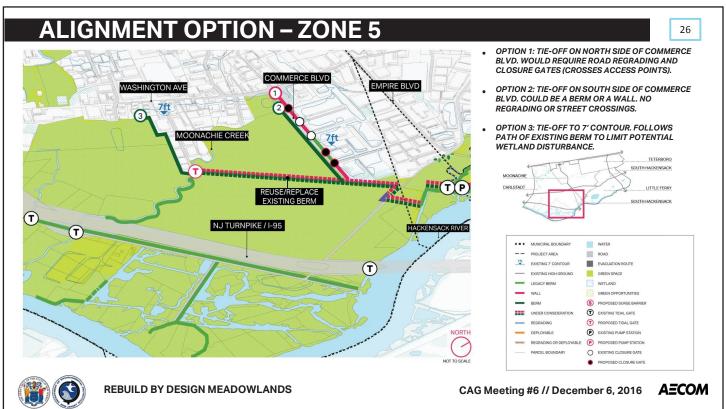




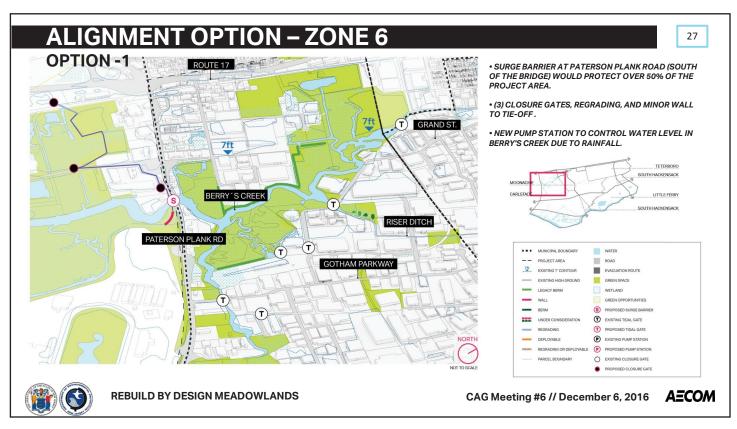


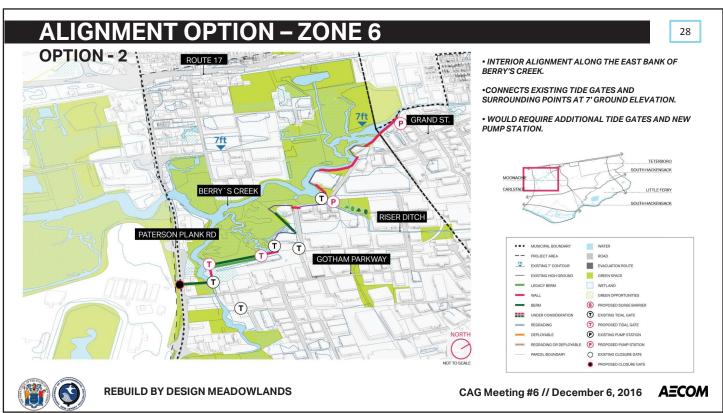




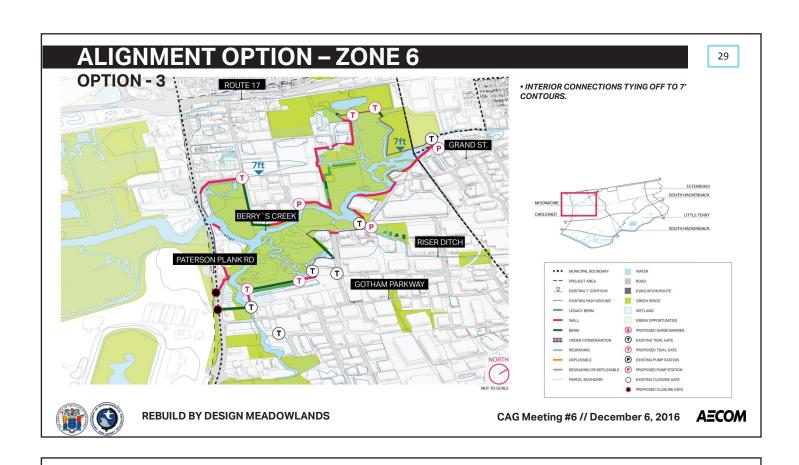












DESIGN ELEMENTS

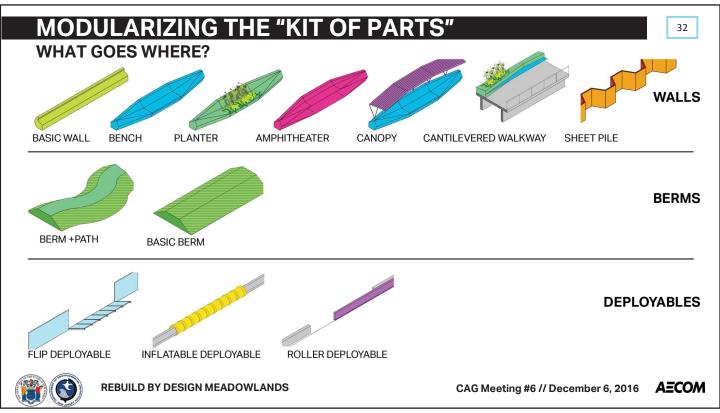
APPLYING THE "KIT OF PARTS" SUSAN BEMIS, AECOM



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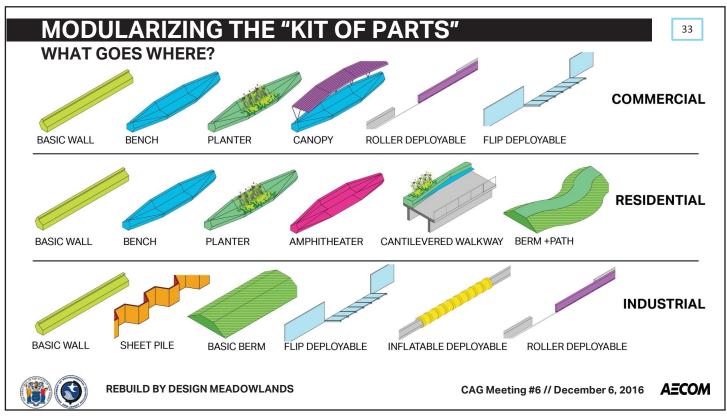


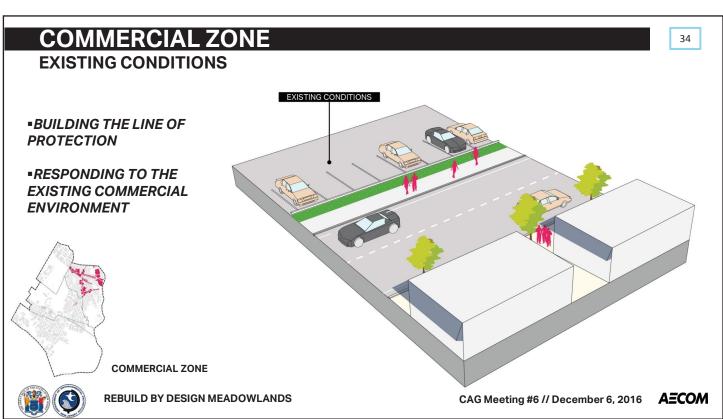






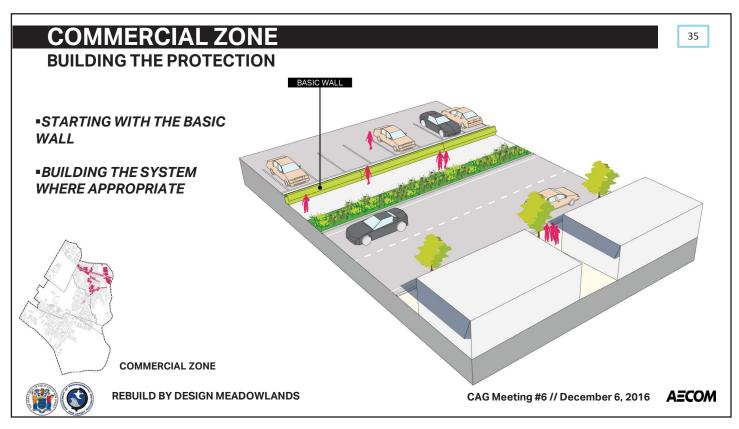


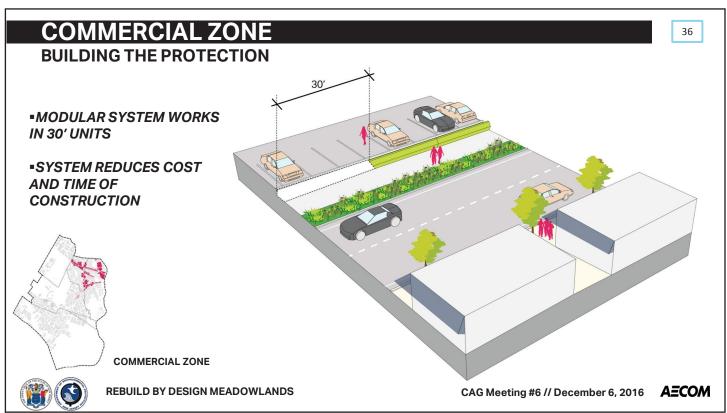




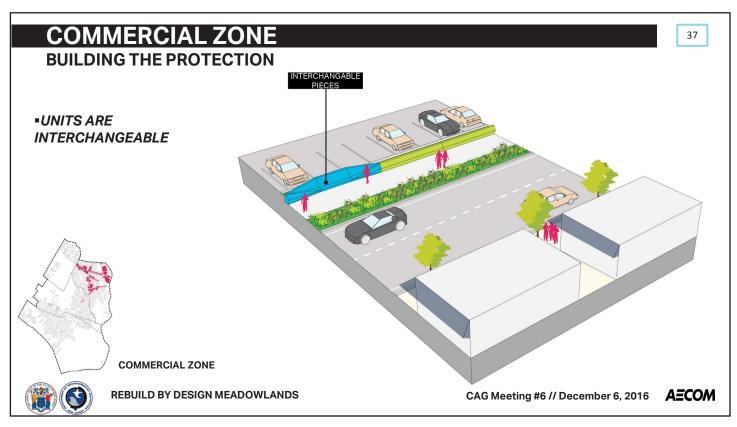


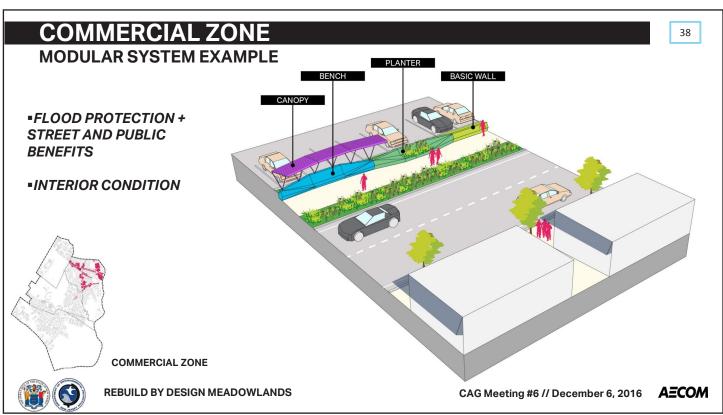




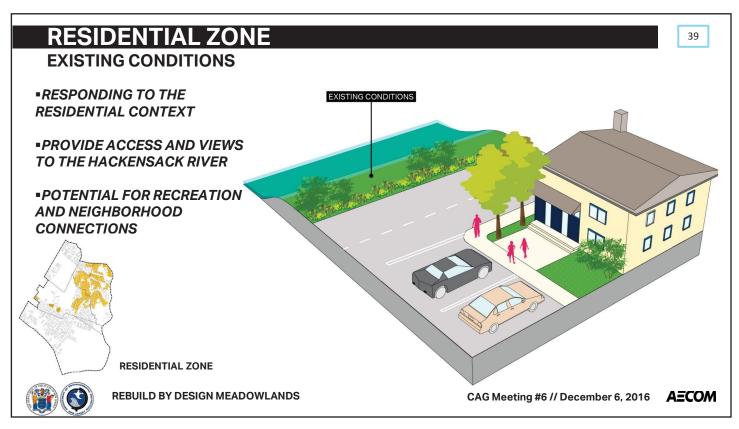


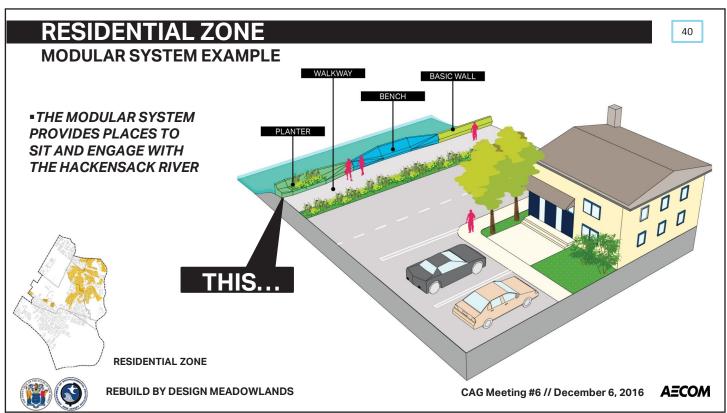




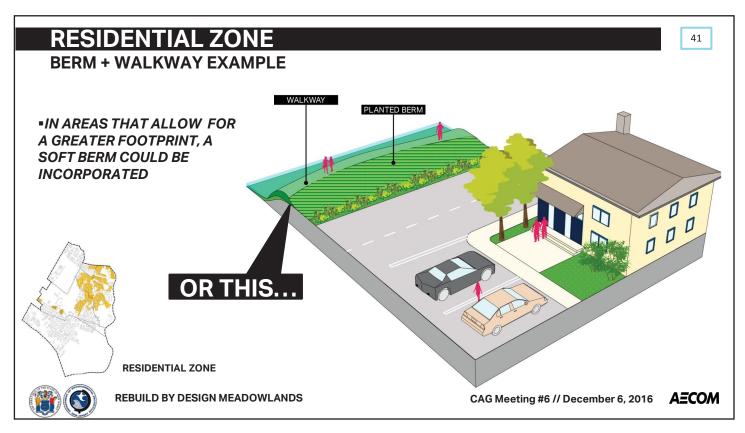


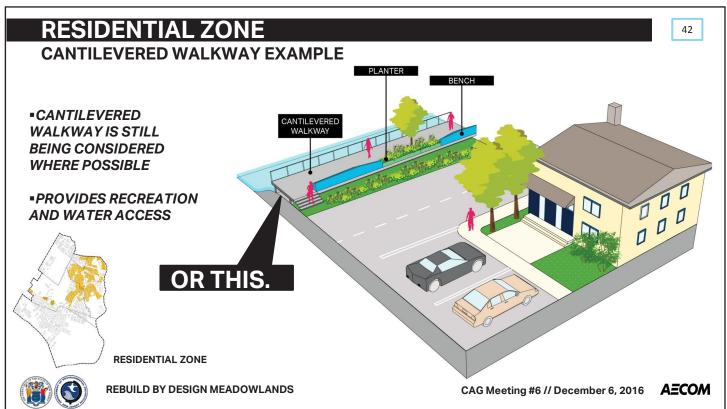




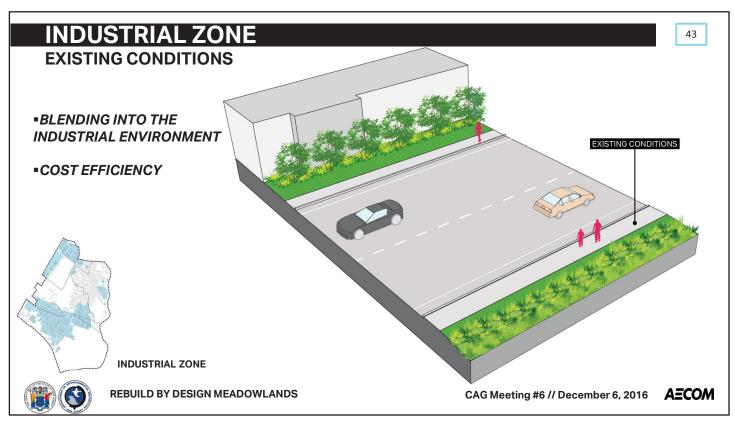


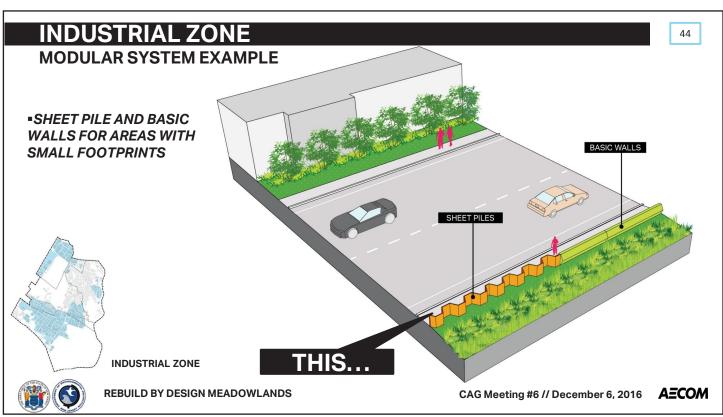








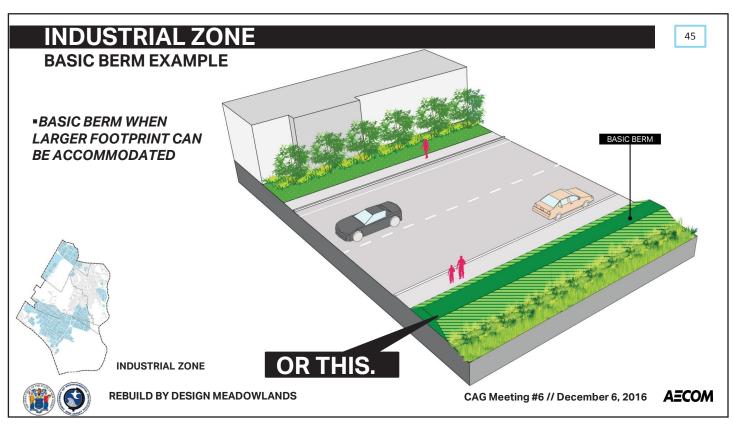


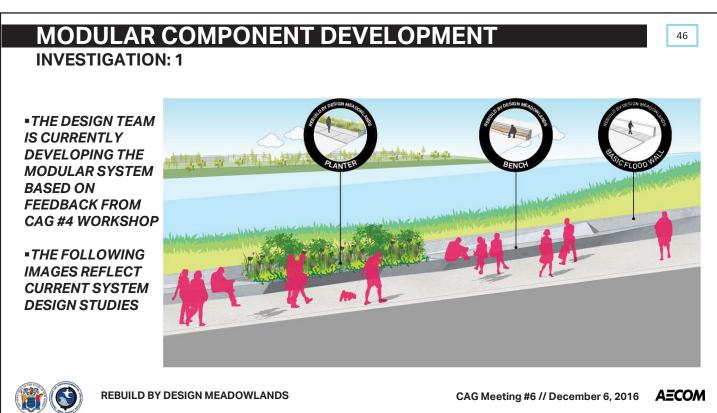






3.0 Power Point Presentation



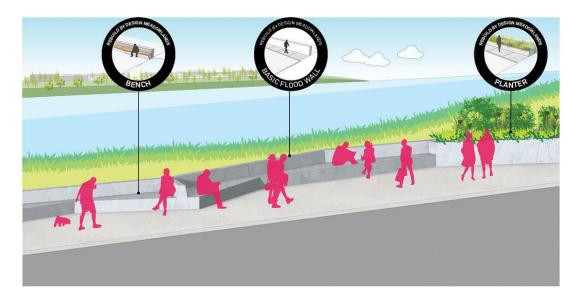






MODULAR COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT

INVESTIGATION: 2





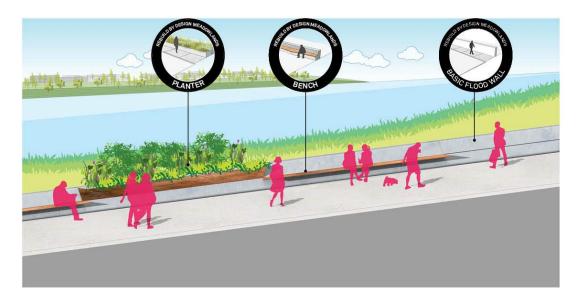
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MODULAR COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT

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INVESTIGATION: 3





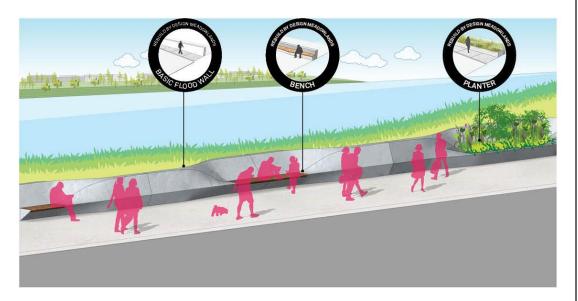
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MODULAR COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT

INVESTIGATION: 4





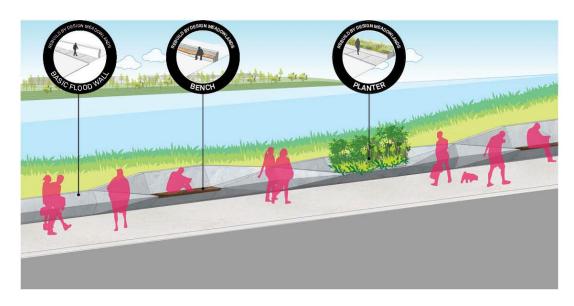
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MODULAR COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT

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INVESTIGATION: 5





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NEXT STEPS

CHRIS BENOSKY, AECOM



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NEXT STEPS

Chris Benosky, AECOM

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NJDEP / AECOM UPCOMING ACTIVITIES

- Prepare Meeting Summary for CAG #6
- Continue developing:
 - Concepts and Alternatives
- CAG #7 in January
 - Alternative 3 Hybrid



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NEXT STEPS

CAG: CALL TO ACTION

- Submit comments & worksheet from CAG #6 meeting on December 16, 2016
- Share information from this Meeting with friends and neighbors
- Continue to build interest in the Project
- Ensure the public knows about upcoming information (to be posted on Project website)



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NEXT STEPS

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Critical Information

January 31, 2017

CAG Meeting #7: Alternative 3 (Hybrid)

Project Website

www.rbd-meadowlands.nj.gov

Project Email

rbd-meadowlands@dep.nj.gov

Question & Answer



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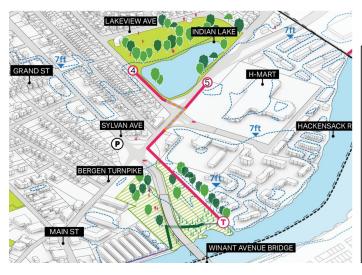
4.0 Concept Worksheets

MAPLE GROVE PARK CEMETERY SOUTH RIVER STREET WAVE H-MART HACKENSACK RIVER

ALIGNMENT OPTION - ZONE 1

What alignment do you prefer, and why?

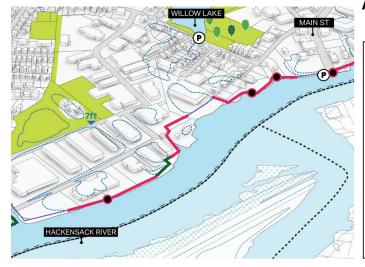
Are there any options you dislike, and why?



ALIGNMENT OPTION - ZONE 2

What alignment do you prefer, and why?

Are there any options you dislike, and why?



ALIGNMENT OPTION - ZONE 3

What alignment do you prefer, and why?

Are there any options you dislike, and why?





ALIGNMENT OPTION - ZONE 4

What alignment do you prefer, and why?

Are there any options you dislike, and why?



ALIGNMENT OPTION - ZONE 5

What alignment do you prefer, and why?

Are there any options you dislike, and why?

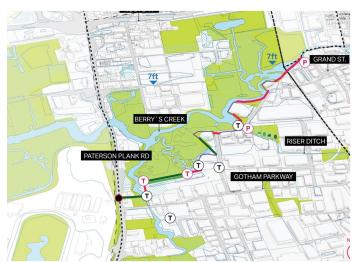


ALIGNMENT OPTION - ZONE 6OPTION 1

What alignment do you prefer, and why?

Are there any options you dislike, and why?

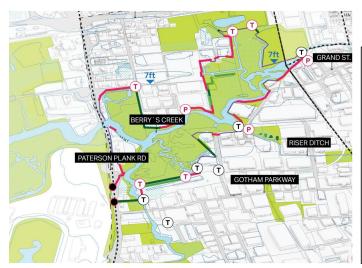




ALIGNMENT OPTION - ZONE 6OPTION 2

What alignment do you prefer, and why?

Are there any options you dislike, and why?



ALIGNMENT OPTION - ZONE 6OPTION 3

What alignment do you prefer, and why?

Are there any options you dislike, and why?





5.0 Personal Notes



