



State of New Jersey

PHIL MURPHY
Governor

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Mail Code – 401-02B
Water Pollution Management Element
Bureau of Surface Water Permitting
P.O. Box 420 – 401 E State St
Trenton, NJ 08625-0420
Phone: (609) 292-4860 / Fax: (609) 984-7938

CATHERINE R. McCABE
Commissioner

SHEILA OLIVER
Lt. Governor

Email Only
March 19, 2020

Richard J. Wolff, Executive Director
North Hudson Sewerage Authority
1600 Adams Street
Hoboken, NJ 07030

Re: Final Surface Water Major Mod Permit Action
Category: A - Sanitary Wastewater
CSM - Combined Sewer Management
NJPDES Permit No. NJ0025321
North Hudson Sewerage Authority
River Road Wastewater Treatment Plant
West New York Town, Hudson County

Dear Mr. Wolff:

Enclosed is a **final** NJPDES permit action identified above which has been issued in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A. This facility discharges treated, disinfected, domestic wastewater with industrial contribution into the Hudson River, classified as SE2(C2) waters.

This permit action is a major modification to modify the effluent limitations for Chlorine Produced Oxidants (CPO) in Part III, Limits and Monitoring Requirements and Part IV, Specific Requirements for DSN 001A. Additionally, this major modification incorporates requirements for rerated monthly average flow of 15 MGD and the updated Capacity Assurance Program (CAP) regulations at N.J.A.C. 7:14A-22.16.

Comments were received on the draft permit issued on February 12, 2020. The thirty (30) day public comment period began on February 19, 2020 when the public notice was published in the *DEP Bulletin* and *Star Ledger*. It ended on March 20, 2020. A summary of the significant and relevant comments received on the draft action during the public comment period, the Department's responses, and an explanation of any changes from the draft action have been included in the Response to Comments document attached hereto as per N.J.A.C. 7:14A-15.16.

Any requests for an adjudicatory hearing shall be submitted in writing by certified mail, or by other means which provide verification of the date of delivery to the Department, within 30 days of receipt of this Surface Water Major Mod Permit Action in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-17.2. You may also request a stay of any contested permit condition, which must be justified as per N.J.A.C. 7:14A-17.6 et seq. The adjudicatory hearing request must be accompanied by a completed Adjudicatory Hearing Request Form; the stay request must be accompanied by a completed Stay Request Form. Copies of these forms can be downloaded from the Department's website at https://www.nj.gov/dep/dwq/forms_adjudicatory.htm.

This action modifies the following permit conditions. This permit package contains the modified permit. Those changes that are affected by this permit action are noted as such on the Table of Contents.

As per N.J.A.C. 7:14A-4.2(e)3, any person planning to continue discharging after the expiration date of an existing NJPDES permit shall file an application for renewal at least 180 calendar days prior to the expiration of the existing permit.

All monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with 1) the Department's "Field Sampling Procedures Manual" applicable at the time of sampling (N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.5(b)4), and/or 2) the method approved by the Department in Part IV of the permit. The Field Sampling Procedures Manual is available at <http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guidance/fspm/>.

For your convenience, a schedule of submittal requirements has been included with this permit package.

Questions or comments regarding the final action should be addressed to Dwayne Kobesky either by phone at (609) 292-4860 or email at Dwayne.Kobesky@dep.nj.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Susan Rosenwinkel". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Susan Rosenwinkel
Bureau Chief
Bureau of Surface Water Permitting

Enclosures

cc: Permit Distribution List
Masterfile #: 6845; PI #: 47081

Table of Contents for the Final Permit

This permit package contains the following items with an explanation as to which changes were incorporated into the major modification as compared to the March 12, 2015 final permit and October 9, 2015 modification:

- 1. Cover Letter – Final Permit (specific to this action)**
- 2. CSO Submittal Summary (unchanged and not included in this copy)**
- 3. Table of Contents (specific to this action)**
- 4. Response to Comments - Category A (Sanitary Wastewater) (specific to this action)**
- 5. NJPDES Permit Authorization Page (specific to this action)**
- 7. Part I - General Requirements: NJPDES (unchanged)**
- 8. Part II - General Requirements: Discharge Categories (unchanged)**
- 9. Part III - Limits and Monitoring Requirements (modified CPO effluent limitations and rerated flow to 15 MGD)**
- 10. Part IV - Sanitary Wastewater (modified Part IV.E.1.e and E.3.a of Category A: Sanitary Wastewater)**
- 11. Appendix A: RWBR Approval Status List (unchanged and not included in this copy)**
- 12. Appendix B: Design Standards for Design Storm Drain Inlets (unchanged and not included in this copy)**

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Water Quality
Bureau of Surface Water Permitting

Comments were received on the NJPDES draft Surface Water Major Modification Permit Action No. NJ0025321 issued on February 12, 2020. The thirty (30) day public comment period began on February 19, 2020 when the Public Notice was published in the *DEP Bulletin* and *Star Ledger*. It ended on March 20, 2020. The following person commented during the public comment period:

A. Fredric J. Pocci, Authority Engineer, North Hudson Sewerage Authority in a letter dated March 6, 2020.

A summary of the timely and significant comments received, the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection's (Department) responses to these comments, and an explanation of any changes from the draft action have been included below:

1. COMMENT:

Regarding the proposed update of the plant and 10 to 15 million gallons per day (MGD) as requested in our letter dated September 6, 2019, NHSA appreciates Department's willingness to grant the update. However, the proposed, more stringent concentration-based effluent limits for 5-Day Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD₅) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS), resulting from a freeze of the existing mass loading limits, are of significant concern.

The existing River Road plant provides secondary treatment for the municipal wastewater and the existing limits for COBD₅ and TSS are based on the Federal and State secondary treatment effluent standards. The treated wastewater is discharged to the tidal reach of the Hudson River, which provides significant dilution in the mixing zone as identified elsewhere in the permit. The main existing treatment facilities consist of primary clarification, trickling filters, final clarification and disinfection. After recent plant modifications, these facilities are capable of meeting the existing concentration limits for CBOD₅ and TSS.

At the same time the Authority is preparing the Long Term Control Plan (LTCP), as mandated by the NJPDES permit. One of the elements of the LTCP is to minimize combined sewer overflows (CSOs) by increasing wet weather flows accepted for full treatment at the facility. The implementation of such measures will, by definition, increase the average flow to the treatment plant, which was the main reason for requesting uprating of the facility.

Based on recent communications we understand that, given commitment by NHSA to accept additional CSO flows for treatment, the Department is willing to consider granting an increase in the mass loading limits for CBOD₅, and TSS. This would allow maintenance of the existing concentration-based limits at a higher permitted flow. Acceptance of additional CSO flows for treatment, that is normally discharged to the Hudson River without treatment, would more than compensate any increase in the loading of the CBOD₅ and TSS in the treated effluent resulting from the requested maintenance of the existing concentration limits. Approval at this time of the plant rerating with the requested increase in the mass loading limits would facilitate development of a realistic LTCP allowing a gradual increase of the CSO flows accepted for full treatment.

In summary, NHSA is committed to accepting CSO flows for treatment and is requesting that rerating of the River Road plant to 15 MGD be granted while maintaining the currently permitted concentration limits for CBOD₅ and TSS and with mass loading limits for these parameters commensurable with the 15 MGD permitted flow value.

RESPONSE:

Based upon the review of the submission, “North Hudson Sewerage Authority, River Road Treatment Plant NJPDES No. NJ0025321, Request for Plant Rerating”, dated September 6, 2019, the Department issued a determination regarding the expansion of the monthly average flow from 10 MGD to 15 MGD in the draft permit modification. As described in the letter, the increase in monthly average flow is intended to accommodate some of the mandated reductions in CSO overflows where all flows would receive full treatment. Additionally, the permittee contends in the submission that the plant’s ability to meet the concentration and load-based permit limits does not deteriorate at the increased flow. Requirements for CBOD5 and TSS

The draft permit modification as issued on February 12, 2020 included requirements for final limits for 15 MGD as follows:

PARAMETER	UNITS	AVERAGING PERIOD	WASTEWATER DATA (1)	EXISTING LIMITS 10 MGD	INITIAL LIMITS 10 MGD	FINAL LIMITS 15 MGD
5 Day Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD ₅)	kg/d	Monthly Avg. Weekly Avg.	526.42 656.08	950 1500	950 1500	950 1500
5 Day Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD ₅)	mg/L	Monthly Avg. Weekly Avg.	14.92 18.75	25 40	25 40	17 27
Influent CBOD ₅	mg/L	Monthly Avg. Weekly Avg. Daily Max	130.25 -- 265	MR MR --	MR MR --	MR MR --
CBOD ₅ Minimum Percent Removal	%	Monthly Avg.	86	85	85	85
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	kg/d	Monthly Avg. Weekly Avg.	415.25 651.5	1136 1703	1136 1703	1136 1703
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	mg/L	Monthly Avg. Weekly Avg.	11.67 18.33	30 45	30 45	20 30
Influent Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	mg/L	Monthly Avg. Weekly Avg.	118 144.08	MR MR	MR MR	MR MR
TSS Minimum Percent Removal	%	Monthly Avg.	87	85	85	85

The Department addressed the antidegradation requirements at N.J.A.C. 7:9B-1.5 by holding the permitted loadings for CBOD₅ and TSS. Specifically, the Department did not grant an increase in any permitted loading in that the current loadings at 10 MGD (Initial Phase) have been maintained at 15 MGD (Final Phase). Additionally, the draft permit modification proposed a commensurate decrease in the concentration limitations for these parameters as illustrated in the table above.

However, the Department has revisited this issue and has determined that retention of the existing CBOD₅ concentration limits of 25 mg/L as a monthly average and 40 mg/L as a weekly average as well as the existing TSS limits of 30 mg/L as a monthly average and 45 mg/L as a weekly average is appropriate. Specifically, upon further evaluation of the “Alternatives Development and Evaluation: River Road Wastewater Treatment Plant” dated June 25, 2019, an analysis of the treatment units and the associated capacities was included in the report with a discussion of diverting additional flows to the treatment plant as part of the CSO alternatives. The Department acknowledges that because operation of the plant at these higher flows could result in a reduction in the discharge of raw sewage through CSOs, that current receive no treatment, inclusion of the 15 MGD flow will have an overall positive impact on water quality. As a result, the Department has determined that maintaining the existing concentration values is appropriate.

Because the Department can not change effluent limits in a final permit action without formal public comment, this change has been incorporated into a separate draft permit modification. Therefore, no change has been to the final permit at this time.

2. COMMENT:

Language in Part IV.E.3.a.iii, which details the manner of activating Final Phase of the permit (i.e. 15 MGD permitted flow), needs clarification. It is not clear how the permittee can provide 30-day advance notice for activating Final Phase (item iii), while in another place (item i) it is stated that the Final Phase becomes effective when 12 month rolling average exceeds 10 MGD for three consecutive months. We request that this language be modified as we cannot predict flow.

RESPONSE:

This comment refers to the following permit conditions as included in Part IV.E.3.a:

“a. Surface Water Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) Form Requirements

- i. This permit includes multiple phases for DSN 001A. The "Initial" Phase limitation and monitoring conditions are effective from the effective date of the permit (EDP) for flows up to and equal to 10 MGD. The "Final" Phase limitation and monitoring conditions will become effective when the 12 month rolling average flow is greater than 10 MGD for three consecutive months.
- ii. Prior to activation of the "Final" Phase, which would authorize the discharge up to 15 MGD, a Treatment Works Approval (TWA) for treatment up to 15 MGD must be obtained.
- iii. The permittee shall submit a request to the Department to activate the "Final" Phase at least 30 calendar days prior to operating at the increased flow of 15 MGD.”

The Department generally uses a trigger of a 12-month rolling average flow greater than the initial phase permitted flow to make the determination that the facility is at the expanded flow. Once that has happened, the permittee is required to notify the Department so that the final phase limitations and conditions can be turned on in the permit.

The Department agrees that the language at Part IV.E.3.a.iii requires clarification to indicate the Department's intent as the language as written suggests notification prior to a flow occurring. Based on a review of other permits, the Department has reevaluated this condition and is modifying this language in the final permit action as follows (deletions shown with strikethrough, additions shown with underline):

- “iii. The permittee shall submit a request to the ~~Department~~ Department to activate the "Final" Phase at ~~least 30 calendar days prior to operating at the increased flow of 15 MGD~~ once the facility has exceeded a 12-month rolling average flow greater than 10 MGD for three consecutive months.”

This change affects Part IVE.3.iii in the final permit action.



NEW JERSEY POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

The New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection hereby grants you a NJPDES permit for the facility/activity named in this document. This permit is the regulatory mechanism used by the Department to help ensure your discharge will not harm the environment. By complying with the terms and conditions specified, you are assuming an important role in protecting New Jersey's valuable water resources. Your acceptance of this permit is an agreement to conform with all of its provisions when constructing, installing, modifying, or operating any facility for the collection, treatment, or discharge of pollutants to waters of the state. If you have any questions about this document, please feel free to contact the Department representative listed in the permit cover letter. Your cooperation in helping us protect and safeguard our state's environment is appreciated.

Permit Number: NJ0025321

Final: Surface Water Major Mod Permit Action

Permittee:

North Hudson Sewerage Authority
1600 Adams Street
Hoboken, NJ 07030

Co-Permittee:

Property Owner:

North Hudson Sewerage Authority
1600 Adams Street
Hoboken, NJ 07030

Location Of Activity:

North Hudson Sewerage Authority
River Road Wastewater Treatment Plant
6400 Anthony M Defino Way
West New York Town, NJ 07030

Authorization(s) Covered Under This Approval	Issuance Date	Effective Date	Expiration Date
A - Sanitary Wastewater (Major Mod to modify CPO limitations & incorporate requirements for flow of 15 MGD)	3/19/2020	06/01/2020	06/30/2020
CSM -Combined Sewer Management (Minor Mod)	10/09/2015	07/01/2015	06/30/2020
A -Sanitary Wastewater CSM -Combined Sewer Management	03/12/2015	07/01/2015	06/30/2020

**By Authority of:
Commissioner's Office**

**DEP AUTHORIZATION
Susan Rosenwinkel, Bureau Chief
Bureau of Surface Water Permitting
Water Pollution Management Element
Division of Water Quality**

(Terms, conditions and provisions attached hereto)

Division of Water Quality

PART I GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: NJPDES

A. General Requirements of all NJPDES Permits

1. Requirements Incorporated by Reference

- a. The permittee shall comply with all conditions set forth in this permit and with all the applicable requirements incorporated into this permit by reference. The permittee is required to comply with the regulations, including those cited in paragraphs b. through e. following, which are in effect as of the effective date of the final permit.
- b. General Conditions
 - Penalties for Violations N.J.A.C. 7:14-8.1 et seq.
 - Incorporation by Reference N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.3
 - Toxic Pollutants N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)4i
 - Duty to Comply N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)1 & 4
 - Duty to Mitigate N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)5 & 11
 - Inspection and Entry N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.11(e)
 - Enforcement Action N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.9
 - Duty to Reapply N.J.A.C. 7:14A-4.2(e)3
 - Signatory Requirements for Applications and Reports N.J.A.C. 7:14A-4.9
 - Effect of Permit/Other Laws N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)6 & 7 & 2.9(c)
 - Severability N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.2
 - Administrative Continuation of Permits N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.8
 - Permit Actions N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.7(c)
 - Reopener Clause N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)10
 - Permit Duration and Renewal N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.7(a) & (b)
 - Consolidation of Permit Process N.J.A.C. 7:14A-15.5
 - Confidentiality N.J.A.C. 7:14A-18.2 & 2.11(g)
 - Fee Schedule N.J.A.C. 7:14A-3.1
 - Treatment Works Approval N.J.A.C. 7:14A-22 & 23
- c. Operation And Maintenance
 - Need to Halt or Reduce not a Defense N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.9(b)
 - Proper Operation and Maintenance N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.12
- d. Monitoring And Records
 - Monitoring N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.5
 - Recordkeeping N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.6
 - Signatory Requirements for Monitoring Reports N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.9
- e. Reporting Requirements
 - Planned Changes N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.7
 - Reporting of Monitoring Results N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.8
 - Noncompliance Reporting
 - Hotline/Two Hour & Twenty-four Hour Reporting N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.10 & 6.8(h)
 - Written Reporting N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.10(c) & (d)
 - Written Reporting N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.10(e) & (f) & 6.8(h)
 - Duty to Provide Information N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.11, 6.2(a)14 & 18.1
 - Schedules of Compliance N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.4
 - Transfer N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.2(a)8 & 16.2

PART II

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: DISCHARGE CATEGORIES

A. Additional Requirements Incorporated By Reference

1. Requirements for Discharges to Surface Waters

- a. In addition to conditions in Part I of this permit, the conditions in this section are applicable to activities at the permitted location and are incorporated by reference. The permittee is required to comply with the regulations which are in effect as of the effective date of the final permit.
 - i. Surface Water Quality Standards N.J.A.C. 7:9B-1
 - ii. Water Quality Management Planning Regulations N.J.A.C. 7:15

B. General Conditions

1. Scope

- a. The issuance of this permit shall not be considered as a waiver of any applicable federal, state, and local rules, regulations and ordinances.

2. Permit Renewal Requirement

- a. Permit conditions remain in effect and enforceable until and unless the permit is modified, renewed or revoked by the Department.
- b. Submit a complete permit renewal application: 180 days before the Expiration Date.

3. Notification of Non-Compliance

- a. The permittee shall notify the Department of all non-compliance when required in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.10 by contacting the DEP HOTLINE at 1-877-WARNDEP (1-877-927-6337).
- b. The permittee shall submit a written report as required by N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.10 within five days.

4. Notification of Changes

- a. The permittee shall give written notification to the Department of any planned physical or operational alterations or additions to the permitted facility when the alteration is expected to result in a significant change in the permittee's discharge and/or residuals use or disposal practices including the cessation of discharge in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.7.
- b. Prior to any change in ownership, the current permittee shall comply with the requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:14A-16.2, pertaining to the notification of change in ownership.

5. Access to Information

- a. The permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the Department, upon the presentation of credentials, to enter upon a person's premises, for purposes of inspection, and to access / copy any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit.

6. Operator Certification

- a. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:10A-1.1 et seq. every wastewater system not exempt pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:10A-1.1(b) requires a licensed operator. The operator of a system shall meet the Department's requirements pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:10A-1.1 and any amendments. The name of the proposed operator, where required shall be submitted to the Department at the address below, in order that his/her qualifications may be determined prior to initiating operation of the treatment works.
 - i. Notifications shall be submitted to:
NJDEP
Bureau of Licensing & Pesticide Operations
Mailcode 401-04E
P.O. Box 420
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420
(609)984-6507.
- b. The permittee shall notify the Department of any changes in licensed operator within two weeks of the change.

7. Operation Restrictions

- a. The operation of a waste treatment or disposal facility shall at no time create: (a) a discharge, except as authorized by the Department in the manner and location specified in Part III of this permit; (b) any discharge to the waters of the state or any standing or ponded condition for water or waste, except as specifically authorized by a valid NJPDES permit.

C. Custom Requirement

1. CSO Reopener Clause

- a. This reopener clause authorizes the NJDEP to reopen and modify the permit upon determination that the CSO controls as contained in an approved LTCP fail to meet WQS or protect designated uses.

PART III

LIMITS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

MONITORED LOCATION: 001A Surface Water Outfall RECEIVING STREAM: Hudson River STREAM CLASSIFICATION: SE2(C2) DISCHARGE CATEGORY(IES): A - Sanitary Wastewater

Location Description

The influent monitoring location shall be before any treatment, other than degritting, and before the addition of any internal waste streams. The effluent monitoring location shall be post dechlorination at DSN001A. DSN001A discharges into the Hudson River at Latitude N: 40 degrees 47 minutes 12.56 seconds and Longitude W: 74 degrees 59 minutes 53.46 seconds.

Contributing Waste Types

Sanitary

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

Please refer to Part IV.E.3.

Table III - A - 1: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE: 1 - Initial - 10 MGD PHASE Start Date: **PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	MGD	*****	REPORT 12 Month Rolling Av	*****	*****	Continuous	Metered
	QL	***	***		***	***				
CAP Threshold	Calculated Adjust.	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT 12 Month Rolling Av	*****	PERCENT	1/Month	Calculated
	AL	***	***		***	95	***			
pH	Raw Sew/influent	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Report Per Minimum	*****	REPORT Report Per Maximum	SU	3/Day	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
pH	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	6.0 Report Per Minimum	*****	9.0 Report Per Maximum	SU	3/Day	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

Please refer to Part IV.E.3.

Table III - A - 1: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE: 1 - Initial - 10 MGD PHASE Start Date:

PHASE End Date:

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
Solids, Total Suspended January thru December	Raw Sew/influent	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Weekly Average	MG/L	3/Week	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Solids, Total Suspended January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	1136 Monthly Average	1703 Weekly Average	KG/DAY	*****	30 Monthly Average	45 Weekly Average	MG/L	3/Week	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Solids, Total Suspended January thru December	Percent Removal	*****	*****	*****	85 Monthly Av Minimum	*****	*****	PERCENT	3/Week	Calculated
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Oil and Grease January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	10 Monthly Average	15 Instant Maximum	MG/L	1/Month	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Nitrogen, Ammonia Total (as N) January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	KG/DAY	*****	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	MG/L	1/Month	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Coliform, Fecal General January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	200 Monthly Geo Avg	400 Weekly Geometric	#/100ML	8/Month	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
BOD, Carbonaceous 5 Day, 20oC January thru December	Raw Sew/influent	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	MG/L	3/Week	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

Please refer to Part IV.E.3.

Table III - A - 1: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE: 1 - Initial - 10 MGD PHASE Start Date:

PHASE End Date:

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
BOD, Carbonaceous 5 Day, 20oC January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	950 Monthly Average	1500 Weekly Average	KG/DAY	*****	25 Monthly Average	40 Weekly Average	MG/L	3/Week	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
BOD, Carbonaceous 5 Day, 20oC January thru December	Percent Removal	*****	*****	*****	85 Monthly Av Minimum	*****	*****	PERCENT	3/Week	Calculated
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
LC50 Statre 96hr Acu Mysid Bahia January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Report Per Minimum	*****	*****	%EFFL	1/Quarter	Composite
	AL	***	***		50	***	***			
Chlorine Produced Oxidants January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	3.05 Monthly Average	9.54 Daily Maximum	KG/DAY	*****	0.08 Monthly Average	0.25 Daily Maximum	MG/L	3/Day	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Temperature, oC January thru December	Raw Sew/influent	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Report Per Minimum	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Report Per Maximum	DEG.C	3/Day	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Temperature, oC January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Report Per Minimum	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Report Per Maximum	DEG.C	3/Day	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Oxygen, Dissolved (DO) January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Daily Minimum	4 Weekly Av Minimum	*****	MG/L	3/Week	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

Please refer to Part IV.E.3.

Table III - A - 1: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE:1 - Initial - 10 MGD PHASE Start Date: **PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
Mercury Total Recoverable	Effluent Gross Value	20 Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	GR/DAY	*****	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	UG/L	1/Month	Grab
	January thru December	RQL	37.9		37.9	***	1			

Table III - A - 2: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE:2 - Final - 15 MGD PHASE Start Date: **PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	MGD	*****	REPORT 12 Month Rolling Av	*****	*****	Continuous	Metered
	January thru December	QL	***		***	***	***			
CAP Threshold	Calculated Adjust.	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT 12 Month Rolling Av	*****	PERCENT	1/Month	Calculated
	January thru December	AL	***		***	***	95			
pH	Raw Sew/influent	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Report Per Minimum	*****	REPORT Report Per Maximum	SU	3/Day	Grab
	January thru December	QL	***		***	***	***			
pH	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	6.0 Report Per Minimum	*****	9.0 Report Per Maximum	SU	3/Day	Grab
	January thru December	QL	***		***	***	***			

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

Please refer to Part IV.E.3.

Table III - A - 2: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE:2 - Final - 15 MGD PHASE Start Date: PHASE End Date:

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
Solids, Total Suspended January thru December	Raw Sew/influent	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Weekly Average	MG/L	3/Week	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Solids, Total Suspended January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	1136 Monthly Average	1703 Weekly Average	KG/DAY	*****	20 Monthly Average	30 Weekly Average	MG/L	3/Week	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Solids, Total Suspended January thru December	Percent Removal	*****	*****	*****	85 Monthly Av Minimum	*****	*****	PERCENT	3/Week	Calculated
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Oil and Grease January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	10 Monthly Average	15 Instant Maximum	MG/L	1/Month	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Nitrogen, Ammonia Total (as N) January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	KG/DAY	*****	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	MG/L	1/Month	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Coliform, Fecal General January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	200 Monthly Geo Avg	400 Weekly Geometric	#/100ML	8/Month	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
BOD, Carbonaceous 5 Day, 20oC January thru December	Raw Sew/influent	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	MG/L	3/Week	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

Please refer to Part IV.E.3.

Table III - A - 2: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE:2 - Final - 15 MGD PHASE Start Date: PHASE End Date:

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
BOD, Carbonaceous 5 Day, 20oC January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	950 Monthly Average	1500 Weekly Average	KG/DAY	*****	17 Monthly Average	27 Weekly Average	MG/L	3/Week	24 Hour Composite
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
BOD, Carbonaceous 5 Day, 20oC January thru December	Percent Removal	*****	*****	*****	85 Monthly Av Minimum	*****	*****	PERCENT	3/Week	Calculated
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
LC50 Statre 96hr Acu Mysid Bahia January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Report Per Minimum	*****	*****	%EFFL	1/Quarter	Composite
	AL	***	***		50	***	***			
Chlorine Produced Oxidants January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	3.05 Monthly Average	9.54 Daily Maximum	KG/DAY	*****	0.08 Monthly Average	0.25 Daily Maximum	MG/L	3/Day	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Temperature, oC January thru December	Raw Sew/influent	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Report Per Minimum	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Report Per Maximum	DEG.C	3/Day	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Temperature, oC January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Report Per Minimum	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Report Per Maximum	DEG.C	3/Day	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Oxygen, Dissolved (DO) January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Daily Minimum	4 Weekly Av Minimum	*****	MG/L	3/Week	Grab
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

Please refer to Part IV.E.3.

Table III - A - 2: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE:2 - Final - 15 MGD PHASE Start Date: PHASE End Date:

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
Mercury Total Recoverable January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	20 Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	GR/DAY	*****	REPORT Monthly Average	REPORT Daily Maximum	UG/L	1/Month	Grab
	RQL	37.9	37.9		***	1	1			

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE:Final PHASE Start Date: PHASE End Date:

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
Manganese, Total (as Mn)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Cyanide, Total (as CN)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 40	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Arsenic, Total (as As)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 8	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Beryllium, Total (as Be)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements**PHASE:** Final**PHASE Start Date:****PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
Cadmium, Total (as Cd)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 4	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Chromium, Total (as Cr)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Copper, Total (as Cu)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Lead, Total (as Pb)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Thallium, Total (as Tl)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Nickel, Total (as Ni)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Silver, Total (as Ag)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 2	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Zinc, Total (as Zn)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 30	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Antimony, Total (as Sb)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Selenium, Total (as Se)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Chromium, Hexavalent Dissolved (as Cr)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Acenaphthylene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Acenaphthene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 9.5	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Anthracene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (3,4-benzo)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements**PHASE:** Final**PHASE Start Date:****PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Benzo(a)pyrene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 26.5	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Bis (2-chloroiso- propyl) ether	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Butyl benzyl phthalate	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Chrysene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Diethyl phthalate	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Dimethyl phthalate	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
1,2-Diphenyl- hydrazine	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Fluoranthene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Fluorene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Hexachlorocyclo- pentadiene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Hexachloroethane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)- pyrene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements**PHASE:** Final**PHASE Start Date:****PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
Isophorone	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
N-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
N-nitrosodiphenyl-amine	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
N-nitrosodimethyl-amine	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Nitrobenzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Phenanthrene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Pyrene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Benzo(a)anthracene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 9	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,2,4-Trichloro-benzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 9	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
2-Chloronaphthalene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 9.5	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements**PHASE:** Final**PHASE Start Date:****PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 9.5	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
3,3'-Dichloro- benzidine	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 60	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 9.5	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Naphthalene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 8	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 30	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Di-n-butyl phthalate	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Benzdine	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 50	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Malathion	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Demeton	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Hexachlorobenzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Hexachlorobutadiene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Mirex	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
1,3-Dichloropropene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 7	UG/L	Grab	January thru December

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements**PHASE:** Final**PHASE Start Date:****PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
1,2,4,5-Tetrachloro-benzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
N-nitrosodiethyl-amine	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
N-nitrosopyrrolidine	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Carbon Tetrachloride	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 6	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,2-Dichloroethane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 3	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Bromoform	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 8	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Chloroform	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 5	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Toluene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 6	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Benzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 7	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Acrolein	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 50	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Acrylonitrile	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 50	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Chlorobenzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 6	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Chlorodibromomethane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 6	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Ethylbenzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 6	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Methyl Bromide	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 9	UG/L	Grab	January thru December

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements**PHASE:** Final**PHASE Start Date:****PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
Methyl Chloride	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Methylene Chloride	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 6	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Tetrachloroethylene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 9	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Trichlorofluoro- methane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 5	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,1-Dichloroethane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 23.5	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,1-Dichloroethylene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 6	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,1,1-Trichloro- ethane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 6	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,1,2-Trichloro- ethane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 6	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro- ethane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,2-Dichloropropane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 5	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
1,2-trans-Dichloro- ethylene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 4	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (Mixed)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Bromodichloromethane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 5	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Vinyl Chloride	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Trichloroethylene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 5	UG/L	Grab	January thru December

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements**PHASE:** Final**PHASE Start Date:****PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
Methoxychlor	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
N-Nitrosodi- n-butylamine	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Chloroethane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
Asbestos (Fibrous)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	FIBERS/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Parachloro-m- cresol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Phenols	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	Grab	January thru December
2,4,5-Trichloro- phenol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Delta BHC, Total (ug/l)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.02	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Endosulfan Sulfate	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.08	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Beta Endosulfan	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.04	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Alpha Endosulfan	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.02	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Endrin Aldehyde	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.1	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxin	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
4,4'-DDT(p,p'-DDT)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.06	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
4,4'-DDD(p,p'-DDD)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.04	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements**PHASE:** Final**PHASE Start Date:****PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
4,4'-DDE(p,p'-DDE)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.04	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Aldrin	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.04	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Alpha BHC	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.02	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Beta BHC	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.04	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Gamma BHC (lindane),	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.03	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Chlordane	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.2	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Dieldrin	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.03	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Endosulfans, Total (alpha and beta)	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Endrin	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.04	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Toxaphene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 1	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Heptachlor	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.02	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Heptachlor Epoxide	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 0.4	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Chlorpyrifos	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
2-Chlorophenol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
2-Nitrophenol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 18	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December

Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Semi-Annual WCR: within twenty-five days after the end of every 6 month monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Table III - A - 3: Surface Water WCR - Semi Annual Limits and Monitoring Requirements**PHASE:** Final**PHASE Start Date:****PHASE End Date:**

Parameter	Sample Point	Compliance Quantity	Units	Sample Type	Monitoring Period
2,4-Dichlorophenol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
2,4-Dimethylphenol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 13.5	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
2,4-Dinitrophenol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 40	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
2,4,6-Trichloro-phenol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 20	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 21	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
4-Nitrophenol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 12	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 60	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Phenol Single Compound	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 10	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Pentachlorophenol	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT RQL = 30	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Pentachlorobenzene	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December
Guthion	Effluent Gross Value	REPORT	UG/L	24 Hour Composite	January thru December

MONITORED LOCATION:
002A CSO

RECEIVING STREAM:
Hudson River

STREAM CLASSIFICATION:
SE2(C2)

DISCHARGE CATEGORY(IES):
CSM - Combined Sewer Management

Location Description

The permittee is authorized to discharge combined sewage from Outfall 002A (WNY-1) located to the east of Harbor Place in West New York into the Hudson River at:

Latitude N: 40d 47m 12.56s

Longitude W: 73d 59m 53.46s

Contributing Waste Types

Sanitary, Storm Water Runoff

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

For this outfall, the total quantity of Solids/Floatables removed from both outfalls shall be reported here when the solid waste is measured for disposal.

Precipitation shall be reported from a rain gauge representative of the area, and Duration of Discharge shall be reported as a whole day for any day when a discharge occurs.

Table III - B - 1: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE: 1 Initial

PHASE Start Date:

PHASE End Date:

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
Solids/Floatables	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Total	*****	CU YARDS	1/Month	Measured
	January thru December	QL	***		***	***	***			
Precipitation	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Total	*****	# INCHES	1/Month	Measured
	January thru December	QL	***		***	***	***			

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

For this outfall, the total quantity of Solids/Floatables removed from both outfalls shall be reported here when the solid waste is measured for disposal. Precipitation shall be reported from a rain gauge representative of the area, and Duration of Discharge shall be reported as a whole day for any day when a discharge occurs.

Table III - B - 2: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE:2 Final

PHASE Start Date:

PHASE End Date:

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
Solids/Floatables January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Total	*****	CU YARDS	1/Month	Measured
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Precipitation January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Total	*****	# INCHES	1/Month	Measured
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			
Duration Of Discharge January thru December	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Total	*****	# OF DAYS	1/Month	Estimated
	QL	***	***		***	***	***			

MONITORED LOCATION:
 003A CSO

RECEIVING STREAM:
 Hudson River

STREAM CLASSIFICATION:
 SE2(C2)

DISCHARGE CATEGORY(IES):
 CSM - Combined Sewer Management

Location Description

The permittee is authorized to discharge combined sewage from Outfall 003A (JOSO) located to the east of Henley Place in Weehawken into the Hudson River at:

Latitude N: 40d 46m 15s

Longitude W: 74d 00m 53s

Contributing Waste Types

Sanitary, Storm Water Runoff

Surface Water DMR Reporting Requirements:

Submit a Monthly DMR: within twenty-five days after the end of every month beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP).

Comments:

Duration of Discharge shall be reported as a whole day for any day when a discharge occurs.

Table III - C - 1: Surface Water DMR Limits and Monitoring Requirements

PHASE: Final

PHASE Start Date:

PHASE End Date:

Parameter	Sample Point	Limit	Limit	Units	Limit	Limit	Limit	Units	Frequency	Sample Type
Duration Of Discharge	Effluent Gross Value	*****	*****	*****	*****	REPORT Monthly Total	*****	# OF DAYS	1/Month	Estimated
	January thru December	QL	***		***	***	***			

PART IV

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS: NARRATIVE

Notes and Definitions

A. Footnotes

1. These notes are specific to this permit

- a. The permit conditions in the CSO section apply only to the combined sewer system owned/operated by the permittee and CSO related discharges.

2. CSO related resources are listed below with a link to the current webpage

- a. NJDEP's CSO main website and related links can be found at <http://www.nj.gov/dep/dwq/cso.htm>
- b. EPA's Combined Sewer Overflows Principal Guidance Documents can be found at <http://water.epa.gov/polwaste/npdes/cso/Guidance-Documents.cfm>
- c. The Nine Minimum Control requirements from the National CSO Policy along with EPA's guidance document can be found at N.J.A.C. 7:14A-11.12-Appendix C and <http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/owm0030.pdf>
- d. The Nine elements of a Long Term Control Plan from the National CSO Policy along with EPA's guidance document can be found at N.J.A.C. 7:14A-11.12-Appendix C and <http://water.epa.gov/polwaste/npdes/cso/upload/owm0272.pdf>
- e. EPA's Post Construction Compliance Monitoring Guidance document can be found at http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/final_cso_pccm_guidance.pdf
- f. EPA's Guidance: Coordinating Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) Long-Term Planning with Water Quality Standards Reviews (PDF)
- g. EPA's Capacity, management, operation and maintenance (CMOM) guidance document can be found at http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/cmom_5.pdf
- h. Dry-Weather Deposition and Flushing for Combined Sewer Overflow Pollution Control: <http://nepis.epa.gov/Adobe/PDF/30000821.PDF>
- i. Combined sewer overflow control (manual): <http://nepis.epa.gov/Adobe/PDF/30004MAO.pdf>
- j. EPA's Storm Water and Combined Sewer Overflows Publications can be found at <http://water.epa.gov/polwaste/wastewater/StormwaterPubs.cfm>

B. Definitions

1. These definitions are specific only to this permit

- a. "Dry weather overflow (DWO)" means a combined sewer overflow that cannot be attributed to a precipitation event, including snow melt, within the hydraulically connected system. DWOs include the following flows: domestic sewage, dewatering activities, commercial and industrial wastewaters, ground water and tidal infiltration upstream of the regulator, and any other non-precipitation event related flows downstream of the regulator to the outfall pipe.

Groundwater infiltration and tidal infiltration originating downstream of the regulator are allowable sources of discharges from a CSO during dry weather. On a case-by-case basis, the Department reserves the right to allow temporary use of the CSO outfall structures for other types of discharges to address extraordinary circumstances. Such use must be specifically approved by the Department

- b. "Green Infrastructure" means methods of stormwater management that reduce wet weather/stormwater volume, flow, or changes the characteristics of the flow into combined or separate sanitary or storm sewers, or surface waters, by allowing the stormwater to infiltrate, to be treated by vegetation or by soils; or to be stored for reuse. Green infrastructure includes, but is not limited to, pervious paving, bioretention basins, vegetated swales, and cisterns
- c. "Hydraulically connected system" means the entire collection system that conveys flows to one Sewage Treatment Plant (STP). On a case-by-case basis, the permittee, in consultation with the Department, may segment a larger hydraulically connected system into a series of smaller inter-connected systems, based upon the specific nature of the sewer system layout, pump stations, gradients, locations of CSOs and other physical features which support such a sub area. A hydraulically connected system could include multiple municipalities, comprised of both combined and separate sewers

C. NINE MINIMUM CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Proper operation and regular maintenance programs for the sewer system and the CSOs**
- 2. Maximum use of the collection system for storage**
- 3. Review and modification of pretreatment requirements to assure CSO impacts are minimized**
- 4. Maximization of flow to the POTW for treatment**
- 5. Prohibition of CSOs during dry weather**
- 6. Control of solid and floatable materials in CSOs**
- 7. Pollution prevention**
- 8. Public notification to ensure that the public receives adequate notification of CSO occurrences and CSO impacts**
- 9. Monitoring to effectively characterize CSO impacts and the efficacy of CSO controls**

D. NINE ELEMENTS OF THE LONG TERM CONTROL PLAN

- 1. Characterization, Monitoring, and Modeling of the Combined Sewer Systems**
- 2. Public Participation**

- 3. Consideration of Sensitive Areas**
- 4. Evaluation of Alternatives**
- 5. Cost/Performance Considerations**
- 6. Operational Plan**
- 7. Maximizing Treatment at the Existing POTW Treatment Plant**
- 8. Implementation Schedule**
- 9. Compliance Monitoring Program**

Sanitary Wastewater

A. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. Standard Monitoring Requirements

- a. Each analysis required by this permit shall be performed by a New Jersey Certified Laboratory that is certified to perform that analysis.
- b. The Permittee shall perform all water/wastewater analyses in accordance with the analytical test procedures specified in 40 CFR 136, unless other test procedures have been approved by the Department in writing or as otherwise specified in the permit.
- c. When more than one test procedure is approved for the analysis of a pollutant or pollutant parameter, the test procedure must be sufficiently sensitive as defined at 40 CFR 136, 122.21(e)(3), and 122.44(i)(1)(iv).
- d. All sampling shall be conducted in accordance with the Department's Field Sampling Procedures Manual, or an alternate method approved by the Department in writing.
- e. All monitoring shall be conducted as specified in Part III.
- f. All sample frequencies expressed in Part III are minimum requirements. Any additional samples taken consistent with the monitoring and reporting requirements contained herein shall be reported on the Monitoring Report Forms.
- g. Annual and semi-annual wastewater testing shall be conducted in a different quarter of each year so that tests are conducted in each of the four permit quarters of the permit cycle. Testing may be conducted during any month of the permit quarters.
- h. Monitoring for Wastewater Characterization Report parameters shall be conducted concurrently with the Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) monitoring, when feasible.
- i. Any influent and effluent sampling for toxic pollutant analyses shall be collected concurrently.

B. RECORDKEEPING

1. Standard Recordkeeping Requirements

- a. The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including 1) all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation (if applicable), 2) copies of all reports required by this NJPDES permit, 3) all data used to complete the application for a NJPDES permit, and 4) monitoring information required by the permit related to the permittee's residual use and/or disposal practices, for a period of at least 5 years, or longer as required by N.J.A.C. 7:14A-20, from the date of the sample, measurement, report, application or record.
- b. Records of monitoring information shall include 1) the date, locations, and time of sampling or measurements, 2) the individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements, 3) the date(s) the analyses were performed, 4) the individual(s) who performed the analyses, 5) the analytical techniques or methods used, and 6) the results of such analyses.

C. REPORTING

1. Standard Reporting Requirements

Sanitary Wastewater

- a. The permittee shall submit all required monitoring results to the Department on the forms provided to them. The Monitoring Report Forms (MRFs) may be provided to the permittee in either a paper format or in an electronic file format. Unless otherwise noted, all requirements below pertain to both paper and electronic formats.
- b. Any MRFs in paper format shall be submitted to the following addresses:
 - i. NJDEP
Division of Water Quality
Mail Code: 401-02B
Bureau of Permit Management
P.O. Box 420
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420.
 - ii. (if requested by the Water Compliance and Enforcement Bureau)
NJDEP: Northern Bureau of Water Compliance and Enforcement
7 Ridgedale Avenue
Cedar Knolls, New Jersey 07927-1112
- c. Any electronic data submission shall be in accordance with the guidelines and provisions outlined in the Department's Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) agreement with the permittee. Paper copies must be available for on-site inspection by DEP personnel or provided to the DEP upon written request.
- d. All monitoring report forms shall be certified by the highest ranking official having day-to-day managerial and operational responsibilities for the discharging facility.
- e. The highest ranking official may delegate responsibility to certify the monitoring report forms in his or her absence. Authorizations for other individuals to sign shall be made in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-4.9(b).
- f. Monitoring results shall be submitted in accordance with the current Discharge Monitoring Report Manual and any updates thereof.
- g. If monitoring for a parameter is not required in a monitoring period, the permittee must report "CODE=N" for that parameter.
- h. If there are no discharge events during an entire monitoring period, the permittee must notify the Department when submitting the monitoring results. This is accomplished by placing a check mark in the "No Discharge this monitoring period" box on the paper or electronic version of the monitoring report submittal form.

D. SUBMITTALS

1. Standard Submittal Requirements

- a. The permittee shall update the Wastewater Treatment Plant's Operation & Maintenance (O&M) Manual including an emergency plan in accordance with requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.12(c).
- b. The permittee shall amend the Wastewater Treatment Plant's O&M Manual whenever there is a change in the treatment works design, construction, operations or maintenance which substantially changes the treatment works operations and maintenance procedures.

2. Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

- a. The permittee has completed sampling for PCBs as required in a previous permit action. The Department is currently reviewing the sampling data for this and other facilities to determine which facilities are discharging at more elevated levels. Once the Department completes this review and if the permittee's effluent is discharging PCBs at more elevated levels, the Department will require the permittee to develop and submit a PMP for approval.
- b. Pollutant Minimization Plan (PMP) Requirement
 - i. If, based on the review of the Final Report, the Department determines that a PMP is required, the permittee shall prepare and submit a PMP to the Department by the date specified in the Department's determination letter.
 - ii. The permittee shall implement the PMP within 30 days after written notification by the Department that the PMP is complete.
 - iii. The PMP shall be developed to achieve maximum practical reduction in accordance with the PMP Technical Manual.
- c. PCB PMP Annual Report Requirement
 - i. The permittee shall submit an annual report in accordance with the Annual Report Guidance Document every 12 months from the implementation of the PMP.
 - ii. Any revisions to the PMP as a result of the ongoing work shall be reported in the annual report.
 - iii. The annual report shall contain, at a minimum, a detailed discussion of the specific progress and actions taken by the permittee during the previous twelve month period that addresses PCB loadings and implementation of the PMP.

E. FACILITY MANAGEMENT

1. Discharge Requirements

- a. The permittee shall discharge at the location specified in PART III of this permit.
- b. The permittee shall not discharge foam or cause foaming of the receiving water that 1) forms objectionable deposits on the receiving water, 2) forms floating masses producing a nuisance, or 3) interferes with a designated use of the waterbody.
- c. The permittee's discharge shall not produce objectionable color or odor in the receiving stream.
- d. The discharge shall not exhibit a visible sheen.
- e. The permittee shall ensure compliance with the Capacity Assurance Program (CAP) regulations and upon triggering the action level in Part III, the permittee is required to initiate the requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:14A-22.16.
 - i. For the calculation of the parameter "CAP Threshold" in Part III of the permit, the permittee shall use the permitted flow of 15 MGD and the 12-month rolling average flow calculated for the parameter of "Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant" in the calculation of the percentage of the permitted flow for the month. This percentage shall be reported as the CAP Threshold percentage.
 - ii. For more information concerning the CAP, please contact the Bureau of Construction and Connection Permits at (609) 984-4429.

2. Interstate Environmental Commission

- a. The permittee shall comply with the Interstate Environmental Commission's (IEC) "Water Quality Regulations." Although no monitoring requirements specific to the IEC are included in this permit, compliance may be determined by the IEC based on its own sampling events. IEC effluent requirements shall not be considered effluent limitations for the purpose of mandatory penalties under N.J.S.A. 58:10A-10.1.

3. Applicability of Discharge Limitations and Effective Dates

- a. Surface Water Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) Form Requirements
 - i. This permit includes multiple phases for DSN 001A. The "Initial" Phase limitation and monitoring conditions are effective from the effective date of the permit (EDP) for flows up to and equal to 10 MGD. The "Final" Phase limitation and monitoring conditions will become effective when the 12 month rolling average flow is greater than 10 MGD for three consecutive months.
 - ii. Prior to activation of the "Final" Phase, which would authorize the discharge up to 15 MGD, a Treatment Works Approval (TWA) for treatment up to 15 MGD must be obtained.
 - iii. The permittee shall submit a request to the Department to activate the "Final" Phase once the facility has exceeded a 12-month rolling average flow greater than 10 MGD for three consecutive months.
- b. Wastewater Characterization Report (WCR) Form Requirements
 - i. The final effluent monitoring conditions contained in PART III for DSN001A apply for the full term of this permit action.

4. Operation, Maintenance and Emergency conditions

- a. The permittee shall operate and maintain treatment works and facilities which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit as specified in the Operation & Maintenance Manual.
- b. The permittee shall develop emergency procedures to ensure effective operation of the treatment works under emergency conditions in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.12(d).

5. Toxicity Testing Requirements - Acute Whole Effluent Toxicity

- a. The permittee shall conduct toxicity tests on its wastewater discharge in accordance with the provisions in this section. Such testing will determine if appropriately selected effluent concentrations adversely affect the test species.
- b. Acute toxicity tests shall be conducted using the test species and method identified in Part III of this permit.
- c. Any test that does not meet the specifications of N.J.A.C. 7:18, laboratory certification regulations, must be repeated within 30 days of the completion of the initial test. The repeat test shall not replace subsequent testing required in Part III.
- d. The permittee shall collect and analyze the concentration of ammonia-N in the effluent on the day a sample is collected for WET testing. This result is to be reported on the Biomonitoring Report Form.

- e. The permittee shall resubmit an Acute Methodology Questionnaire within 60 days of any change in laboratory.
- f. Submit an acute whole effluent toxicity test report: within twenty-five days after the end of every quarterly monitoring period beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP). The permittee shall submit toxicity test results on appropriate forms. (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
- g. Test reports shall be submitted to:
 - i. Mail Code 401 - 02B
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Water Quality
Bureau of Surface Water Permitting
PO Box 420
Trenton, NJ 08625-0420.

6. Toxicity Reduction Implementation Requirements (TRIR)

- a. The permittee shall initiate a tiered toxicity investigation if two out of six consecutive WET tests demonstrate that the effluent does not comply or will not comply with the toxicity limit or action level specified in Part III of this permit.
 - i. If the exceedence of the toxicity limit or toxicity level is directly caused by a documented facility upset, or other unusual event which has been identified and appropriately remedied by the permittee, the toxicity test data collected during the event may be eliminated when determining the need for initiating a TRIR upon written Department approval.
- b. The permittee shall begin toxicity characterization within 30 days of the end of the monitoring period when the second toxicity test exceeds the toxicity limits or action level in Part III. The monitoring frequency for toxicity testing shall be increased to monthly. Up to 12 additional tests may be required.
 - i. The permittee may return to the toxicity testing frequency specified in Part III if four consecutive toxicity tests conducted during the Toxicity Characterization do not exceed the toxicity limit or action level.
 - ii. If two out of any six consecutive, acceptable tests again exceed the toxicity limit or action level in Part III, the permittee shall repeat the Toxicity Reduction Implementation Requirements.
- c. The permittee shall initiate a preliminary toxicity identification (PTI) upon the third exceedence of the toxicity limit or action level specified in Part III during toxicity characterization.
 - i. The permittee may return to the monitoring frequency specified in PART III while conducting the PTI. If more frequent WET testing is performed during the PTI, the permittee shall submit all biomonitoring reports to the DEP and report the results for the most sensitive species on the DMR.

- ii. As appropriate, the PTI shall include:
 - (1) treatment plant performance evaluation,
 - (2) pretreatment program information,
 - (3) evaluation of ammonia and chlorine produced oxidants levels and their effect on the toxicity of the discharge,
 - (4) evaluation of chemical use and processes at the facility, and
 - (5) an evaluation of incidental facility procedures such as floor washing, and chemical spill disposal which may contribute to effluent toxicity.
 - iii. If the permittee demonstrates that the cause of toxicity is the chlorine added for disinfection or the ammonia concentration in the effluent and the chlorine and/or ammonia concentrations are below the established water quality based effluent limitation for chlorine and/or ammonia, the permittee shall identify the procedures to be used in future toxicity tests to account for chlorine and/or ammonia toxicity in their preliminary toxicity identification report.
 - iv. The permittee shall submit a Preliminary Toxicity Identification Notification within 15 months of triggering TRIR. This notification shall include a determination that the permittee intends to demonstrate compliance OR plans to initiate a CTI.
- d. The permittee must demonstrate compliance with the WET limitation or action level in four consecutive WET tests to satisfy the requirements of the Toxicity Reduction Investigation Requirements. After successful completion, the permittee may return to the WET monitoring frequency specified in PART III.
- e. The permittee shall initiate a Comprehensive Toxicity Investigation (CTI) if the PTI does not identify the cause of toxicity and a demonstration of consistent compliance with the toxicity limit or action level in Part III can not be made.
- i. The permittee shall develop a project study plan identifying the party or parties responsible for conducting the comprehensive evaluation, establish a schedule for completing the study, and a description of the technical approach to be utilized.
 - ii. If the permittee determines that the PTI has failed to demonstrate consistent compliance with the toxicity limit or action level in Part III, a Comprehensive Toxicity Investigation Workplan must be prepared and submitted within 90 days.
 - iii. The permittee shall summarize the data collected and the actions taken in CTI Quarterly Reports. The reports shall be submitted within 30 calendar days after the end of each quarter.
 - iv. The permittee shall submit a Final CTI Report 90 calendar days after the last quarterly report. The final CTI report shall include the corrective actions identified to reduce toxicity and a schedule for implementing these corrective actions.
- f. Upon receipt of written approval from the Department of the corrective action schedule, the permittee shall implement those corrective actions consistent with that schedule.
- i. The permittee shall satisfy the requirements of the Toxicity Reduction Implementation Requirements and return to the original toxicity monitoring frequency after corrective actions are implemented and the permittee demonstrates consistent compliance with the toxicity limit or action level in Part III in four consecutive toxicity tests.
 - ii. If the implemented corrective measures do not result in consistent compliance with the toxicity limit or action level in Part III, the permittee shall submit a plan for resuming the CTI.

7. Introduction to Reclaimed Water for Beneficial Reuse (RWBR) Requirements

- a. The following RWBR sections contain the conditions for the permittee to beneficially reuse treated effluent or Reclaimed Water for Beneficial Reuse (RWBR), provided the effluent is in compliance with the criteria specified for the particular use specified below.
- b. There are two levels of RWBR uses. Public Access and Restricted Access.

8. RWBR Requirements for Public Access

- a. The Public Access reuse types authorized by this permit are those approved in Appendix A. Other Public Access reuse types may be added by minor modification of this permit.
- b. The hydraulic loading rate for land application of RWBR shall not exceed 2 inches per week.
- c. Any water diverted for RWBR shall be monitored and comply with the high level treatment requirements listed below and the operational requirements in the approved Operations Protocol. If any of these requirements are not achieved, the effluent shall not be diverted for RWBR.
 - i. Total Suspended Solids (TSS): Instantaneous maximum of 5.0 mg/L prior to disinfection.
 - ii. Nitrogen, Total (NO₃ + NH₃): Daily maximum of 10.0 mg/L. This requirement only applies when RWBR is land applied.
 - iii. Fecal Coliform: 7-day median maximum of 2.2 colonies per 100 mL and an instantaneous maximum of 14 colonies per 100 mL.
 - iv. Chlorine Produced Oxidants (CPO): If the permittee disinfects utilizing chlorine, an instantaneous minimum of 1.0 mg/L after fifteen minutes contact time at peak hourly flow must be met.
 - v. Ultraviolet Disinfection: If the permittee disinfects utilizing UV disinfection, a minimum design UV dose of 100 mJ/cm² under maximum daily flow must be used. All aspects of the UV system must meet the requirements of the May 2003 (or most recent) National Water Research Institute's Ultraviolet Disinfection Guidelines for Drinking Water and Water Reuse, second edition.
 - vi. Turbidity for UV systems: Instantaneous maximum of 2.0 NTU.
- d. Monitoring of the diverted public access RWBR shall be conducted in the following manner:
 - i. Sampling for TSS shall be immediately prior to disinfection. Monitoring for TSS shall be a grab sample once per week.
 - ii. Sampling for Turbidity in systems shall be sampled immediately prior to disinfection. The permittee shall establish a correlation between Turbidity and TSS in their effluent as detailed in the Reuse Technical Manual. A statistically significant correlation between Turbidity and TSS shall be established prior to commencement of the RWBR program and shall be incorporated into the Operations Protocol and updated annually. The initial correlation should be done as part of a daily monitoring program for at least 30 days. To ensure continuous compliance with the 5.0 mg/L TSS level, Turbidity must be monitored continuously and achieve the level established in the Operations Protocol.
 - iii. For chlorine disinfection, monitoring for CPO shall be continuous and shall be monitored after the appropriate contact time is achieved.

- iv. For UV systems, UV lamp intensity, UV transmittance and UV flow rate shall be monitored continuously after full disinfection treatment.
 - v. Monitoring for Fecal Coliform shall be a grab sample, taken in accordance with Part III, at least a minimum of once per week taken immediately after disinfection. Fecal coliform shall be monitored immediately after disinfection.
 - vi. Monitoring for Total Nitrogen ($\text{NO}_3 + \text{NH}_3$) shall be a composite sample, taken in accordance with Part III, at least once per week taken prior to RWBR diversion. Total Nitrogen ($\text{NO}_3 + \text{NH}_3$) shall be monitored after the appropriate disinfection treatment is achieved.
- e. All monitoring results of the RWBR shall be reported each month on Wastewater Characterization Reports (WCR). Unless noted otherwise, the highest of all measured values for diverted RWBR shall be reported.
- i. If chlorine is used for disinfection, the lowest sampling result obtained during the reporting month shall be reported for CPO.
 - ii. If ultraviolet disinfection is used, the lowest sampling results obtained during the reporting month shall be reported for lamp intensity and UV transmittance.

9. RWBR Requirements for Restricted Access--Land Application and Non Edible Crops

- a. The Restricted Access--Land Application and Non Edible Crops reuse types authorized by this permit are those approved in Appendix A. Other Restricted Access--Land Application and Non Edible Crops reuse types may be added by minor modification of this permit.
- b. The hydraulic loading rate for land application of RWBR shall not exceed 2 inches per week.
- c. Any water diverted for RWBR shall be monitored and comply with the high level treatment requirements listed below and the operational requirements in the approved Operations Protocol. If any of these requirements are not achieved, the effluent shall not be diverted for RWBR.
- d. Nitrogen, Total ($\text{NO}_3 + \text{NH}_3$): Daily maximum of 10 mg/L. Frequency of sampling for Total Nitrogen shall be in accordance with Part III of the permit. The sample shall be collected as a composite sample taken prior to diversion for RWBR. Nitrogen, Total ($\text{NO}_3 + \text{NH}_3$) shall be monitored after the appropriate disinfection treatment time is achieved. This requirement only applies when RWBR is land applied, however, this requirement does not apply to spray irrigation within a fenced perimeter or otherwise restricted area.
- e. Fecal Coliform: 200 colonies per 100 ml monthly average Geometric Mean, 400 colonies per 100 ml maximum in any one sample. Frequency of sampling for Fecal Coliform shall be in accordance with Part III of the permit. The sample shall be collected as a grab sample taken immediately after disinfection.
- f. Chlorine Produced Oxidants (CPO): For chlorine disinfection, instantaneous minimum of 1.0 mg/L after fifteen minutes contact time at peak hourly flow. Frequency of sampling for CPO shall be in accordance with Part III of the permit. The sample shall be collected as a grab sample taken immediately after disinfection. The value reported for CPO shall be the minimum sampling result obtained during the reporting month for diverted RWBR. Chlorine Produced Oxidants (CPO) shall be monitored after the appropriate contact time is achieved.

- g. All monitoring results of the RWBR shall be reported each month on Wastewater Characterization Reports (WCR). Unless noted otherwise, the highest of all measured values for diverted RWBR shall be reported.

10. RWBR Requirements for Restricted Access--Construction and Maintenance Operations

- a. The Restricted Access--Construction and Maintenance Operations reuse types authorized by this permit are those approved in Appendix A. Other Restricted Access--Construction and Maintenance Operations reuse types may be added by minor modification of this permit.
- b. Fecal Coliform: 200 colonies per 100 ml monthly average Geometric Mean, 400 colonies per 100 ml maximum in any one sample. Frequency of sampling for Fecal Coliform shall be in accordance with Part III of the permit. Fecal coliform shall be monitored immediately after disinfection. This requirement does not apply to sanitary sewer jetting.

11. RWBR Requirements for Restricted Access--Industrial Systems

- a. The Restricted Access--Industrial Systems reuse types authorized by this permit are those approved in Appendix A. Other Restricted Access--Industrial Systems reuse types may be added by minor modification of this permit.

12. RWBR Submittal Requirements

- a. For all types of RWBR, with the exception of sanitary sewer jetting and STP washdown water, the permittee shall submit and receive approval of an Operations Protocol or modify the existing Operations Protocol as detailed in the most recent version of the Department's "Technical Manual for Reclaimed Water for Beneficial Reuse" (Reuse Technical Manual) prior to the commencement of any RWBR activity. A copy of the approved Operations Protocol shall be maintained onsite. Specific requirements for the Operations Protocol are identified in the Reuse Technical Manual.
- b. The permittee shall submit a copy of the Reuse Supplier and User Agreement with each request for authorization to distribute RWBR in which the user is a different entity than the supplier. Specific requirements for the Reuse Supplier and User Agreement are identified in the Reuse Technical Manual.
- c. For Public Access RWBR on Edible Crops, the permittee shall submit an annual inventory of edible crop irrigation with the Beneficial Reuse Annual Report. Specific requirements for the annual inventory are identified in the Reuse Technical Manual.
- d. Submit a Beneficial Reuse Annual Report: by February 1 of each year beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP). The permittee shall compile the total volume of RWBR distributed to each type of authorized RWBR activity for the previous calendar year. Specific requirements for the Annual Reuse Report are identified in the Reuse Technical Manual. (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
- e. The permittee shall submit and receive approval of an Engineering Report in support of RWBR authorization requests for new or expanded RWBR projects as detailed in the most recent version of the Department's "Technical Manual for Reclaimed Water for Beneficial Reuse" (Reuse Technical Manual) prior to the commencement of this/these type/s of RWBR activity. A copy of the approved Engineering Report shall be maintained onsite. Specific requirements for the Engineering Report are identified in the Reuse Technical Manual.

- f. All submittals shall be mailed or delivered to:
Mail Code 401 - 02B
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Water Quality
Bureau of Surface Water Permitting
PO Box 420
Trenton, NJ 08625-0420.

13. RWBR Operational Requirements

- a. Effluent that does not meet the requirements for RWBR established in Part III, Part IV and the operational requirements specified in the facility's approved Operations Protocol shall not be diverted for RWBR.
- b. The land application of RWBR shall not produce surface runoff or ponding.
- c. All setback distances shall be consistent with the distances outlined in the Reuse Technical Manual.
- d. Land application sites shall not be frozen or saturated when applying RWBR.
- e. A daily log noting the volume of RWBR distributed to each approved application site shall be maintained on-site by the permittee and made available to the Department upon request. The volume of RWBR to be distributed shall be determined through the use of a totalizing flow meter, or other means of accurate flow measurement.
- f. Any vehicle used to transport and/or distribute RWBR shall be appropriately marked. The vehicle shall not be used to transport water or other fluid that does not meet all limitations and requirements as specified in this permit for water diverted for RWBR, unless the tank has been emptied and adequately cleaned prior to the addition of the RWBR.
- g. The permittee shall post Access Control and Advisory Signs in accordance with the requirements of the Reuse Technical Manual.
- h. There shall be no cross-connections to potable water systems.
- i. All RWBR piping, pipelines, valves, and outlets shall be appropriately color coded, tagged or labeled to warn the public and employees that the water is not intended for drinking. Worker contact with RWBR shall be minimized.
- j. The issuance of this permit for the use of RWBR shall not be considered as a waiver of any applicable federal, state or local rule, regulation or ordinance.

F. INDUSTRIAL PRETREATMENT PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

1. Requirement to Identify and Locate Industrial Users

- a. The Permittee shall identify all indirect users which meet the significant indirect user definition in N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1.2 or have reasonable potential to:
 - i. interfere with attainment of the effluent limitations contained in the permittee's NJPDES permit
 - ii. pass through the treatment works and impair the water quality of the receiving stream; or
 - iii. affect sludge quality so as to interfere with the use or management of the municipal sludge

2. Notification Requirements

- a. The permittee shall provide adequate notice to the NJDEP, Division of Water Quality, Bureau of Pretreatment and Residuals, of the name, address, telephone number and facility contact of all:
 - i. new SIUs at the time the proposed user applies to the permittee for connection to the permittee's system,
 - ii. any substantial change or proposed change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the POTW by existing SIUs, or
 - iii. any substantial change or proposed change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the POTW by a user that causes the user to become an SIU.
- b. For purposes of this subsection, adequate notice shall include information on the quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW and any anticipated impact of such change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

3. Requirement to Develop Local Limits

- a. If necessary to ensure compliance with the requirements in paragraph ii below, the permittee shall perform a headworks analysis. The headworks analysis and, if necessary, development of local limits shall:
 - i. be conducted in accordance with the Guidance Manual on the Development and Implementation of Local Discharge Limitations under the Pretreatment Program (December 1987, USEPA Office of Water Enforcement), including all supplements and amendments thereto, including: identifying the sources and pollutants which should be limited in order to address environmental protection criteria of paragraph ii.; characterizing industrial discharges; reviewing applicable environmental protection criteria and pollutant effects data; monitoring of IU discharges, POTW collection system and treatment plant; and calculating local limits for the identified pollutants of concern;
 - ii. ensure compliance with the following minimum environmental protection criteria: the numerical effluent limitations in the Part III; The local agency's process inhibition and upset criteria; the local agency's worker health and safety protection criteria; the sludge quality criteria for a chosen method(s) of sludge management; and the limitations in the local agency's Air Pollution Control permit, where applicable.

4. Submittal Requirements

- a. The permittee shall submit updates to its Local Sewer Use Ordinance within 30 days of modification.
- b. The submittal requirements for the North Hudson Sewerage Authority (NHSA) - River Road Plant are contained in the NJPDES permit for NHSA - Adams Street Plant (NJ0026085). The Pretreatment Program Documents required to be submitted as per NJ0026085 shall contain the required information/data for the NHSA - River Road Plant.
- c. The reports shall be submitted to: NJDEP, Division of Water Quality, Bureau of Pretreatment and Residuals, 401 East State Street, Mail Code 401-02B, PO Box 420, Trenton, NJ 08625-0420.

G. CONDITIONS FOR MODIFICATION**1. Notification requirements**

- a. The permittee may request a minor modification for a reduction in monitoring frequency for a non-limited parameter when four consecutive test results of "not detected" have occurred using a sufficiently sensitive quantification level as defined at 40 CFR 136, 122.21(e)(3), and 122.44(i)(1)(iv).

2. Causes for modification

- a. The Department may modify or revoke and reissue any permit to incorporate 1) any applicable effluent standard or any effluent limitation, including any effluent standards or effluent limitations to control the discharge of toxic pollutants or pollutant parameters such as acute or chronic whole effluent toxicity and chemical specific toxic parameters, 2) toxicity reduction requirements, or 3) the implementation of a TMDL or watershed management plan adopted in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:15-7.
- b. The permittee may request a minor modification to eliminate the monitoring requirements associated with a discharge authorized by this permit when the discharge ceases due to changes at the facility.

Combined Sewer Management

A. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. CSO Monitoring Requirements

- a. All monitoring shall be conducted as specified in Part III.
- b. All monitoring frequencies expressed in Part III are minimum requirements. Any additional samples taken consistent with the monitoring and reporting requirements contained herein shall be reported on the Monitoring Report Forms.
- c. Discharges shall be directly monitored or predicted using a DEP approved up-to-date model.

B. RECORDKEEPING

1. CSO Recordkeeping Requirements

- a. The permittee shall identify the Combined Sewer System (CSS) complaint, maintenance, inspection, and repair documentation forms and related tracking forms and/or systems and the Permittee shall also specify how, where and when this documentation will be maintained.
- b. The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information for a period of at least 5 years, or longer as required by N.J.A.C. 7:14A-20, from the date of the sample, measurement, report, application or record, including:
 - i. all calibration and any other methods of monitoring which may be employed, maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation (if applicable),
 - ii. copies of all reports required by this NJPDES permit,
 - iii. all data used to complete the application for a NJPDES permit, and
 - iv. monitoring information required by the permit related to the permittee's residual use and/or disposal practices, for a period of at least 5 years, or longer as required by N.J.A.C. 7:14A-20, from the date of the sample, measurement, report, application or record.
- c. Records of monitoring information shall include the following:
 - i. the date, locations, and time of sampling or measurements,
 - ii. the individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements,
 - iii. the date(s) the analyses were performed,
 - iv. the individual(s) who performed the analyses,
 - v. the analytical techniques or methods used, and
 - vi. the results of such analyses.
- d. The permittee shall retain records to document implementation of the Nine Minimum Controls (NMC) and Long Term Control Plan (LTCP) requirements in Sections F and G. The permittee shall utilize this information when preparing and submitting progress reports required in Section D, including residential complaints, inspection records, and maintenance records. This information shall be made available to the Department upon request.

C. REPORTING

1. CSO Reporting Requirements

- a. The permittee shall submit all required monitoring results to the Department on the forms provided by the Department. The Monitoring Report Forms (MRFs) may be provided to the permittee in either a paper format or in an electronic file format. Unless otherwise noted, all requirements below pertain to both paper and electronic formats.
- b. The permittee shall summarize the information for the total quantity of solids/floatables removed from ALL outfalls on the MRF for the first CSO outfall only. This information needs to be reported on the MRF only when the solids/floatables solid waste is measured for disposal. For the months when no solids/floatables are disposed of, the permittee shall report 'CODE = N'.
- c. The permittee shall report Precipitation from a rain gauge representative of the area on the MRF for the first CSO outfall only.
- d. The permittee shall report Duration of Discharge on the MRF for each CSO outfall as a whole day for any calendar day when a discharge occurs.
- e. Any MRFs in paper format shall be submitted to the following address(es):
 - i. NJDEP
Mail Code - 401-02B
Division of Water Quality - Office of Permit Management
P.O. Box 420
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420.
- f. Electronic data submissions shall be in accordance with the guidelines and provisions outlined in the Department's Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) agreement with the permittee. Paper copies must be available for on-site inspection by DEP personnel or provided to the DEP upon written request.
- g. All MRFs shall be certified by the highest ranking official having day-to-day managerial and operational responsibilities for the combined sewer system.
- h. The highest ranking official may delegate responsibility to certify the MRFs in his or her absence. Authorizations for other individuals to sign shall be made in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-4.9(b).
- i. Monitoring results shall be submitted in accordance with the current Monitoring Report Form Manual and any updates thereof.
- j. If there are no CSO discharges during an entire monitoring period, the permittee must notify the Department when submitting the monitoring results. This is accomplished by placing a check mark in the "No Discharge this monitoring period" box on the paper or electronic version of the monitoring report submittal form.

D. SUBMITTALS

1. CSO Submittal Requirements

- a. The permittee shall respond to all deficiencies cited by the Department within 30 days of notification. With adequate justification provided by the permittee, the Department may extend this deadline an additional 30 days.

- b. All reports submitted to the Department pursuant to the requirements of this permit shall comply with the signatory requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:14A-4.9., and contain the following certification:
 - i. "I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for purposely, knowingly, recklessly, or negligently submitting false information".
- c. Since multiple municipalities own separate portions of the hydraulically connected sewer system, the permittee shall work cooperatively with all other appropriate municipalities/permittees in the hydraulically connected sewer system to ensure that the Nine Minimum Controls (NMC) & Long Term Control Plans (LTCP) activities are being developed and implemented consistently. The permittee shall identify their joint and separate responsibilities with all other appropriate municipalities in the hydraulically connected sewer system regarding implementation of the NMCs and LTCPs. This information shall be provided/updated in the quarterly Progress Reports.
- d. The permittee shall summarize on a quarterly basis its CSO construction related activities, as well as those reported to them by the other CSO entities, in their system. Notification through the TWA process is sufficient for this purpose. The permittee shall make these construction related activities available publically on their website or other acceptable means.
- e. The permittee shall submit all information required by this permit via email or other electronic format acceptable to the Department to NJCSOProgram@dep.nj.gov. Until the Department can accept any file larger than 20 megabytes (MB), any larger file can be broken up into smaller segments and sent separately or can be sent via mail delivery on CDs or DVDs.

2. Updated Nine Minimum Control (NMC) Submittal Requirements

- a. The permittee shall submit GPS data in degrees-minutes-seconds (at a minimum to the the tenth of a second accuracy) for all CSO regulators, pump stations and CSO outfalls owned/operated by the permittee in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:1D-Appendix A, and NJ GIS protocol at <http://www.state.nj.us/dep/gis/standard.htm>. The permittee shall submit this GPS data: within 6 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
- b. The permittee shall submit a PDF of a sewer map: within 12 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). This map shall depict the actual locations of the separate and combined sanitary sewers, CSO regulators and outfalls owned/operated by the permittee. (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
- c. The permittee shall install signs for each CSO outfall within 6 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP), in accordance with Section F.8. The permittee shall retain information at the offices of the permittee including a chart listing the CSO outfall designator and the physical address/location of the sign for each CSO outfall.

3. Long Term Control Plan (LTCP) Submittal Requirements

- a. The Department encourages a single LTCP to be developed and submitted on behalf of all of the permittees in a hydraulically connected sewer system.

- b. The permittee shall develop an approvable LTCP that will include the Elements contained in Section G. The LTCP shall consist of the following steps and be submitted according to the schedule below.
 - i. Step 1a - System Characterization Work Plan for the LTCP - In accordance with Section G.1., unless otherwise approved by the Department in writing, the permittee shall submit an approvable System Characterization Work Plan: within 6 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
 - ii. Step 1b1 - In accordance with G.1., the permittee shall submit the System Characterization Report: within 36 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
 - iii. Step 1b2 - In accordance with G.2., the permittee shall submit the Public Participation Process Report: within 36 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW150002 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
 - iv. Step 1b3 - In accordance with G.3., the permittee shall submit the Consideration of Sensitive Areas Information of the LTCP: within 36 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
 - v. Step 2 - Development and Evaluation of Alternatives for the LTCP - In accordance with Sections G.2. through G.5. and G.9., the permittee shall submit an approvable Development and Evaluation of Alternatives Report: within 48 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
 - vi. Step 3 - Selection and Implementation of the LTCP: In accordance with Sections G.2. and G.6. through G.9., the permittee shall submit an approvable Selection and Implementation of Alternatives Report: within 59 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
 - vii. Upon Departmental approval of the LTCP, the permittee shall begin implementation of the LTCP in accordance with the schedule contained therein.
- c. In accordance with Section G.9., the permittee shall submit an approvable baseline Compliance Monitoring Program (CMP) Work Plan: within 6 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
- d. Unless otherwise specified by the Department, in accordance with Section G.9. and the approved work plan, the permittee shall submit an approvable baseline CMP Report and data: within 36 months from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)

4. CSO Progress Report Submittal Requirements

- a. The permittee shall Submit a progress report: within twenty-five (25) days after the end of every quarter beginning from the effective date of the permit (EDP). (Activity #: DSW080001 - Effective: 7/1/2015)
- b. The Progress Reports shall be prepared in accordance with the following requirements:
 - i. The Progress Reports shall follow the outline structure of the permit requirements in Sections F and G.

- ii. The Progress Reports shall include, at a minimum, a summary of all permit compliance deadlines, their progress to date and CSO control measures implemented by the permittee to comply with the NMCs. The progress reports shall also include a prioritized schedule for additional CSO control measures to be implemented, and the effectiveness of the implemented CSO control measures, pursuant to this permit for the previous calendar quarter.
- iii. The first Progress Report shall include a summary of all CSO control measures implemented to date and the effectiveness of those control measures.
- iv. Each Progress Report must include a verification that the Operation and Maintenance Manual, including the SOPs, Asset Management Plan and Emergency Plan, have been updated in accordance with this permit and amended annually, as necessary.
- v. Each Progress Report shall contain a detailed discussion of, and document compliance with, the continued implementation of the NMCs and the manner in which all owners/operators of the hydraulically connected collection system participated in the development of the LTCP, including information regarding the development and status of the telephone hotline/website pursuant to Section F.8.
- vi. Upon Departmental approval of the LTCP, the permittee shall begin implementation of the permittee's CSO control measures in accordance with the schedule in the approved LTCP.

E. FACILITY MANAGEMENT

1. CSO Discharge Requirements

- a. The permittee shall discharge at the location(s) specified in PART III of this permit.
- b. The permittee shall not discharge foam or cause foaming of the receiving water that 1) forms objectionable deposits on the receiving water, 2) forms floating masses producing a nuisance, or 3) interferes with a designated use of the waterbody.
- c. The permittee's discharges shall not produce objectionable color or odor in the receiving stream.
- d. The permittee's discharges shall not exhibit a visible sheen.

2. Interstate Environmental Commission (IEC)

- a. The permittee shall comply with the Interstate Environmental Commission's (IEC) "Water Quality Regulations", where applicable.

F. NINE MINIMUM CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

1. Proper Operation and Regular Maintenance Program Requirements

- a. The permittee shall continue to implement and update annually, an Operations & Maintenance (O&M) Program and corresponding Manual, including an Emergency Plan, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.12, to ensure that the treatment works, including but not limited to collection system, the CSO outfalls, solids/floatables facilities, regulators, and related appurtenances which are owned/operated by the permittee are operated and maintained in a manner to achieve compliance with all terms and conditions of this permit.
- b. The permittee shall operate the treatment works using a licensed operator in accordance with N.J.S.A. 58:11-66(a), N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.12(b) and N.J.A.C. 7:10A.

- c. The permittee shall provide adequate operator staffing for the treatment works.
- d. The permittee shall provide documentation that demonstrates that employees were provided with appropriate training to perform the operation and maintenance duties required and to follow the Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) in the O&M Program and corresponding Manual. This shall include a current training program for the purpose of informing new employees and maintaining training levels for current employees in regards to the CSO O&M Program and corresponding Manual, including safety related concerns.
- e. The permittee shall implement an O&M Program & Manual that includes, at a minimum the following:
 - i. A directory of appropriate O&M staff, including a description of their individual responsibilities and emergency contact information.
 - ii. A description of the permittee's Fats, Oils and Greases (FOG) Program.
 - iii. An updated characterization of the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works. The permittee may use previous studies to the extent that they are accurate and representative of a properly operated and maintained sewer system and of the currently required information such as:
 - West New York MUA Detailed Sewer Assessment, Volume I, prepared by Buck, Seifert & Jost, Inc., dated April 1996;
 - Sewer System Inventory and Assessment Report, prepared by CH2MHILL, dated July 1995.
 - West New York MUA Sewer Inventory and Assessment Report, prepared by Buck, Seifert & Jost, Inc., dated December 1992.
- f. This characterization in Section F.1.e.iii above shall include a spreadsheet, organized by CSO outfall, as appropriate, of the capacity, dimensions, age, type of material, and specific location of the items listed below. This spreadsheet shall be completed no later than EDP + 6 months.
 - i. CSO Outfalls (if applicable);
 - ii. Tide gates (if applicable);
 - iii. Solids/floatables controls (if applicable);
 - iv. Regulators (if applicable);
 - v. Gravity lines and force mains (if applicable), including size, length and direction of flow;
 - vi. Pump stations (if applicable);
 - vii. Significant Indirect Users (SIUs); and
 - viii. Specific locations that have historically experienced the following: blockages, bottlenecks, flow constrictions, sewer overflows including to basements, streets and other public and private areas, or related incidences.

- g. The permittee shall delineate the characterization information required in Section F.1.f on a GIS map, as applicable, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:1D-Appendix A and shall follow the NJ GIS protocol at <http://www.state.nj.us/dep/gis/standard.htm>. This map shall be completed on or before the first annual update of the O&M Program and Manual.
- h. The permittee shall review its rules, ordinances, and/or its sewer use agreements and create an anticipated schedule to revise them within 6 months of the EDP if necessary. In general, this schedule shall not extend beyond the due date for the LTCP as per Part IV.D.3.b.iv. This schedule shall require the customer municipalities to:
 - i. operate and maintain their treatment works,
 - ii. identify I/I and reduce it to meet the definition of non-excessive infiltration (in combined and separately sewered areas) and non-excessive inflow (in separately sewered areas) where both terms are defined in N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1.2, and
 - iii. identify and eliminate interconnections and cross-connections in storm sewers.
- i. The permittee shall also include SOPs in the O&M Program and corresponding Manual for the operation, inspections, and scheduled preventative maintenance in accordance with the appropriate manufacturer's recommendations and equipment manuals at a minimum, to ensure that the entire collection system that is owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works will function properly.
- j. At a minimum, the SOPs shall contain detailed instructions for system operations, such as frequency of inspections, regular maintenance, and the timely repair, and documentation of such information, of the entire collection system that conveys flows to the treatment works. These SOPs shall include procedures for the following items:
 - i. Ensure that the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works functions in such a way as to not result in sewage overflows (except from designated CSO outfalls) including to basements, streets and other public and private areas, or bottlenecks/constrictions that limit flow in specific areas and prevent the downstream STP treatment capacity from being fully utilized, in accordance with Section F.4.
 - ii. Ensure that the storage and conveyance of combined sewage to the STP is maximized in accordance with Sections F.2 and F.4.
 - iii. Ensure that the impacts from SIUs contributing to the CSOs are minimized in accordance with Section F.3.
 - iv. Ensure there will be no dry weather overflows from any CSO in accordance with Section F.5.
 - v. Conduct a visual inspection program of sufficient scope and frequency of the CSS to provide reasonable assurance that unpermitted discharges, obstructions, damage, and DWOs will be discovered.
 - vi. Ensure the solids/floatables appurtenances will be maintained and the solids/floatables will be removed from the CSO discharge and disposed of properly at such frequency so as not to cause obstructions of flow for any future CSO discharges, in accordance with Part II of this permit and Section F.6.

- vii. Prevent the Intrusion upstream due to high tides and/or receiving water flooding into the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works through proper operation and maintenance.
 - viii. Provide a gravity sewer and catch basin inspection schedule and clean as necessary.
 - ix. Provide a system for documenting, assessing, tracking, and addressing residential complaints regarding blockages, bottlenecks, flow constrictions, sewer overflows including to basements, streets and other public and private areas, or related incidents.
 - x. Remove within one (1) week of the permittee becoming aware, any obstructions that are contributing to overflows due to debris, Fats, Oils and Greases, and sediment buildup, or other foreign materials in the collection system owned/operated by the permittee. Remove any other obstructions due to debris, Fats, Oils and Greases, and sediment buildup, or other foreign materials in the collection system owned/operated by the permittee as soon as practicable.
 - xi. Require immediate steps to take corrective action(s) to repair damage and/or structural deterioration, address unpermitted discharges, and eliminate DWOs of the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works.
 - xii. Provide for ongoing I/I reduction strategies to meet the definition of non-excessive infiltration (in combined and separately sewered areas) and non-excessive inflow (in separately sewered areas) as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1.2 through the identification of excessive I/I sources and the prioritization and implementation of I/I reduction projects.
 - xiii. Identify the equipment currently owned, operated, and maintained for investigating and maintaining the CSS and, at a minimum, reference the appropriate equipment manuals.
 - xiv. Provide procedures whereby wet weather flows are maximized for conveyance to the STP and discharges from CSOs are minimized.
- k. The permittee shall incorporate an Asset Management Plan as part of the overall O&M strategy. This plan shall include an infrastructure inventory with infrastructure repair/replacement needs listed and scheduled according to priority/criticality, that demonstrates the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works is perpetually and proactively managed with the appropriate resources (capital, staffing, training, supplies, equipment) allocated in the permittee's budget. This information shall be included in the permittee's budget as prepared and submitted to Department of Community Affairs, if appropriate. The Asset Management Plan shall be completed no later than EDP+12 months.
- l. The permittee shall also include in the O&M Program and corresponding Manual, an Emergency Plan, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.12(d). The Emergency Plan shall provide for, to the maximum extent possible, uninterrupted treatment works operation during emergency conditions using in-house and/or contract based services. The Emergency Plan shall include Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs), which ensure the effective operation of the treatment works under emergency conditions, such as extreme weather events and extended periods of no power.
- m. The permittee shall amend the O&M Program & Manual on at least an annual frequency to reflect updated information and changes in the characterization, design, construction, operations, maintenance, Emergency Plan, and SOPs as listed in Section F.1, and include verification that the O&M Program and corresponding Manual has been prepared and updated in accordance with the submittal requirements in Section D.4.

2. Maximum use of the collection system for storage

- a. The permittee shall use the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee for in-line storage of sewage for future conveyance to the STP when sewer system flows subside by ensuring that the sewage is retained in the sewer system to the extent possible to minimize CSO discharges (i.e. volume, frequency and duration), while not creating or increasing sewage overflows, including to basements, streets and other public and private areas.
- b. The permittee shall minimize the introduction of sediment and obstructions in the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works pursuant to Sections F.1. and F.7.
- c. The permittee shall operate and maintain the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works pursuant to Section F.1.
- d. The permittee shall identify and implement minor modifications, based on the ongoing evaluations, to enable appropriate segments of the collection system owned/operated by the permittee to store additional wet weather flows to reduce any CSOs until downstream sewers and treatment facilities can adequately convey and treat the flows.

3. Review and modification of pretreatment requirements to assure CSO impacts are minimized

- a. The permittee shall determine the locations, associated CSO outfalls and discharge volume, loading and toxicity of the SIUs for the entire collection system which is owned/operated by the permittee; determine and prioritize the potential environmental impact of these SIUs by CSO outfall; include this information in the characterization portion of the O&M Program and Manual as required in Section F.1. This information shall be updated annually in the Progress Report in accordance with Section D.4.

4. Maximization of flow to the POTW for treatment

- a. The permittee shall operate and maintain the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works to maximize the conveyance of wastewater to the STP for treatment subject to existing capacity.
- b. The permittee shall evaluate and implement alternatives for increasing flow to the STP in accordance with i and ii below that do not require extensive engineering studies or significant construction costs:
 - i. Capacity evaluations of the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works in accordance with Section F.1.f to determine the maximum amount of flow that can be stored and transported.
 - ii. Identification of other activities conducted and/or planned to further maximize flow to the POTW.

5. Prohibition of CSOs during dry weather

- a. Dry weather overflows (DWOs) are prohibited from any CSO outfall in the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee.
- b. All DWOs must be reported to the Department as incidents of non-compliance in accordance with the requirements at N.J.A.C. 7:14A-6.10(c) and (e), along with a description of the corrective actions taken.

- c. The permittee shall inspect the combined sewer system as required under Section F.1 to minimize the potential of DWOs and to abate DWOs that occur.
- d. The permittee shall prohibit any connections, including but not limited to construction dewatering, remediation activities or similar activities, downstream of a CSO regulator, that will convey flow to the CSO during dry weather. On a case-by-case basis, the Department reserves the right to allow temporary use of the CSO outfall structures for other types of discharges to address extraordinary circumstances. Any use under this provision must be specifically approved by the Department.

6. Control of Solids/Floatables in CSOs

- a. The permittee shall continue to implement measures to capture and remove solids/floatables which cannot pass through a bar screen having a bar or netting spacing of 0.5 inches from all CSOs.
- b. The permittee shall not utilize treatment, including mechanical measures used to reduce the particle size of the solids/floatables in the wastewater collection system prior to discharge to the waters of the state to achieve compliance with paragraph F.6.a., is not permitted.
- c. The captured debris shall be removed from each solids/floatables control system as necessary to ensure that there will be no flow restrictions during the next CSO discharge event.
- d. All captured debris removed from the solids/floatables control system must be disposed of properly at a permitted solid waste facility authorized to accept grit and screening materials from wastewater treatment facilities in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A and Part II of this permit.

7. Implementation of Pollution Prevention Measures

- a. The permittee shall continue to implement and upgrade pollution prevention measures necessary to prevent and limit contaminants from entering the entire collection system owned/operated by the permittee that conveys flows to the treatment works. Unless demonstrated to the Department to be impracticable measures, shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - i. Implementation of a regular street cleaning program.
 - ii. Retrofitting of existing storm drains to meet the standards in Appendix B, where such inlets are in direct contact with repaving, repairing (excluding repair of individual potholes), reconstruction, resurfacing (including top coating or chip sealing with asphalt emulsion or a thin base of hot bitumen) or alterations of facilities owned/operated by the permittee. For exemptions to this standard see "Exemptions" listed in Appendix B.
 - iii. Implementation of stormwater pollution prevention rules and ordinances.
 - iv. Implementation of solid waste collection and recycling ordinances.
 - v. Implementation of public education programs.
- b. The permittee shall enforce rules and regulations on illegal connections and unauthorized discharge(s) into the POTW
- c. The permittee shall submit a schedule to revise applicable rules, ordinances and sewer use agreements to address the reduction of inflow and infiltration (I/I) into the collection system in accordance with Part IV.F.1.h.

8. Public notification to ensure that the public receives adequate notification of CSO occurrences and CSO impacts

- a. The permittee shall post CSO Identification Signs at every CSO outfall location identified in Part III of this permit. The signs shall conform to the following specifications unless alternatives have been approved by the Department. Any requests for such alternatives shall be submitted to the NJDEP within 30 days of EDP.
 - i. Signs shall be installed in such a manner as to have the same information visible from both the land and from the water, within 100' from the outfall pipe along the shoreline.
 - ii. Signs shall be at least 18" x 24" and printed with reflective material.
 - iii. Signs shall be in compliance with applicable local ordinances.
 - iv. The signs shall depict the following information below:
 - Warning, possible sewage overflows during and following wet weather. Contact with water may also cause illness.
 - Report dry weather discharge to NJDEP Hotline at 1 (877) 927-6337 (WARN-DEP).
 - Report foul odors or unusual discoloration to NJDEP Hotline or (Permittee) at (phone number).
 - NJPDES Permit Number NJ0025321.
 - Discharge Serial No. (eg. 001A).
 - www.state.nj.us/dep/dwq/cso.htm
 - Signs that depict symbols prohibiting swimming, fishing and kayaking.
- b. The permittee shall continue to employ measures to provide reasonable assurance that the affected public is informed of CSO discharges in a timely manner. These measures shall include, but are not limited to, the items listed below:
 - i. Posting leaflets/flyers/signs with general information at affected use areas such as beaches, marinas, docks, fishing piers, boat ramps, parks and other public places (within 100 feet of outfall) to inform the public what CSOs are, the location(s) of the CSO outfall(s) and the frequency and nature of the discharges and precautions that should be undertaken for public health/safety and web sites where additional CSO/CSS information can be found.
 - ii. Notification to all residents by either US Postal Service or email, (with copies sent to the NJDEP) at the address listed in C.1.e.i or by email in D.1.e, in the permittee's sewer service area. This notification shall provide additional information as to what efforts the permittee has made and plans to continue to undertake to reduce/eliminate the CSOs and related threat to public health. Updated notifications shall be mailed on an annual basis.
 - iii. On or before EDP +12 months the permittee shall create and maintain on a daily basis a telephone hot line or website (in an approved open source and/or syndicated format that is compatible with NJDEP's computer systems) for interested citizen inquiries to provide up-to-date information regarding where CSO discharges may be occurring or that discharges are not or are unlikely to be occurring.

9. Monitoring to effectively characterize CSO impacts and the efficacy of CSO controls

- a. The permittee shall monitor the CSO discharge events and record the date, "duration of discharge", rainfall, location of rain gauge and quantity of solids/floatables removed for each CSO and discharge event through appropriate modeling or by an appropriately placed flow meter/totaling device, level sensor, or other appropriate measuring device, and report the required information on the MRF as required by Part III of this permit.

G. LONG TERM CONTROL PLAN REQUIREMENTS

1. Characterization Monitoring and Modeling of the Combined Sewer System

- a. The permittee, as per D.3.a and G.10, shall submit an updated characterization study that will result in a comprehensive characterization of the CSS developed through records review, monitoring, modeling and other means as appropriate to establish the existing baseline conditions, evaluate the efficacy of the CSO technology based controls, and determine the baseline conditions upon which the LTCP will be based. The permittee shall work in coordination with the combined sewer communities which are hydraulically connected to this STP for appropriate Characterization, Monitoring and Modeling of the Sewer System.
- b. The characterization shall:
 - include a thorough review of the entire collection system that conveys flows to the treatment works, including areas of sewage overflows, including to basements, streets and other public and private areas, to adequately address the response of the CSS to various precipitation events;
 - identify the number, location, frequency and characteristics of CSOs; and
 - identify water quality impacts that result from CSOs.

Ambient in-stream monitoring may be performed in accordance with the guidance document entitled: "Receiving Waters Monitoring Work Plan Guidance for the CSO Program" available at www.state.nj.us/dep/dwq.

- c. The permittee may use previous studies to the extent that they are accurate and representative of a properly operated and maintained sewer system and of the currently required information including the following:
 - Combined Sewer System Modeling Study, prepared by CH2MHILL, dated September 1996.
 - West New York MUA Detailed Sewer Assessment, Volume I, prepared by Buck, Seifert & Jost, Inc., dated April 1996.
 - Combined Sewer Overflow Monitoring Study, prepared by CH2MHILL, January 1996.
 - Combined Sewer Overflow Monitoring Study Appendices, prepared by CH2MHILL, January 1996.
 - Rainfall Monitoring Study, prepared by CH2MHILL, dated December 1995.
 - Sewer System Inventory and Assessment Report, prepared by CH2MHILL, dated July 1995.
 - Monitoring Program Work Plan and Quality Assurance Project Plan, prepared by CH2MHILL, dated June 1995.
 - West New York MUA Sewer Inventory and Assessment Report, prepared by Buck, Seifert & Jost, Inc., dated December 1992.
- d. The major elements of the sewer system characterization are noted below:

- i. Rainfall Records - The permittee shall examine the historical rainfall record for the geographic area of its existing CSS using sound statistical procedures and best available data. The permittee shall evaluate flow variations due to precipitation events in the receiving waterbody to correlate between CSOs and receiving water conditions.
- ii. Combined Sewer System Characterization - the permittee shall evaluate sewer system records, field inspections gathered from the O&M Characterization required under Section F.1. (and previous relevant studies), and other activities necessary to understand the number, location and frequency of overflows and their location relative to sensitive areas and to pollution sources in the collection system, such as SIUs.
- iii. CSO Monitoring - Using all available information the permittee shall develop and/or update a previously existing, comprehensive, representative monitoring program that measures the frequency, duration, flow rate, volume and pollutant concentration of CSO discharges and assesses the impact of the CSOs on the receiving waters. The monitoring data may utilize existing data from previous studies, and must include necessary CSO effluent and ambient in-stream monitoring for pathogens (including current and recreational standards for bacteriological indicators (e.g., fecal coliform, Enterococcus and E. Coli)). Only ambient monitoring data collected in accordance with a Department-approved Quality Assurance/Quality Control program shall be used. A representative sample of overflow points can be selected that is sufficient to allow characterization of CSO discharges, their water quality impacts and to facilitate evaluation of control plan alternatives.
- iv. Modeling - the permittee may employ NJDEP or EPA approved models, which include appropriate calibration and verification with field measurements, to aid in the characterization. If models are used they shall be identified by the permittee along with an explanation of why the model was selected and used in the characterization. The permittee should base its choice of a model on the characteristics of the entire collection system that conveys flows to the treatment works (including flows from other hydraulically connected municipal sewer systems), the number and location of overflow points, and the sensitivity of the receiving water body to the CSO discharges. The sophistication of the model should relate to the complexity of the system to be modeled and to the information needs associated with evaluation of CSO control options and water quality impacts. Because of the iterative nature of modeling sewer systems, CSOs, and their impacts, monitoring and modeling efforts are complementary and should be coordinated with other affected entities.
- v. The permittee shall identify sensitive areas where CSOs occur. These areas include designated Outstanding National Resource Waters, National Marine Sanctuaries, waters with threatened or endangered species and their habitat, waters used for primary contact recreation (including but not limited to bathing beaches), public drinking water intakes or their designated protection areas, and shellfish beds.

2. Public Participation Process

- a. The permittee shall submit the Public Participation Process Report to include appropriate input and participation with other hydraulically connected communities, in accordance with D.3.a and G.10. The permittees may use information from the previous submittals such as:
 - North Hudson Sewerage Authority Public Participation Report, prepared by Hatch Mott MacDonald, dated April 2007.

- b. Implementation shall actively involve the affected public throughout each of the 3 Steps of the LTCP process. The affected public includes rate payers (including rate payers in the separate sewer sections), industrial users of the sewer system, persons who reside downstream from the CSOs, persons who use and enjoy the downstream waters, and any other interested persons. A Public Participation Process Report shall include the following elements:
 - i. Conduct outreach to inform the affected/interested public (during the development of the permittee's LTCP) through various methods which may include: public meetings, direct mailers, billing inserts, newsletters, press releases to the media, postings of information on the permittee's website, hotline, development of advisory committees, etc.; and to.
 - ii. Invite members of the affected/interested public to join a Supplemental CSO Team to work with the permittee's assigned staff, consultants and/or contractors as required in Part IV, Section G.2.c. of the permit.
- c. The permittee shall invite members of the affected/interested public to establish a Supplemental CSO Team to work with the permittee's assigned staff from Section F.1 and to work as an informal work group as a liaison between the general public and the decision makers for the permittee. The goals of the Supplemental CSO Team could consist of the following elements:
 - i. Meet periodically to assist in the sharing of information, and to provide input to the planning process;
 - ii. Review the proposed nature and extent of data and information to be collected during LTCP development;
 - iii. Provide input for consideration in the evaluation of CSO control alternatives; and
 - iv. Provide input for consideration in the selection of those CSO controls that will cost effectively meet the Clean Water Act requirements.

3. Consideration of Sensitive Areas

- a. The permittee's LTCP shall give the highest priority to controlling overflows to sensitive areas, in accordance with D.3.a and G.10. Sensitive areas include designated Outstanding National Resource Waters, National Marine Sanctuaries, waters with threatened or endangered species and their habitat, waters used for primary contact recreation (including but not limited to bathing beaches), public drinking water intakes or their designated protection areas, and shellfish beds.
- b. The LTCP shall comply with the following requirements:
 - i. Prohibit new or significantly increased CSOs
 - ii. Eliminate or relocate CSOs that discharge to sensitive areas wherever physically possible and economically achievable, except where elimination or relocation would provide less environmental protection than additional treatment.
 - iii. Where elimination or relocation is not physically possible and economically achievable, or would provide less environmental protection than additional treatment, the permittee shall provide the level of treatment for remaining CSOs deemed necessary to meet WQS for full protection of existing and designated uses.

4. Evaluation of Alternatives

- a. The permittee shall evaluate a reasonable range of CSO control alternatives, in accordance with D.3.a and G.10, that will meet the water quality-based requirements of the CWA using either the Presumption Approach or the Demonstration Approach (as described in Sections G.4.f.and G.4.g).
- b. The permittee shall submit, as per Section D.3.b.v, the Evaluation of Alternatives Report that will enable the permittee, in consultation with the Department, the public, owners and/or operators of the entire collection system that conveys flows to the treatment works, to select the alternatives to ensure the CSO controls will meet the water quality-based requirements of the CWA, will be protective of the existing and designated uses in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:9B, give the highest priority to controlling CSOs to sensitive areas, and address minimizing impacts from SIU discharges.
- c. The permittee shall select either Demonstration or Presumption Approach for each group of hydraulically connected CSOs, and identify each CSO group and its individual discharge locations.
- d. The Evaluation of Alternatives Report shall include a list of control alternative(s) evaluated for each CSO.
- e. The permittee shall evaluate a range of CSO control alternatives predicted to accomplish the requirements of the CWA. In its evaluation of each potential CSO control alternative, the permittee shall use an NJDEP approved hydrologic, hydraulic and water quality models. The permittee shall utilize the models to simulate the existing conditions and conditions as they are expected to exist after construction and operation of the chosen alternative(s). The permittee shall evaluate the practical and technical feasibility of the proposed CSO control alternative(s), and water quality benefits of constructing and implementing various remedial controls and combination of such controls and activities which shall include, but not be limited to the controls below:
 - i. Green infrastructure.
 - ii. Increased storage capacity in the collection system.
 - iii. STP expansion and/or storage at the plant (an evaluation of the capacity of the unit processes must be conducted at the STP resulting in a determination of whether there is any additional treatment and conveyance capacity within the STP). Based upon this information, the permittee shall determine (modeling may be used) the amount of CSO discharge reduction that would be achieved by utilizing this additional treatment capacity while maintaining compliance with all permit limits
 - iv. I/I reduction to meet the definition of non-excessive infiltration and non-excessive inflow as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1.2 in the entire collection system that conveys flows to the treatment works to free up storage capacity or conveyance in the sewer system and/or treatment capacity at the STP, and feasibility of implementing in the entire system or portions thereof.
 - v. Sewer separation.
 - vi. Treatment of the CSO discharge.
 - vii. CSO related bypass of the secondary treatment portion of the STP in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-11.12 Appendix C, II C.7.

- f. The "Presumption" Approach, in accordance with N.J.A.C 7:14A-11 Appendix C provides: A program that meets any of the criteria listed below will be presumed to provide an adequate level of control to meet the water quality-based requirements of the CWA, provided the Department determines that such presumption is reasonable in light of the data and analysis conducted in the characterization, monitoring, and modeling of the system and the consideration of sensitive areas described above.

Combined sewer flows remaining after implementation of the NMCs and within the criteria specified in this Section at G.4.f.i. and ii. shall receive minimum treatment in accordance with the items below:

- Primary clarification (removal of floatables and settleable solids may be achieved by any combination of treatment technologies or methods that are shown to be equivalent to primary clarification),
- Solids and floatables disposal, and
- Disinfection of effluent, if necessary, to meet WQS, protect designated uses and protect human health, including removal of harmful disinfection chemical residuals/by-products (e.g. chlorine produced oxidants), where necessary.

The permittee must demonstrate any of the following three criteria below:

- i. No more than an average of four overflow events (see below) per year from a hydraulically connected system as the result of a precipitation event that does not receive the minimum treatment specified below. The Department may allow up to two additional overflow events per year. For the purpose of this criterion, an 'event' is:
 - In a hydraulically connected system that contains only one CSO outfall, multiple periods of overflow are considered one overflow event if the time between periods of overflow is no more than 24 hours.
 - In a hydraulically connected system that contains more than one CSO outfall, multiple periods of overflow from one or more outfalls are considered one overflow event if the time between periods of overflow is no more than 24 hours without a discharge from any outfall.
 - ii. The elimination or the capture for treatment of no less than 85% by volume of the combined sewage collected in the CSS during precipitation events on a hydraulically connected system-wide annual average basis.
 - iii. The elimination or removal of no less than the mass of the pollutants, identified as causing water quality impairment through the sewer system characterization, monitoring, and modeling effort, for the volumes that would be eliminated or captured for treatment under Section G.4.f.ii.
- g. The "Demonstration" Approach, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-11 Appendix C provides: A permittee may demonstrate that a selected control program, though not meeting the criteria specified under the Presumption Approach above, is adequate to meet the water quality-based requirements of the CWA.

The permittee must demonstrate each of the following below:

- i. The planned control program is adequate to meet WQS and protect designated uses, unless WQS or uses cannot be met as a result of natural background conditions or pollution sources other than CSOs.

- ii. The CSO discharges remaining after implementation of the planned control program will not preclude the attainment of WQS or the receiving waters' designated uses or contribute to their impairment.
- iii. The planned control program will provide the maximum pollution reduction benefits reasonably attainable.
- iv. The planned control program is designed to allow cost effective expansion or cost effective retrofitting if additional controls are subsequently determined to be necessary to meet WQS or designated uses.

5. Cost / Performance Considerations

- a. The permittee shall submit in accordance with the submittal requirements at Sections D.3.a. and D.3.b.v., the cost/performance considerations that demonstrate the relationships among proposed control alternatives that correspond to those required in accordance with Section G.4. This shall include an analysis to determine where the increment of pollution reduction achieved in the receiving water diminishes compared to the increased costs. If the permittee chooses to pursue the "Presumption Approach" of 'no more than an average of four discharge events per year', the permittee is not required to conduct this analysis for the other number of events (i.e. 0, 7, 10, 20). This analysis, often known as "knee of the curve", shall be among the considerations used to help guide selection of controls.

In accordance with Section G.1.a., the permittee may use previous studies to the extent that they are accurate and representative of a properly operated and maintained sewer system and of the currently required information, such as:

NHSA CSO Long-Term Control Plan Feasibility Study River Road CSO Control Cost and Performance Analysis Report, prepared by Metcalf & Eddy, dated March 2007.

6. Operational Plan

- a. Upon Departmental approval of the final LTCP and throughout implementation of the approved LTCP as appropriate, the permittee shall modify the O&M Program and Manual in accordance with D.3.a and G.10, to address the final LTCP CSO control facilities and operating strategies, including but not limited to, maintaining Green Infrastructure, staffing and budgeting, I/I, and emergency plans.

7. Maximizing Treatment at the Existing STP

- a. The LTCP shall include the maximization of the removal of pollutants during and after each precipitation event at the STP, in accordance with D.3.a and G.10, ensuring that such flows receive treatment to the greatest extent practicable utilizing existing tankage for storage, while still meeting all permit limits.
- b. The permittee shall incorporate the receiving STP's plan for maximizing flow and treatment at the STP.

8. Implementation Schedule

- a. The permittee shall submit a construction and financing schedule in accordance with D.3.a and G.10, for implementation of Department approved LTCP CSO controls. Such schedules may be phased based on the relative importance of the adverse impacts upon water quality standards and designated uses, the permittee's financial capability, and other water quality related infrastructure improvements, including those related to stormwater improvements that would be connected to CSO control measures.
- b. Upon Departmental approval of the LTCP, the permittee shall begin implementation of the LTCP in accordance with the schedule contained therein.
- c. In accordance with Section D.3.b.vi., the permittee shall submit an implementation schedule, including yearly milestones, which considers the items listed below:
 - i. Adequately addressing areas of sewage overflows, including to basements, streets and other public and private areas.
 - ii. CSO overflows that discharge to sensitive areas as the highest priority.
 - iii. Use impairment of the receiving water.
 - iv. The permittee's financial capability including, but not limited to, consideration of the factors below:
 - Median household income,
 - Total annual wastewater and CSO control costs per household as a percent of median household income,
 - Overall net debt as a percent of full market property value,
 - Property tax revenues as a percent of full market property value,
 - Property tax collection rate
 - Unemployment, and
 - Bond rating
 - v. Grant and loan availability.
 - vi. Previous and current residential, commercial and industrial sewer user fees and rate structures.
 - vii. Other viable funding mechanisms and sources of financing.
 - viii. Resources necessary to design, construct and/or implement other water related infrastructure improvements as part of an Asset Management Plan as per Part IV.F.1.

9. Compliance Monitoring Program (CMP)

- a. The monitoring information collected from the ambient baseline monitoring phase of the CMP, in accordance with D.3.a., will be compared to the subsequent CMP events listed below during and after LTCP implementation to evaluate the effectiveness of implemented CSO controls.

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- b. The permittee shall implement a CMP adequate to: verify baseline and existing conditions, the effectiveness of CSO controls, compliance with water quality standards, and protection of designated uses. This CMP shall be conducted before, during and after implementation of the LTCP and shall include a work plan to be approved by the Department that details the monitoring protocols to be followed, including the following necessary monitoring listed below:

- i. Ambient in-stream monitoring may be performed in accordance with the guidance document entitled: "Receiving Waters Monitoring Work Plan Guidance for the CSO Program" at www.state.nj.us/dep/dwq.
 - ii. Discharge frequency for each CSO (days and hours per month).
 - iii. Duration of each discharge for each CSO (number of days).
 - iv. Quality of the flow discharged from each CSO, which shall include pathogen monitoring at a minimum.
 - v. Rainfall monitoring in the vicinity of each CSO/municipality.
- c. The above monitoring must be completed for the baseline CMP Report and then at intervals as determined by the Department based on the implementation schedule in the approved LTCP but no less than once per permit cycle. The results must be submitted in the Progress Reports required in Section D.4.
- d. For the purposes of Part IV.G.9.b, the permittee may use previous studies to the extent that they are accurate and representative of a properly operated and maintained sewer system and of the currently required information including:
- Combined Sewer Overflow Monitoring Study, prepared by CH2MHILL, January 1996;
 - Combined Sewer Overflow Monitoring Study Appendices, prepared by CH2MHILL, January 1996;
 - Monitoring Program Work Plan and Quality Assurance Project Plan, prepared by CH2MHILL, dated June 1995.

NORTH HUDSON SEWERAGE AUTHORITY, West New York

Permit No. NJ0025321
DSW150003 Surface Water Major Mod Permit Action