

State of New Jersey

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

JON S. CORZINE *Governor*

Division of Air Quality Air Quality Permitting Element 401 E. State Street, 2nd floor, P.O. Box 27 Trenton, NJ 08625-0027 MARK MAURIELLO
Acting Commissioner

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Air Quality Permitting Staff

FROM:

John Preczewski, Assistant Director

SUBJECT:

Stack Height Equivalents for Use in Rirst Level Screening Analyses for

Diesel Engines

DATE:

June 10, 2009

This provides alternate stack heights that can be used when conducting a First Level Risk Screening Analysis for diesel engines. These alternate stack heights are outlined in the following Table and are to be used only for stacks with a vertical discharge direction:

Engine Category	Alternate Stack Height	
< 500 horsepower (HP)	Height in feet on Emission Point Inventory	
(< 3.5 MMBTU/hr)	Plus 25 feet	
500 – 1500 HP	Height in feet on Emission Point Inventory	
(3.5 - 10.5 MMBTU/hr)	Plus 50 feet	
> 1500 HP	Height in feet on Emission Point Inventory	
(> 10.5 MMBTU/hr0	Plus 65 feet	

The alternate stack heights are based on the anticipated plume rise from the indicated engine category. Examples of the effect on the first level risk screening cancer risk predictions are given below for typical sources in each category with a property line distance of 200 feet. The percent reduction in using an effective stack height for diesel engines versus only the stack height is listed.

Engine Category	Stack height	Effective Stack	Percent Reduction in Cancer
	listed in	Height (feet)	Risk When Using the
	emission point		Effective Stack Height as
	inventory (feet)		Opposed to Stack Height
			Only
< 500 horsepower	10	35	62%
(HP)			
(< 3.5 MMBTU/hr)			
500 – 1500 HP	20	70	84%
(3.5 - 10.5)			
MMBTU/hr)	·		
> 1500 HP	30	95	86%
(> 10.5			
MMBTU/hr)			

All other procedural guidelines concerning the determination of health risk should be followed.